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The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1920. VOL. LXII. NO.—19,851.

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The best and most economical food is
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It maintains health and strength throughout the winter months

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AGENTS:
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Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 1/-.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
In Memoriam.

DUDGEON—In proud and ever-loving memory of my husband, Lieutenant Arthur Dudgeon, R.G.A., F.S.R., who died in France, on active service, 19th November, 1918.

INGHAM—In loving memory of Second Lieutenant Claude Ingham, killed in action 19th November, 1916. May he rest in peace.

ROBERTS—Second Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of my dear son, Percy Roberts (our Percy), late L.C.O., and 13 Fleet st., Dublin, who died from influenza, while home on leave from France, at Belmont rd. Military Hospital, Liverpool, 19th November, 1918, aged 20 years. R.I.P. Fortified by the rites of the Holy Church. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on his soul. Immaculate Heart of Mary, intercede for him. Inserted by his sorrowing mother, brother, and sister.

BIRTH.

KERR—November 15, 1920, at 39 Rathmines rd., to Mr. and Mrs. David Kerr, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BAINES and O'SULLIVAN—November 16, 1920, at St. Michael's Church, Blackrock, Cork, by the Rev. Canon Barratt, Leonard, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Baines, of Streatham and New Barrington st., London, to Aileen, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. P. T. O'Sullivan, of South Mall and "Felirim," Cork.

CLIBBORN and EVANS—November 15, 1920, at St. Cuthbert's Church, Philibeach Gardens, Earl's Court, by the Rev. J. H. C. Twigden, Henry Cooper, elder son of William Cooper Clibborn and Mrs. Clibborn, Moate View, Moate, Co. Westmeath, to Frances Augusta, elder daughter of Griffith Austin Evans and Mrs. Evans, 19 Longridge rd., Earl's Court, South Kensington.

DEATHS.

BREWSTER—November 15, 1920, suddenly, Dublin, J. C. Brewster, son of late James Brewster, Tralee.

COLMAN—November 17, 1920, at his residence, 85 Mountjoy square, Phillip, third eldest son of J. B. Colman. Deeply regretted by his wife, aunt, brothers, and sister, and large circle of friends. Funeral, 2 o'clock, to-morrow (Saturday) morning, Dean's Grange, from above. American papers please copy.

GAVIN—November 18, 1920, at his residence, 458 N.C. rd., Thomas Gavin, aged 82 years. R.I.P.

HANLEY—November 17, 1920, at Drumcondra Hospital, Fredrick Hanley (late Eason st.). Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 10 a.m., to St. George's Cemetery.

HARFORD—November 18, 1920, at her residence, the Hotel, Monte, Bridget Harford. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 2 p.m., to Horseleap.

KEARNEY—November 18, 1920, at her residence, 42 Northumberland av., Kingstown, Mrs. Ellen Kearney. Deeply regretted by sorrowing family. Funeral private.

LAMB—November 17, 1920, at Private Nursing Home, Dublin, Sarah Mary, widow of S. Dongan Lamb, formerly of Rendcomb, Funeral Temple Hill Cemetery to-morrow (Saturday), 10.30 a.m.

MOLONY—November 18, 1920, at Kingstown, Mary Frances Molony, only surviving daughter of the late George A. Molony, Solicitor, Dublin, aged 74. Funeral, at 10 a.m., to-morrow (Saturday) to Kilternan Church.

MOXHAM—November 16, 1920, at 71 Talbot st., Mrs. Emily Moxham, daughter of late William Henry Orme, Liverpool.

NEALE—November 17, 1920, John Theobald, second son of the late Lesson Neale, Creitzard House, Carlow. Funeral to-day (Friday), 3 p.m.

O'NEILL—November 18, 1920, at 3 Belmont, 56 South Circular rd., Kilmainham, Constantine O'Neill, late Inland Revenue, elder son of the late John O'Neill, Monasterevan, and dearly-loved husband of Lizzie O'Neill. Funeral private.

SMITH—November 18, 1920, at his parents' residence, Church View, Navan, Gerald Stanislaus, aged 4 years, the dearly-beloved child of W. P. and Nano Smith. R.I.P. Funeral this day (Friday), 3.0 o'clock p.m., to St. Mary's, Navan, to family burial ground, Kilmessan.

IN MEMORIAM.

TENNANT—In loving memory of our dear mother, who passed away 19th November, 1913. Inserted by her loving children.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS' Phone—276. Phone 276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
Leeson street (Westland row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

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Printed and Published by the Irish Times Limited at the Offices in Westmoreland street, in the Parish of St. Mark, and City of Dublin.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1920.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. MARTIN WHITE, Florist, 76a Davies street, London, W.1., will give special attention to orders from Ireland for Cenotaph Wreaths Telegrams—Fellahien Phone, London.

WAR GRAVES UPKEEP—Florers, Crosses, Photos, Searches, Enquiries. Regimental Monuments. Write List—Col. E. F. Cawdon (late Asst. Director of Graves), Chateau des Trois Tours, Bricqueville, Ypres, or Battlefields Bureau, Ltd., 175 Piccadilly, London, W. (Ger. 7334).

LOANS on Reversions, Life Interests, Jointures, Ground Rents. Advances also granted, repayable over term of years, and secured by surrender with Life Assurance.—DAVID DRIMMIE and SONS, Eagle, Star and British Dominions Insurance Co., Ltd., 27 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone—Dublin, 461. Belfast: 9 Donegall square, South. 'Phone—3569.

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FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton st. Established 1820.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin, three course, 2/6.—RED BANK RESTAURANT CO., D'Olier street.

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VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

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GIVE HER A NECKLET OF CIRO PEARLS. A Descriptive booklet free on request.—Ciro Pearls, Ltd., 39 Old Bond st., W. 1.

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THIS WEEK'S
"IRISH CATHOLIC."
A TRUCE OF GOD—Rome and the Irish Situation. THE COMMANDMENTS—Lecture by Rev. P. Finlay, S.J. CONQUEST OF SATAN—Priest and Penitent Wooed. OUR HOME PAPER. Important News from the Eternal City. CATHOLIC WOMEN AND THE VOTE—Eminent Archbishop's Declaration.

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Best Insurance Available.
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RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 116 Grafton street. 'Phone—Dublin 2040.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times" the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gerry, Harbour street.

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Polished Plate Glass, all thicknesses and sizes in stock. Resilvering and Bevelling of exposed edges quickly executed in our workshops.
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MISS BALL kindly offers to present one Fat Bullock to be Sold in Aid of the above Fund, subject to offer made on the same. All offers to be sent to Mr. G. H. LENNON,
29 PRINCES STREET, DUBLIN.
who will receive and Sell on THURSDAY, 5th DECEMBER. Those and any others presented in a similar way.

HEATING STOVES, OIL AND COAL. THOS. HENSHALL AND CO., LTD., 5 to 12 Christchurch place, Dublin.

A SUMMARY OF THE WEEK'S NEWS, with Photographs, is given in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. Order early for home and foreign readers. Price Twopence. At all newsagents.

INCOME TAX—Claims, Super-Tax, Accounts.—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

MAKE MORE MONEY!—Safety assured for your investments if you consult the Stock Market Review. Latest, reliable information respecting Stocks and Shares from—Mark Hayes's specimen copy to the Publishers (Dept. B), 7 Finsbury square, E.C. 2.

CAREERS for IRISH BOYS AND GIRLS.—See the Students' Page of the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. On Sale To-day. Price Twopence.

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For each insertion of 12 words or under, 1/-
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LONDON—59 Fleet st., E.C.4. Central, 4350.

LOST AND FOUND.

ACCUMULATOR Box (Lead-lined) lost between Dublin and Sea, 16th inst. Reward, Shamrock Hill, Stillorgan road, Donnybrook, Dublin.

CAR, Over Coat, Drumcondra and North Circular road. Reward if returned to E. Jones and Son, 9 Lime Green st.

LOST, Tuesday, Purse, containing key and money. Reward, Rosetta, 17 Raglan road.

STRAYED from Lands Gantry, Five Bullocks, cut left ear stamp and tail tufts. Post Card for information to Mr. Lamb, Rosemount, Drumcondra.

10/- REWARD—Lost, Omega Wrist-watch between Terenure and Portobello Bridge, Wednesday afternoon. Loughmorne, Terenure.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.
RECRUITS WANTED.

SKILLED MEN required for following trades:—Carpenters, Joiners, Coachbuilders, Painters, Coopers, Blacksmiths, Turners, Fitters, Plumbers, Tinsmiths, Copersmiths, Dynamo and Switchboard Attendants, Engine Drivers, Stokers, Boilermakers, Riveters, Austin Evans and Mrs. Evans, 19 Longridge rd., Earl's Court, South Kensington.

UNSKILLED MEN required for Engine Room and Boiler House duties. Age 18 to 38 years.

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For full particulars call or write—
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YOUNG Man, having thorough knowledge of Furniture Removal and Storage, also General Motor Business Business, good manager of men, wanted by Furniture Company in Dublin. Apply, with copies of references, experience, and salary expected, to "Z 779, Manager," this office.

A SUMMARY of the Week's News, with Photographs, is given in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. Order early for home and foreign readers. Price Twopence. At all Newsagents.

ASSISTANT—Wanted, smart Protestant Lad for Ironmongery; salary from beginning; state age, reference.—Z 3, this office.

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WRITE to Booth Bros., Upper Stephen street, Dublin, for Specifications and dates of delivery of the new Wheeley Models.

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AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD., authorised Ford Dealers for City and County Dublin, 19 Chatham street (off Grafton street). Immediate delivery of Ford Touring Cars, £240; Vans, £295; Chassis, £180; Sedan, £425; Ton Truck Chassis, £210. All plus carriage, £7.

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A.C. LIGHT CARS
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Will give SATISFACTION.
Call and see them at
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Write or call for particulars.
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SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

CIVIL ENGINEERS required by the GOVERNMENT OF NIGERIA for the RAILWAY DEPARTMENT, for two tour, each of twelve months' service, with prospect of Extension.
M.10528—District Engineers, with a salary of £800 a year, rising by annual increments of £40 to £960 a year.
M.10529—Assistant Engineers, with a salary of £480 a year, rising by annual increments of £40 to £720 a year.
M.10530—Junior Assistant Engineers, with a salary of £360 a year, rising by annual increments of £40 to £920 a year.
M.10533—Junior Assistant Engineers, with a salary of £480 a year, rising by annual increments of £40 to £920 a year.
Free outward passages and first class leave provided. Liberal leave in England on full salary after each tour. Candidates must be Engineering Graduates of Universities who have had experience in Railway Surveys.
For the positions of District and Senior Assistant Engineer previous experience in Railway surveying is required. Applications should be made at once (in the case of Graduates before details of experience) to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W.1, quoting the number of the vacancy for which application is made. Candidates must have served in the Military or His Majesty's Fleets during the war, unless satisfactory reasons for not having done so can be furnished.

TELEGRAPH ENGINEERS required by the GOVERNMENT of the STRAITS SETTLEMENTS for the POSTAL and TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT for three years' service, with possible permanency. Salary, $250 dollars per month, rising annually by $20 per month to 500 dollars per month, with a temporary War Bonus of 20 per cent. of salary. The Federated Malay States dollar is at present at par. Government at 2s. 4d. Free passages provided.
Applicants must be between 25 and 35 years of age, which application is made. Candidates must have served in the Military or His Majesty's Fleets during the war, unless satisfactory reasons for not having done so can be furnished.

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Applicants must be between 25 and 35 years of age, which application is made. Candidates must have served in the Military or His Majesty's Fleets during the war, unless satisfactory reasons for not having done so can be furnished.

PROTESTANT Mother's Help Wanted, Bray; help in house; fond of children; small family; salary £30; assist Housekeeping; £30a Raleigh; copies.—640, Irish Times Office, Dublin.

PHARMACEUTICAL Chemist, presently disengaged, seeks position; 7 years' experience; age 30; married; Protestant; qualified.—Z 781, Steward, this office.

PHARMACEUTICAL Chemist, just qualified, age 21 years, seeks post; city or county.—T 14, this office.

WANTED, Nurse Attendant for lady, knowledge of housekeeping; state salary expected and reference.—Newton, 41 Ely place, Dublin.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Lady desires position as Junior Bookkeeper and Typist; good knowledge of shorthand.—Z 1918, this office.

A Shorthand Typist—Young Lady seeks post; has good knowledge of secretarial duties.—Z 1917, this office.

A Lady Help-Superior, refined, country Girl, Catholic, desires position; good home experience; no children; city or suburbs preferred.—Z 774, Help, this office.

BOOKKEEPER. Cashier, knowledge typewriting—Young Lady desires position; excellent references; highest testimonials.—R O 520, Irish Times Office, Cathedrals.

COMPANION Help—Protestant Lady desires post in the country; excellent references.—Z 943, Bookkeeper, this office.

DRESSMAKING, also Turning Gentleman's suits; home moderate.—R O 544, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

EXPERIENCED Lady Bookkeeper desires position; Hotel or Grocery Business; well recommended; willing to relieve at week-ends.—Z 943, Bookkeeper, this office.

EXPERIENCED Needlewoman wishes Work at Lady's house, or to Sewingmaid.—Q 1862, this office. A Lady, aged 30, wishes to meet Gentleman with view to Marriage; excellent home and prospects.—Z 707, this office.

GENTLEWOMAN (C.E.) requires post as Housekeeper, elderly lady or gentleman; preference where maid kept; excellent references.—Z 798, this office.

GOVERNESS, Trained, Protestant, desires post; home Lady to take entire charge, Auctioneer's Office, country district; town undesirable; salary £40; Christmas visit expected. Apply "Z 779, Bookkeeper," this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, disengaged; city or country; small family; good cook; highly recommended.—R 1856, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, disengaged; city or country; small family preferred. Address "Z 798, Housekeeper," this office.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, by respectable Protestant Lady, position as Housekeeper in city; highest references.—Z 1910, this office.

INCOME TAX Recovered; Super Tax, Exors., Trusts, Returns, Accounts.—T. WALLACE, Expert, 10 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone 931.

LADY, R.C., educated and travelled, long experience, excellent references, desires post Companion or Housekeeper; town or country.—Q 1870, this office.

NURSE Companion or Housekeeper disengaged; salary £40.—Q 1749, this office.

PROTESTANT Housekeeper, where maid is kept, business house; single gentleman; excellent references; interview.—Z 743, Housekeeper, this office.

TAILORESS, Ladies', Children's; Dresses Made, Alterations; own home or out.—Z 111, this office.

WELL educated young Lady, experienced Shorthand Typist, Bookkeeping, desires post; or would go as Companion.—Q 1564, this office.

WANTED by Lady, position as Useful Companion to elderly Lady or Gentleman; salary; L.C.—Q 1740, this office.

WANTED, position of Post Office Assistant; 5½ years' experience; highest references; open to engage in all postal duties; telegraphs; A.R.P. C.; salary £18 (min.); Catholic.—Z 1915, this office.

WANTED, a Protestant Boy, 17, just left school, desires position in city office.—Q 1960, this office.

YOUNG Protestant Solicitor required immediately to take control of Northern Office; Partnership will be entertained.—Q 1954, this office.

MEDICAL.

BOOTS—A Half Set Wanted.—S 88, Irish Times Office, Cathedrals.

CHEMIST'S Assistant, with R.C.B. qualification, wanted for Dublin; state salary and experience.—Z 1911, this office.

CHEMIST'S or Druggist's Assistant, R.C., Wanted, city; Apply with full particulars, salary, and references.—Z 1912, this office.

CHEMIST'S Business Premises for Sale, with immediate possession; handsome modern frontage and Dispensary fittings; splendid surrounding; over 25 years unexpired; in busy city thoroughfare, on tram route; £750.—Z 1917, this office.

LADY fully trained Mental Nurse, also excellent Medical Rubber; good references; salary £40.—Z 1911, this office.

NURSE (R.C.), fully qualified, seeks position as Nurse Housekeeper or Companion.—Q 1955, this office.

NURSE Wanted, few hours daily, massage; state terms.—Q 1996, this office.

NURSE, Attendant, Wanted, for Lady; assist Housekeeping; £30a Raleigh; copies.—640, Irish Times Office, Cathedrals.

PHARMACEUTICAL Chemist, presently disengaged, seeks position; 7 years' experience; age 30; married; Protestant; qualified.—Z 781, Steward, this office.

PHARMACEUTICAL Chemist, just qualified, age 21 years, seeks post; city or county.—T 14, this office.

WANTED, Nurse Attendant for lady, knowledge of housekeeping; state salary expected and reference.—Newton, 41 Ely place, Dublin.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Lady desires position as Junior Bookkeeper and Typist; good knowledge of shorthand.—Z 1918, this office.

A Shorthand Typist—Young Lady seeks post; has good knowledge of secretarial duties.—Z 1917, this office.

A Lady Help-Superior, refined, country Girl, Catholic, desires position; good home experience; no children; city or suburbs preferred.—Z 774, Help, this office.

BOOKKEEPER. Cashier, knowledge typewriting—Young Lady desires position; excellent references; highest testimonials.—R O 520, Irish Times Office, Cathedrals.

COMPANION Help—Protestant Lady desires post in the country; excellent references.—Z 943, Bookkeeper, this office.

DRESSMAKING, also Turning Gentleman's suits; home moderate.—R O 544, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

EXPERIENCED Lady Bookkeeper desires position; Hotel or Grocery Business; well recommended; willing to relieve at week-ends.—Z 943, Bookkeeper, this office.

EXPERIENCED Needlewoman wishes Work at Lady's house, or to Sewingmaid.—Q 1862, this office. A Lady, aged 30, wishes to meet Gentleman with view to Marriage; excellent home and prospects.—Z 707, this office.

GENTLEWOMAN (C.E.) requires post as Housekeeper, elderly lady or gentleman; preference where maid kept; excellent references.—Z 798, this office.

GOVERNESS, Trained, Protestant, desires post; home Lady to take entire charge, Auctioneer's Office, country district; town undesirable; salary £40; Christmas visit expected. Apply "Z 779, Bookkeeper," this office.

HINTS to Investors are given by the Conductor of "The Financial Column" in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. On Sale today, price twopence.

HARDWARE Assistant, resident, Protestant, Wanted; state salary (indoor); experience, references.—Z 1913, this office.

HARDWARE, Implements, Manure—Manager and Buyer Wanted; Protestant; and Town and Country Salesman; state salary (indoor).—Z 733, Manager," this office.

IRONMONGERY—Improver Wanted, smart Protestant lad; state age, reference.—Z 1, this office.

INSURANCE—Wanted, smart young Man, with knowledge of Industrial; state age, experience, salary, and when free; dated 1924, this office.

MILLINERY, General Improver, and Boots—Young Lady required immediately. Apply, stating salary outdoor, Warner Draper, Newbridge.

MESSRS. Charles Bewley and Company require a well educated young Lady as Assistant Manageress for Cafe. Apply, with full particulars, to the particularly Westmoreland st.

NORTH Circular road—Advertisements for this Paper and Collector, Ye Olde Tolle House Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

PROTESTANT Mother's Help Wanted, Bray; help in house; fond of children; small family; salary £30; assist Housekeeping; £30a Raleigh; copies.—640, Irish Times Office, Cathedrals.

QUALIFIED Teacher, Gaelic, Arithmetic, Civics (Gaelic speaker preferred), Wanted for local office, principally; must be able to undertake Correspondence; Government at 2s. 4d. Free passages provided.

RECEPTIONIST-Typist; A thorough technical knowledge and good practical experience of all systems of Heating, Ventilating and Sanitation, including the estimating for new lines, laying, installations and fixing all classes of fittings; also telephone cables, installing and maintaining magneto and battery telephone systems, intercommunicating system, and a practical knowledge of electric lighting.

Candidates, aged 24 to 30, preferably single and with experience in the Engineering Department of the British Post Office, should apply at once, in writing, giving full details of experience, and quoting No. M.8918 9249, to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W.1.

Applicants must have served in some branch of His Majesty's Forces during the war, unless satisfactory reasons for not having done so can be furnished.

The appointment is of a temporary nature, and the selected Candidate will be required to submit himself for a medical examination before appointment, and receive the sanction of the Regional Director before he takes up his duties.

All travelling and expenses incidental to the application for appointment will be borne by the candidates.

Applications (in writing), with copies of testimonials, should be addressed to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W.1, quoting the number of the vacancy for which application is made.

SALESMAN required in Tool and Machinery Warehouse. Apply, with copies of references, to Manager, Messrs. Hall, Stephen st., Dublin.

TYPIST required for Office in country town. Catholic. Apply, stating salary required, with copies of testimonials to The Secretary, Co. Committee, Dublin.

WANTED, Assistant Cook, Protestant, for Private Family; must be good plain cook; state wages.—Z 1, this office.

WANTED, Assistant Youth (C.), just left school, to learn Work; must reside South side of city; salary £25 per week; state references.—Address, Z 707, this office.

WANTED, young Lady Assistant; Protestant for Pensions Local Committee, 27 Main street, Carrick-on-Shannon; to commence 30th November, 1920.

WANTED, Bookkeeper (Junior) Wanted, Male for the West of Ireland; knowledge of Mineral Water Business; state age, salary, and experience.—Address, Z 1, this office

A COMPARISON OF VALUES.

We invite a careful comparison of the

MORRIS-COWLEY

Chassis with that of all other Light Car Chassis, as we know it will ensure your purchase of a MORRIS, and we know you will never have reason to regret it.

Enthusiastic owners are daily testifying to the truth of these statements.

11.9 h.p. Two-seater - £465

11.9 h.p. Four-seater - £525

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY OF TWO-SEATER MODEL.

Call and discuss the matter, - - No importunity to purchase.

SOLE AGENTS FOR IRELAND (Excluding Ulster):

G. A. BRITTAIN, Ltd.,
HATCH STREET, DUBLIN.

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

THE CUBITT CAR.
16 h.p. 4.5 Saxon. Now produced 50 per week. Present price £442. Improved Model. Delivery October.
WALLEN GARAGES,
TRINITY ST. and ST. ANDREW ST.
DUBLIN.
Estab. 1898. 'Phone, 4025.

AT Woods', Westland Row—Varley Woods Cars, ready to drive away. T

CHEVROLET CARS.
The Chevrolet has made good in Ireland. Let us tell you why.
Book Now for Early Delivery.
LINCOLN MOTOR CO., 47 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. T

1921 SINGER
THE
QUALITY LIGHT CAR.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 Lower Abbey street, Dublin.
'Phone, 4719. T

DUBLIN MOTOR COMPANY FOR MOTOR CARS.
25 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN. T

1920 MODELS
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

14 H.P. ANGUS SANDERSON De Luxe Four Seater, with full electrical equipment.

15.9 H.P. ARROL JOHNSTON, Michelin detachable wheels, full electrical equipment.

18 H.P. ESSEX, special model, painted pearl grey, with nickel fittings, full electrical equipment.

17 H.P. HUPMOBILE, painted pearl grey, full electrical equipment.

1915 DODGE BROTHERS Two Seater, electrical equipment, lighting and starting—£250.

15 H.P. STUDEBAKER, 1915 Model, Five Seater, electric lighting and self-starter—£325.

10 H.P. SAXON Two Seater, with Warland detachable rims—£200.

17 H.P. DODGE BROTHERS Five Seater, painted pearl grey, 1920 model, slightly used.

DEMONSTRATIONS AND SECONDHAND CARS.

DUBLIN MOTOR CO., LTD.
Show Rooms.
20 KILDARE STREET, DUBLIN. F

JOHN HUTTON AND SONS, LTD.,
Have now Re-constructed their Showrooms at
2 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
FULLY STOCKED WITH ACCESSORIES, TYRES, PETROL, OIL, Etc. E

FOR SALE.
1 STANDARD 20 H.P. STOREY FOUR SEATER SALOON, owner driven and only covered 2,000 miles, in excellent condition, all fittings plated, electric starter and lighting set; most beautiful Royal blue and black coachwork; upholstered in real leather; adjustable vee shaped windscreen; unperforated Bedford cord; many extra interior fittings, disc wheels and spare wheel cover complete; listing £1,195. Make offer. CRAIG, 216 Clonliffe Terrace, Drumcondra. F

FOR SALE.
ANGUS SANDERSON CAR.
4 Seater Model, 14 h.p. de Luxe, painted grey, leather upholstery to match, complete, with electric head, wind screen wiper, five detachable wheels (one with tyre to spare wheel), Lucas dynamo electric lighting set (with five lamps), Lucas electric self-starter, spring and set of tools, including jack; tyres 815 M.M. x 105 M.M.; engine rebuilt 1918, both speedometer and clock; side curtains, hood cover, and luggage grid; absolutely new; genuine bargain; first cheque £500 immediate delivery.
ROBERT WALSH and SONS, Ltd., ARMAGH. E

ALWAYS insist on having Dunlop Tyres. T

A CAR which built up the reputation of the British Motor Industry. "The Sublime Sunbeam." It stands out alone. Sole Agent—T. Cosgrave, South King street. T

ALWAYS open—fast, cheapest, and quickest Overhauls and repairs of every make of Cars.—The Motor Repair Service, Ltd., 9 Lad lane, Lower Baggot st. 'Phone 2012. T

BRISCOE, 1920, 12-15 h.p., separate magneto, 4 speeds and reverse, detachable wheels, electric lighting and starting, spare rim; this car is actually owner driven, perfect running order; also new Imperial 8 h.p. Combination, late 1919, and 3 New Triumph Motorcycles. Lower Fitzwilliam st. T

DAIMLER, Touring, perfect order, new tires, electric light; 1 only Sale, £500; also Limited Car for sale. Motor and Engineering Company, Limited, 6-7 Nassau st., Dublin.

FORD Two Seater, with double dicker, 1914, £130; detachable wheels and spare; engine just overhauled; looks exactly new; trial; Dublin; any time. 'Phone 1774, this office. E

FOR Sale, 12 h.p. D.F.P. Two Seater, perfect running order re-painted; price £175. Apply 79 Kenilworth square.

FOR Sale, Maxwell Two Seater Car, 1916 model, in first class condition, very little used; bowes tires £200. Apply at the car of 29 Fitzwilliam square, between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m.

FOR Sale, Ford 1914 Motor Car, good condition, detachable wire wheels, tyres good; any trial; price £100. Apply what cheer—Galaxy, Ford Dealer, Monkstown.

FOR Sale, Ford Motor Car, 1919, specially built English body, newly repainted, detachable wheels, new tyres, electric head lamps, accurving side lamps; covered, 1,000 miles, owner driven.—7 Ford, this office.

FORD Touring Car, 1920, three months on road; detachable wheels, spare wheel; best offer over £200.—Grimsby, Quay.

FOR Sale, Sidedor Delmer Touring Car, 10 h.p. Knight engine, fitted with detachable wheels. Apply 2 748, Motor, this office.

FORD Two Seater, Triumph Two Speed. Douglas Two Speed, for immediate Disposal.—Q 1868, This office. X

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Apply for Prospectus to
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD.,
20 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. X

NEW Motors for Sale—One 15 h.p. Talbot-Darracq, £850; one 10 h.p. Humber, with latest improvements, £700 (4 seater); one 10 h.p. Two Seater Humber, with latest improvements, £650; one 20 h.p. Gray Chevrolet, slightly used, £550; one 20 h.p. Black Chevrolet, slightly used, £350; also a number of Fords, 1920 models, slightly used. For further particulars apply to O'Gorman Brothers, Ltd., Clonmel. F

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

NEW Ford, detachable wheels, speedometer, self starter, very reliable; has been only short time in use; suit lady.—Z 805, Ford, this office. F

PULLMAN, 1920, absolutely as new; guaranteed; £625, or near offer. 1918, this office. O

1915 STANDARD 9.5 h.p. Two Seater, double dicker, dynamo lighting, speedometer, five detachable wheels and tyres, good condition, mechanically perfect, small mileage; trial willingly.—Boxwell, Kerlogue, Wexford.

1920 OVERLAND Five Seater, new in March, ran under 3,000 miles; cost £575 for importation; Apply Dalsety, Ryeside, Lotchip.

1920 DODGE Touring Car for Sale; condition as new; property of officer going abroad; £550, or nearest.—Z 777, Dodge," this office. F

WANTED.

WANTED, Secondhand 2 Seater, about 12 h.p.; state price, make, year.—Q 1900, this office. F

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A 1" MOTOR Cycles waiting for you—New Models, Sunbeam, Harley Davidson, New Imperial, Rotha-Whitworth, and Matchless Combinations. Solo Mounts—Sunbeam, Harley, Lloyd, Diamond, Sparkbrook, etc.; great bargains in Secondhand Machines.—Warde Bros., Ltd., Lawson st. Established 1890. 'Phone 2016. T

A.J.S. TWIN COMBINATIONS, with quick detachable wheels, spare wheel and tyre, screen and apron. £210, plus carriage.
WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE,
11/12 ST. ANDREW ST., DUBLIN.
Estab. 1898. 'Phone 4025.

AT Woods', Westland Row—Unequalled value, 6 horse Marmayde Combination, £170. Immediate delivery. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, 3 Fownbrooke, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts). T

A.J.S. 6, Scott 3t, Sunbeam 3i, Rudge 5, above A combinations as new; Solo models—Harley Davidson 4, Rudge 5i, Triumph 3i, Royal Enfield 3, two speed; other lots from £25; trials and particulars—Fitzgerald's Factory, 55 Rathmines road. T

DOUGLAS 2i, 1914, 2 speed, Bosch, good condition, £50; seen Dublin by appointment.—Q 1917, this office. F

DOUGLAS Motor Cycle, 3i, new condition; first cheque £55.—Brunswick Motor Exchange.

ROYAL Ruby 2 h.p., 1916, splendid running order, tyres new, £55; owner going abroad.—Z 25, this office.

TWIN R.S.A. Combination for immediate delivery at Sole Agents, Raymond Ing, Limited.

1920 SPARKBROOK, 2 stroke, 2½ h.p., in perfect condition, hardly used; owner buying Combination. Seen 45 Grosvenor road, Saturday, after 2 p.m.

WANTED

MOTOR Cycles of every description Purchased for cash or Sold on commission.—Fitzgerald's, 55 Rathmines road. T

£60 OFFERED for Countershaft Motor Cycle, to pull sidecar.—Q 1984, this office.

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

ALWAYS AT THE TOP
"KARRIER" COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.
THE WORLD'S BEST CAR FOR COMMERCE.
They represent power, quality, reliability, and efficiency. Full particulars from
MOTOR HIRAGE AND SALES CO., LTD.,
160 Gt. Brunswick Street, Dublin.
'Phone 2053. *

ALDAYS Light Van, in splendid mechanical condition, detachable wheels, and tires, lamps, speedometer, tools; price £190.—Kelly, 54 Upper Baggot st., Dublin. Chassis or above, suitable for smart two ton.

FOR Sale, 4 Ton Petrol Lorry; Chas-a-Banc for Hire, 4 adjustable vee shaped windscreens; fitted with W. Miller, Motor Engineer, 22 City quay, Dublin. 'Phone 2030. T

FOR Sale, 2 Four Ton 28 h.p. Straker-Squire Motor Lorries; 2 24 Thornycroft 3 ton Lorries; all these Lorries have just been overhauled, and are in perfect running order; also 2 Steam Rollers, 10 ton and 12 ton driver. For further particulars apply to Thos. Hutton and Co., Ltd., Glasgow. F

FORD 1½ Ton, 1914 Delivery Van, recently overhauled; best set of magnum tyres, fitted with electric and drawn. Bolide Body, refurbished; or general business; any trial; price £110 (one hundred and ten pounds); electrical what offers.—Galaxy, Ford Station, Monkstown.

FOR Sale, 2 Ton Two Trunk Chassis (Ford), demonstration lorries; 24 Thornycroft 3 ton Chassis, solid rubber tires, pneumatic tyres, just delivered, with or without bodies; Ford 1 ton Chassis, new and slightly used; £210 each, plus delivery charges £8 2/-, with rebate approximately £20 6/11.—Galaxy, Ford Dealer, Monkstown.

FOR Sale, Brand New, also Reconstructed, 3 Tyre Thornycroft Lorries; immediate delivery; also one roughly reconstructed, W.D. models, new tyres; £650; with cab windscreen, dual side body, £750. Full particulars, also photographs, Holmes' Motors, 111 Great Brunswick street.

HAULAGE by Motor Lorries, daily or tonnage rates. Apply to J. McTiernan, Montgomery, Ltd., South Docks (near Theatre Royal), Dublin. 256

NEW Hans-Lloyd, 2½ h.p., ready for the road, speed 15-17 miles per hour; immediate delivery, London; list price £72.50.—Kidd and Co., 19 Curtain square, London, E.C.2.

WANTED.

WANTED, Two to Four Ton Motor Lorry; must be in good condition; price and particulars.—Q 1979, this office. F

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

BOSCH Magnetos, guaranteed genuine and brand new, for Ford only; immediate delivery.—Brunswick Motor and Engineering Company, Limited, 6-7 Nassau st., Dublin.

STANDARD Ford Wheels in stock.—City Wheel Works, Ltd., 104 Great Brunswick st. T

BODIES.

BODIES for the Ford One Ton Chassis.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick st., Dublin. T

BEAUTIFUL Landaulette Body for Sale. Can be seen at the car of 29 Fitzwilliam square, between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m.

WANTED.

WANTED, Landaulette Body for Ford; must be in good order.—Coleman, Carlow. E

BICYCLES.

"A1."—NEW Shop Soiled Bicycles (Ladies' and Gents'), Vindec, Beloc, durable, from £10 guineas; Second-hand B.S.A., New Hudson, Premier, Rudge, from £5; genuine bargains. See them at Wayte Bros., Ltd., Clarence Mansions, Lower st., Grafton st. T

BICYCLES, Bargains—Ladies' and Gents' Raleighs, Rudge, Triumph, Premier, Rover, Swift, Sunbeam, Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. T

BOYS' Bicycles, Rims in stock, fully guaranteed, £10 10/; a nice present.—Stevens' Cycle Depot, Aston quay. T

GENTS' Raleigh, Rims-Whitworth Ladies' and Gents' G Cycles, 1920 Models now available; catalogue free. No advance in prices.—Dublin Depot, Stephen's Green. 26 28

LADY'S Raleigh Bicycle, as new, £9, or nearest offer. Q 1811, this office.

NEW Cycles, very best make, Dunlop tyres, to clear, £9.—Nolan Bros., 19 Capel st., Dublin. 'Phone, 4

SALE, Premier Cycle, 28 inch, three speed, perfect condition.—Q 1921, this office.

WANTED.

WANTED, 500 Ladies' and Gents' high grade Second-hand Cycles; prompt cash.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

CYCLE Mechanic Wanted; must be competent in all branches.—Z 697, Mechanic," this office. F

MECHANIC Wanted, with good experience; must be able to overhaul all makes of engines and understand electric lighting system; good wages and steady job for a suitable man. Apply Holland's Garage, Mullingar.

WANTED, Mechanic, experienced with Marine Petrol Engines and Cars; permanent, job; naval pensioner preferred; state salary, with free board and lodging, vegetables, garden. Apply, with copies, Z 624, Mechanic," this office.

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

WANTED

CHAUFFEUR; quiet country place; wait at table, clean silver; T.T.; inside, sliffa, Protestant; make electric light; no night work.—Beresford, Learmount Park, Londonderry.

DISENGAGED.

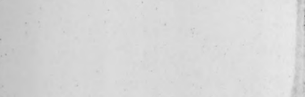
CHAUFFEUR, experienced; plain gardening, running repairs; T.T.—Q 1713, this office.

CHAUFFEUR, ex-soldier, wishes to hear of Vacancy, private or commercial; Ford or any make of car; strict T.T.; age 26.—Z 744, Chauffeur," this office. F

MOTOR Driver, ex-Service man, seeks situation; drive car or lorry; T.T. this office.

MOTOR Driver, Lady, Wants work; experienced; private or commercial car.—Q 1747, this office. A

DAINTY RIMLESS EYEGLASSES



T. MASON, OPTICIAN, ESTABLISHED 1780.
5 and 6 DAME ST., DUBLIN (Near the Castle).

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER TO MR. MALCOLM IRVING.

Mr. Malcolm Irving, the General Manager in South Africa of the Dunlop Rubber Company, Ltd., was entertained recently in the Queen's Hotel, Birmingham. Mr. Irving will return shortly to South Africa after a prolonged stay in England. The proceedings were informal, there being no chairman; but Mr. Irving, as the guest of the evening, directed the proceedings. The toast of "Our Guest" was proposed in hearty manner by Mr. W. J. McCormack, and drunk, in Scottish fashion, with musical honours and three-times-three.

Mr. Irving, in responding, made mention of the number of friends he had made during his stay, and expressed his deep regret at leaving them all—a regret, he hastened to add, somewhat tempered by the knowledge that he had many friends in the country of his adoption whom he was particularly anxious to see again.

Mr. L. M. Bergin, Managing Director of the company, and Captain George Du Cros, General Manager, heartily supported Mr. McCormack's remarks.

Musical items were rendered by various members of the company, and by Mr. A. Nixon, all of whom acquitted themselves with distinction.

BRITISH EMPIRE SHAKESPEARE SOCIETY.

"THE FOREST OF ARDEN."

A lecture on "The Forest of Arden" was delivered by Mr. A. N. Bonaparte Wyse, M.A., at a meeting of the Dublin branch of the British Empire Shakespeare Society in the Molesworth Hall, last evening. Professor W. F. Trench, LL.D., President of the branch, occupied the chair.

In the course of his lecture Mr. Bonaparte Wyse referred to the position of "As You Like It" in Shakespeare's life and evolution as a dramatist—a tranquil zone reached after early years of struggle, and, perhaps, of disappointment. The subject was of a tragic nature, but was treated serenely and cheerfully; the note of dissatisfaction with life, which was hinted at in the character of Jaques, being suppressed, and the story mellowed to a happy ending. The *motif* of ingratitude was the same as that found in some of the later plays like "Julius Cæsar," "King Lear," and "Macbeth." Mr. Bonaparte Wyse considered that the sudden "conversions" of Duke Frederick and Oliver were untrue to life. There was no contrition on the part of the criminal in the "Tempest," which was more true to life. He drew a contract between the Forest of Arden—nature in sweet aspect—and Prospero's gloomy island, and compared Touchstone's harmlessness with the gloom of Timon of Athens. Jaques, the lecturer construed, as an insipient Hamlet, resembling Richard II., a spectator of the action in, but not of, the play; interested in man, but not of the men he knew, except Touchstone, who interested him as a fool, but not in his relations to the other characters.

At the conclusion of the lecture several readings, recitations, and songs were given.

THE "IRISH TIMES" COLUMN FOR NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.

Everyone in Dublin is reading Judge Bodkin's New Novel:

WHEN YOUTH MEETS YOUTH

An intensely interesting story of a young Irishman whose boyhood was spent in a great Irish public school. The novel is brimful of interest and happiness, and all the characters are real.

HAVE YOU READ IT?

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AND ALL BOOKSELLERS.

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40 & 41 Lr. Sackville St. Dublin,

17 DONEGALL STREET, BELFAST.

OFFERS A SPLENDID SERVICE.
NEWEST BOOKS. FICTION, TRAVELS, BIOGRAPHY, THE LATEST INTERESTING WAR BOOKS, AND ALSO THE CURRENT MAGAZINES.

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13,000 Books in Stock, additions made daily.

SUBSCRIPTIONS
can be taken out for any period, from one to twelve months, and for any number of books. The yearly rate varies from 15/-, according to the number of volumes and class of books required.

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have the advantage of a complete system of deliveries free, and books are sent free of carriage to our Bookstalls at the Railway Stations at Kingstown, Bray, Dundrum, and Dalkey daily.

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can have their books sent by post, tram, or rail.

FULL PARTICULARS
are given in our new catalogue, which will be sent, post free, on application.

PRIVATE CHRISTMAS CARDS.
Sample Books are now ready for inspection, and will be sent on receipt of postcard.
Order now for Foreign Post.

Books of the Week.

EX-KING CONSTANTINE.

The spirit of this informing book may be judged from the dedication:—"To the memory of my brother Paul, and of the brave men who gave their lives in the struggle to win back the honour of their country, I dedicate these pages." Major Mélas served ex-King Constantine as his Secretary till about the end of December, 1915, and then felt himself unable any longer to continue in this service. He writes an able account of the attitude of Greece, and tells us much about the share taken by M. Venizelos in shaping events. He draws a faithful likeness of the monarch whom he had served, pointing out *inter alia* that the ex-King never could keep a secret. He distrusted explicitly old advisers and trusted implicitly new advisers. At the same time the author admits that Constantine was always able to recognise a man when he met one. For example, he quite recognised the greatness of General Pau. The General referred in the course of conversation to the German Army, and, like a true soldier, did not underestimate the capabilities of his adversary. "They are very fine troops that we have to contend with," he held. The King was delighted. He repeated what General Pau had said again and again, with some highly eulogistic references to the General himself. "That man is a real soldier," he remarked to Major Mélas, "I was genuinely pleased to meet him."

It is worth while in the light of after events, to draw attention to the fact that Constantine believed firmly that the right way to Constantinople was not through the Dardanelles, but by way of Sofia. This was also the view of the Greek Staff Conference which its members and the King held in February, 1915. There is an account of an interview between the King and Lord Kitchener. Constantine was impressed by him and summed him up as "a very straight man." It appears here and in the official biography that Lord Kitchener disapproved of the Salonica expedition, holding that it was useless or, at all events, too late. Referring to the operations on the Western front, he said that he merely regarded what the British Army was doing as large scale manœuvres for training purposes. The Army was then in process of formation, and it would, he said—in November, 1915—take a good three years to make it a match for the foes with whom it had to contend. With a laugh, Lord Kitchener asked the King whether he thought three years was a long time to ask for, since it had taken Germany forty years to prepare for the war.

The portrait of President Venizelos is drawn with intimate knowledge of the sitter. In the opinion of the author, the outstanding quality of the great Greek statesman is his powers of vision, but he lays stress on the modesty of the man. He was content to work, seldom to rest, and to leave all the honour to the King, satisfying himself with the moral satisfaction that he had tried to do his duty. Father Strickland used to say that one could do a great deal of good in the world if one were content to allow others to receive the credit for it. The plain truth is Venizelos acted in the spirit of this keen *obiter dictum*. Major Mélas gives a characteristic story of the modesty of his hero. In August, 1913, M. Venizelos signed the glorious treaty which so greatly raised the power of Greece. He took care to allow his Sovereign to enter his capital in triumph, while he himself quietly landed on his return at the little town of Chalcis in Euboea.

"Ex-King Constantine and the War." By George M. Mélas, his former Secretary. London: Hutchinson. 12/6.

THE BROTHERS GRENFELL.

Mr. John Buchan has never done better work than in this charming account of two charming men, the Grenfell brothers. In the closing paragraph he applies to Francis Grenfell the words in which Clarendon describes the character of Falkland:—"Thus fell that incomparable young man in the four-and-thirtieth year of his age, having so much despatched the business of life that the oldest rarely attain to that immense knowledge, and the youngest enter not into the world with more innocence. Whosoever leads such a life need not care upon how short a warning it be taken from him." The Grenfell brothers came of a family that has cut its name deep in English history in the past, and the present generation is fit to belong to it. The uncle of the brothers, Field-Marshal Lord Grenfell, pays a graceful and restrained piece of homage to the memory of his two nephews. Soldiering was in their blood. Circumstances compelled "Rivy," as he is called throughout this book, to enter business, and the call for him to the Service did not, therefore, come till the outbreak of war.

Twins are often devoted to each other, but the devotion of these was like that of Saul to Jonathan—it was wonderful, passing the love of women. They exchanged letters almost daily, and in them there is much about the business, more about the Army, and, perhaps, most about polo, for both brothers were players who will not easily be forgotten. Each gives advice to the other, and, singular to relate, the advice is taken with much good-humoured banter. There are many sidelights on the famous men and women whom the brothers met, and the author has been fortunate in the skill with which he welds the lives of the two men into a connected whole.

We meet in these delightful pages Lord Hugh Cecil, for whom "Rivy" has the most unbounded admiration; we meet Mr. A. J. Balfour and many another statesman, though, for the most part, it is only glimpses of them that we attain. We also meet Mrs. Asquith—but it is hard at present not to meet her. "Rivy" writes: "We had a jolly party—Sybil Grey, Miss Brodrick, Paul Phipps, Geoffrey Howard, Douglas Loch, and his new wife, and Mr. and Mrs. Asquith. I asked her how Asquith spent his time, to which she replied by going into the minutest details. She told me he earned £5,000 a year at the Bar (I always thought he earned about £14,000), but he is prohibited by his Parliamentary duties from undertaking certain cases. She told me he lived entirely by rules. He gets up at 8.45, and is at his Chambers or in the Courts by 10.30, and works there till five. He then goes to the House of Commons and stays till eight, when he returns to dinner; he then goes back to the House till twelve. After that, regularly for every day of his life, he reads for two hours. Supposing he goes to a party and does not return till two, he still sits up and reads for two hours, either his briefs or some serious book, and finishes up with a novel in bed. In discussing certain people she told me that Arthur Balfour was not very well educated in the ordinary sense. I wonder what she would say about you and me, F.G.? She would probably compare our brains with an Irishman's whiskey bottle—empty."

Here is another extract when "Rivy" met Mrs. Asquith at Hatfield: "I made great pals with Mrs. Asquith. I do not know if you know her, but she is an absolute clinker. She dressed up as a Spanish dancer, and did a *pas seul* before us all. What will people say in about 20 years when they hear this—the leading lady of the Government dancing a *pas seul* while the Chancellor of the Exchequer looked on?"

"Francis and Riversdale Grenfell: A Memoir." By John Buchan. London: Nelson. 15/-.

A CAREER OF ADVENTURE.

We have borrowed the sub-title of Mr. C. E. Gouldsbury's book as a heading for this review inasmuch as it is an apt and concise indication of the contents. It is a narrative simply told and withal of more than passing interest. Furthermore, it is true. Alexander Douglas Larymore, whose life story is here set forth, is singularly fortunate in his biographer, to whom at various times he related his adventures. He ran away to sea as a stowaway, from his native town of Drogheda, at the age of fourteen, and, having served successively as a cabin boy, seaman, railway guard, and as an officer in the Indian Police, finally attained the rank of Inspector-General of Prisons in India. At an early age—in fact, when still very much in the nursery—he was in the habit of leaving his nurse's side to dodge between the fore and hind legs of every horse that he found standing in the street. A fall into a frozen canal at the age of nine seems to have suggested water as his natural element; at any rate, his decision to go to sea is said to have dated from that event.

It is difficult to pick out any particular episode from a book so wonderfully packed with thrilling experiences. Mr. Larymore certainly has borne a charmed life. He has many amusing anecdotes to tell of life at sea and on shore, and, having been fairly observant, he has much to say on the manners and customs of those nationalities with which he came in contact. India, in the early sixties, was a pleasant place for European officials. Mr. Larymore had scarcely joined the Indian Police (he had the good fortune as a railway guard to do a high Government official a good turn, and thus secured this appointment) when his district superintendent fell ill. Being quite a novice at crime-detecting, and lacking that familiarity with the workings of the Oriental mind which he subsequently acquired, he found his position somewhat difficult. His mistakes were very natural and the telling of them is most refreshing. The description of Anglo-Indian life which runs through the latter two-thirds of the book is good and full of picturesque detail. There are some excellent reproductions from photographs.

"Reminiscences of a Stowaway." By C. E. S. Gouldsbury. London: Chapman and Hall. 15/- net.

GRIMM AND RACKHAM.

Even the most sophisticated must cherish memories of the departed days of childhood, when the world of make-believe was at least as real as the concrete world about us. The doors were opened to us by those gifted authors who have taken countless thousands of children through the magic portals, into the land where dwell for all time the dear people whom we loved and the fearsome characters whom we dreaded, since those sensations were possible to us. Prince and Princess, witch and ogre, good fairies and bad fairies—these are not owe to those who made them live and move for our benefit? Foremost among the names which are household words in every real home stand those of the Brothers Grimm. It has been left to the genius of Mr. Arthur Rackham to provide us with illustrations worthy of the subjects. No more delightful appeal has been made to the imagination of the oldest as well as the youngest of us than by his portrayal of these time-honoured characters. Whence, save from his pen, could be produced so satisfying a witch as she who stands at the doorway of her delectable cottage, receiving the lost "wanderers, Hansel and Grethel? Who else, without hurting our feelings or shattering our pre-conceived ideas, would dare such originality in the treatment of Red Riding Hood and the Wolf? Happy, indeed, will be the child of any age who can boast possession of this volume.

A companion volume to "Hansel and Grethel" is "Snowdrop and Other Tales," also illustrated by Arthur Rackham. Here again the eye is delighted at almost every page by a drawing in black and white or a coloured plate. In his own field Mr. Rackham stands alone. Perhaps, the highest tribute to his originality as well as his execution is the failure of his many imitators to approach either. Tie delicacy and charm of his work are enhanced by a minuteness of detail which, while in no way detracting from the pictorial values, repays the closest study with the continual discovery of some new point for wonder and admiration. His most fantastic conceptions are kept in restraint by a sense of rhythm and a feeling for decorative composition which never falter, and are always completely satisfying to the eye.

"Hansel and Grethel and Other Tales." By the Brothers Grimm. Illustrated by Arthur Rackham. London: Constable. 7/6 net.

"Snowdrop and Other Tales." By the Brothers Grimm. Illustrated by Arthur Rackham. London: Constable. 17/6 net.

IRISH LAND TENURE.

Mr. P. G. Dardis has published in book form a carefully compiled thesis dealing with the occupation of land in Ireland in the first half of the nineteenth century. It won for him the degree of M.A. (in Economics) with honours in the National University of Ireland. The subject has a particular interest at the present time. All parties, of whatever political or religious colour, are agreed on one point—namely, that the present condition of this country is more than lamentable. Whatever be the remedy, it is clear that a study of the past history of Ireland is a necessary preliminary to reform. The root of the evil must be discovered and removed before any permanent result can be attained by remedial legislation. In this book, which is in the nature of a summary of evidence from various sources, the author has set forth, dispassionately and without bias, the relationship of landlord and tenant during the period covered. It is a discouraging tale of unhappiness and misery, of misunderstanding and mistrust, for which the evils of absenteeism were largely responsible.

Mr. Dardis gives credit where credit is due, and occasionally tells of a beneficent and progressive landlord who realised his responsibilities, resided on his property, and to whom a prosperous and contented tenantry looked not in vain for sympathetic co-operation. This thesis shows a firm grasp of the subject and provides a comprehensive, as well as a concise, survey of rural conditions of society in a past age. It should be of value to students of Irish history. The Reverend Thomas A. Finlay has contributed a preface, and there are many references to authorities, should the reader wish for further information on the subject.

"The Occupation of Land in Ireland in the First Half of the Nineteenth Century." By Patrick G. Dardis. Dublin: Maunsel. 7/6 net.

RECENT FICTION

This long Icelandic novel is divided into four books, of which Book III. is by far the best. In it we find the penitent parson trying to expiate a great wrong committed in his past life by prayer, fasting, and good works. It is in this part of the life-history of the family of Borg that the author reaches his highest level. It is simply told, with a nobility of conception and a clarity of expression that are beyond praise. This high level is not maintained in the remainder of the book. It has been, we understand, successfully "filmed"; but whether it was written first as a film story or as a novel is difficult to say. The periods of Orman's career are curiously partitioned and not very convincing. Success bores him, removing the necessity for further effort, and leaving him high and dry without the least pleasure in its attainment. His shouldering of his worthless brother's indiscretion and its consequences is unreal. His abandonment of music after years of training and on the eve of dazzling achievement is melodramatic, if it is not actually stupid. His old father, Orlygur, is of finer mould. As a benevolent despot in a small community he is a complete success. Even in the hour of his failure he defeats his enemies, and his memory lives as a shining example of untarnished honour and rigid virtue.

"Gurst the One-Eyed." By Gunnar Gunnarson. Gyldendal. 8/6 net.

Many problems of the Great War have been exploited by novelists, but this with which Miss Hine now deals is the most familiar. Sabine Fane, a high-spirited girl, fired both by her love for a man unhappily married and by a patriotic pity for the soldier starting out to meet the unknown hazards of battle, insists upon having "one unforgettable month together." Mark Wallance goes to the front, and during his lengthy absence Sabine's child is born and his wife dies. Sabine, reigning at home as a "war-widow" placed in charge of Wallance's estate, now sees the way cleared for honourable happiness, but Mark returns wounded, with his memory gone. Sabine sets herself to win his love anew, but all is not well between them until an operation restores Mark's blotted-out past. Miss Hine treats the dramatic situation with striking ability.

"The Breathless Moment." By Muriel Hine. Lane. 6/6 net.

We do not know whether the author of "The Lost Horizon" is making his first appearance as a novelist, nor can we quite understand the purpose of his story. That he has talent is obvious, and that he possesses a well-stored mind is equally clear. He might have found, however, a worthier subject than a handful of adventurers, with an unlimited supply of audacity and no morals. Every now and then one or other of these gentlemen reels off a page or two of philosophy with the air of a self-satisfied prig. The plot, too, is somewhat involved. The author is enamoured of the unconventional in life and enlarges unduly on primitive instincts as opposed to civilised restraint. His love passages are primeval, and he prefers to call a spade a sanguinary shovel rather than a garden implement.

"The Lost Horizon." By G. Colby Borley. Methuen. 6/6 net.

This is a domestic tragedy. Pauline Cordery, a gifted, sensitive girl, is driven to despair by the selfish neglect and wilful misunderstanding of her husband—a handsome fellow of the conceited average type—and of his devoted mother. The author portrays clearly and temperately the dreary environment in which Pauline's eager young life is stifled—an environment of incessant rainy days, smoky fires, and faultfinding. The book is mainly a character-study of the elder Mrs. Cordery, and serves to show the incalculable harm that may be wrought by a self-centred, jealous, though not vicious, woman.

"The Last Fortnight." By Mary Agnes Hamilton. Collins. 9/- net.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Biography.

COMMISSIONER RAILTON. By Eileen Douglas and Mildred Duff. London: The Salvationist Publishing and Supplies, Ltd. 4/-

Books for Children.

MERRY MOMENTS ANNUAL. London: Newnes.

THE ENCHANTED FOREST. By Violet Bradby. London: Milford. 3/6 net.

AMELIA ANNE AND THE GREEN UMBRELLA. By Constance Heward. London: Harrap. 2/6 net.

THE OXFORD ANNUAL FOR SCOUTS. Edited by Herbert Strange. London: Milford. 3/6 net.

HERBERT STRANG'S ANNUAL. London: Milford. 7/6 net.

LOST LEGENDS OF THE NURSERY SONGS. By Mary Senior Clark. Illustrated by Alice B. Woodward. London: Bell. 5/- net.

Books Relating to the War.

BRITISH SECRET SERVICE DURING THE GREAT WAR. By Nicholas Everitt. London: Hutchinson. 16/- net.

THE GENERAL STAFF AND ITS PROBLEMS. By General Lodendorff. London: Hutchinson. Two Vols. 36/- net.

MEDITATIONS OF A KHAKI WOMAN. By Elizabeth Cosby. Amersham: Morland. 2/6 net.

A HISTORY OF THE WAR. By H. C. O'Neill. London: Jack. 12/6 net.

Fiction.

MISFITS. By Sybil Campbell Lethbridge. Skeffington. 6/6 net.

MISS SMITH'S FORTUNE. By Charles Garvice. Skeffington. 8/6 net.

WHEN THE BLOOD BURNS. By E. W. Savi. Putnam. 7/6 net.

DODDLES. By Agnes Adams. Milford. 3/6 net.

TWEEN AND SOUR. By Winifred Welch. Milford. 5/- net.

BRIGHT IDEAS. By Herbert Strang. Milford. 5/- net.

ROSELEEN AT SCHOOL. By May Wynne. Cassell. 5/- net.

BROTHERS OF THE WILD. By Eric Wood. Cassell. 5/- net.

HURRAH! FOR MERRY SHERWOOD. By S. Walkey. Cassell. 6/- net.

SCHOOLDAYS. By Rebecca Blount. Milford. 2/6 net.

FROM THE VANITY DEPT. By Mrs. Belloc Lowndes. Hutchinson. 6/6 net.

THE STRANGE ADVENTURES OF JACK SMITH. By John Finbarr. Milford. 5/- net.

MAKING GOOD. By Captain G. B. McKean, V.C. Milford. 5/- net.

ROSCOE MAKES GOOD. By Hylton Cleaver. Milford. 5/- net.

THE SENIOR PREFECT. By Dorita F. Bruce. Milford. 5/- net.

HELD BY CHINESE BRIGANDS. By Captain Gilson. Milford. 5/- net.

FIRE AND WATER. By Marwin Delcarol. Duckworth. 5/- net.

BILLY AND THE BOY. By Mrs. Hobart Hampden. Milford. 3/6 net.

THREE ADVENTUROUS SCHOOLGIRLS. By Brenda Girvin. Milford. 5/- net.

HOLT ROMANS. By Aodh de Blacam. Maunsel. 7/6 net.

DEVIL BIRD COUNTRY. By Vaughan Pendred. Constable. 9/- net.

THE NEIGHBOURS. By Julia M. Crottie. The Magnificat Press. 3/6 net.

History.

THE PAGEANT OF ENGLAND, 1500-1920. By J. R. Raynes. London: The Swarthmore Press. 12/6 net.

Illustrated Editions.

GULLIVER'S TRAVELS. Illustrated by Jean de Bosschere. London: Heinemann. 12/6 net.

THE WATER BABIES. By Charles Kingsley. Illustrated by A. R. Jackson. London: Milford. 12/6 net.

AWAKENING. By John Galsworthy. Illustrated by R. H. Sauter. London: Heinemann. 7/6 net.

HUMOUR AND HORNS. Illustrated by Evelyn Paul. London: Harrap. 21/- net.

A CHILD'S BOOK OF HOURS. By Constance and W. Noel Irving. London: Milford. 12/6 net.

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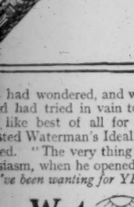

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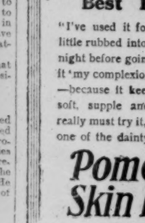

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SURVEYORS' INSTITUTION.

Meeting of Irish Branch.

A meeting of the Irish Branch Committee was held yesterday at their offices, 110 Grafton street, Dublin. Mr. C. L. Townshend (Chairman) presided, and there were also present:—Messrs. Harry Thrift, Joseph Dodson, Mr. R. H. Maunsell, Mr. William H. Hinde, Mr. E. H. Browne, Mr. J. Gravell, Mr. Harry Franks, Mr. W. A. Cheeke, Mr. J. Salisbury, Mr. Charles Dickinson, Mr. Henry V. Edgeworth, and Mr. R. J. Newcombe, Secretary.

Apologies for absence were received from Messrs. W. G. Beresford, Wesley H. F. Boxwell, Mr. Ellis, R. G. Armstrong, H. D. M. Barton, and Fane Vernon.

A letter was read from the President of the Institution, accepting, on his own behalf, and that of the Secretary, the invitation to a meeting of the Irish Branch, to be held in Dublin on Tuesday, 14th December, and a sub-committee was appointed to carry out the arrangements for the visit.

The question of the completion of land purchase in Ireland was discussed, and it was decided to have a further meeting, when the bill introduced by the Government last week is printed and circulated amongst land agent members of the Institution.

The revised scale of provisional charges for quantity surveyors practising in Ireland, and sanctioned by the Institution, was ordered to be circulated.

The Committee then dealt with questions relating to the claim of Irish professional civil servants in connection with the Government of Ireland Bill, the payment of income tax, etc., and adjourned.

"A HOME IN WALES."—Charged in the Southern Police Court yesterday with having neglected his wife and three children, and disobeyed an order for 30s. weekly maintenance, James Connors told Mr. Saurin, K.C., what he had said when arrested at Pembroke Dock, South Wales—that he intended to go to Wales. He was given until to-day to produce evidence of

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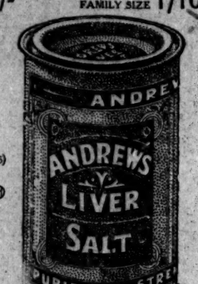

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SPORTING NEWS.

CURRAGH MEETING YESTERDAY.

The weather on the concluding afternoon left a good deal to be desired, and what with a high wind and occasional rain the company, which was of large dimensions, suffered some discomfort. If we except the performance of The O'Donoghue, who was a class above those opposed to him in his race, and the riding of J. Dines, who steered three winners, there was nothing very special about the day's sport, which was ushered in by the Harristown Hurdle Plate, Snipe's Bridge left off a pronounced favourite, but found one too good for him as the weights in Blazing Furze, to whom I confess I knew unworthy an objection was lodged on the grounds of incorrect entry, and the matter remains in abeyance.

The Moanlay Plate fell an easy prey to the two-year-old Shaw's Bridge, who outstayed the opposition very decisively, the favourite, The Widow Malone, who lost some ground at the start, failing to get into the first three. Rocker sustained a fourth reverse when Tuesday was beaten into third place by Police Boy and Mermaid *Est* the Short Plate.

The punters recouped some of their losses in the Apprentices' Plate, for which Mill Belle, by the strength of her second to Gracious Drake at Phœnix Park last Saturday, was served up a hot order, and she duly stretched her field. The good-looking The O'Donoghue, a son of Orby and La Paloma, treated his opponents in the Consolation Plate to merciless finishing, and this colt should mould into a very useful three-year-old. The end came with the Loughbrown Plate, which furnished a rattling finish, Dr. Harvey raising and beating Fusee Volante in the last few strides to win by a neck, while Rosa-Cas was only a head off the second. Details :—

1.0.—HARRISTOWN PLATE of 200 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. 2 m.

Capt. Maher's b or br. m. BLAZING FURZE, by Moulins—Blake, 4, 10-10 ..... Hegarty 1
Mr. Pard's KNIFE'S BRIDGE, 6, 11-10 T. Burns 2
Mr. Britten's FEUDALISM, 5, 10-5 ..... J. Beary 3
Mr. Simpson's Charles Stuart, 6, 11-10 C. Aylin 0
Mr. B. White's Tramore Boy, 5, 11-10 P. Morgan 0
Mr. H. Barry's Madrigal, 3, 11-0 ..... T. Signott 0
Mr. Hurst's Rathbeir, 4, 11-0 ..... A. Sinnott 0
Col. Knox's Kilcorry, 4, 10-9 ..... J. Maher 0
Sir R. Quin's Le Blanc, 4, 11-0 ..... M'Carthy 0
Mr. B. O'Donnell's Tipp Tivoli, 4, 11-0 ..... Jos. Doyle 0

Mr. Morland's Soothing Glass, 5, 10-10 P. Mullen 0
Mr. O'Driscoll's Kildarra Lass, 5, 10-5 ..... Jos. Carey 0

(Winner trained by Dawson).

Betting—6 to 4 agst. Snipe's Bridge, 4 to 1 BLAZING FURZE, 5 to 1 Tramore Boy, 8 to 1 each Charles Stuart and Soothing Glass, 100 to 8 any other.

Feudalism led from Le Blanc, Kilcorry, Madrigal, Blazing Furze, Soothing Glass, and Snipe's Bridge, with Tipp Tivoli last. So they ran for a mile and a quarter, when Kilcorry took up the running, followed by Feudalism, Blazing Furze, Snipe's Bridge, Tramore Boy, and Rathbeir, but a couple of furlongs further on Blazing Furze and Snipe's Bridge drew clear away from the remainder, and Blazing Furze, always holding the other safe, won by a length and a half; eight lengths divided second and third, Kilcorry was fourth, Kildarra Lass fifth, Soothing Glass sixth, Madrigal seventh, and Tipp Tivoli next.

An objection to the winner on the grounds of incorrect entry remains in abeyance.

1.30.—MOUNTJOY PLATE of 200 sovs. Weight for age. 2 m.

Mr. D. Wallace's b. c. SHAW'S BRIDGE, by Bridge of Earne—Chaleureuse, 3, 7-11 ..... J. Dines 1
Mr. P. W. Shaw's MARIE JEANNE, 3, 7-12 ..... Beary 2
Mr. Kenyon's LOUVOIS LASS, 3, 9-3 ..... T. Oates 3
Mr. R. H. Edwards's The Widow Malone, 3, 9-8 ..... Bennett 0
Mr. J. T. Rogers's Bagally, 3, 9-8 ..... W. Bagley 0
Mrs. Kirk's Royal Oak, 3, 8-7 ..... M. Wing 0
Mr. J. M'Kenna's Grecian Girl, 3, 7-12 ..... Hanshaw 0

(Winner trained by Rankin.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. The Widow Malone, 3 to 1 Marie Jeanne, 7 to 2 SHAW'S BRIDGE, 8 to 1 Louvois Lass, 10 to 1 Bagally, 100 to 8 Royal Oak, 50 to 1 Grecian Girl.

The Widow Malone swerved at the start, and Marie Jeanne led from Shaw's Bridge, Grecian Girl, Louvois Lass, and Royal Oak, for three furlongs, when Shaw's Bridge drew to the front, followed by Marie Jeanne, The Widow Malone, and Louvois Lass, and, making the remainder of the running, Shaw's Bridge won in a canter by eight lengths; six lengths divided second and third, Royal Oak was fourth, Bagally fifth, and The Widow Malone next.

2.10.—THE SHORT GRASS PLATE of 200 sovs. A handicap. 5 f.

Mr. T. M'Carthy's br. c. GALTEE BOY, by St. Amant—Mermaid, 3, 7-11 ..... Cullen 1
Mr. Bryan's MERMAID, 3, 8-0 ..... Oates 2
Mr. F. W. Shaw's TINODE, 6, 8-11 ..... M. Beary 3
Major Gerard's Glandurra, 5, 7-13 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. F. B. O'Toole's The Tailor, 3, 7-11 Timmins 0
Mr. McNamara's Dazzle, 5, 7-3 ..... Jos. Doyle 0
Capt. Hazlett's Queen of the Dale, 5, 8-3 ..... Wing 0
Mrs. Collie's I Will, 2, 7-0 ..... E. Collie 0
Mrs. Moore Brabazon's Le Roue, 3, 6-8 ..... Fitzgerald 0

(Winner trained by Moloney.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Tinode, 5 to 1 The Tailor, 6 to 1 Queen of the Dale, 7 to 1 Mermaid, 8 to 1 each GALTEE BOY and Le Roue, 10 to 1 any other.

I Will and Dazzle began slowly, and Le Roue made the running from Galtee Boy, Tinode, Mermaid, and Glandurra for half the journey, when Galtee Boy drew to the front, followed by Mermaid and Tinode, and never afterwards was headed, Galtee Boy won by a length and a half; two lengths separated second and third, Le Roue was fourth, The Tailor fifth, Glandurra sixth, and Queen of the Dale next.

2.40.—APPRENTICE PLATE of 200 sovs. Weight for age. 5 f.

Mr. J. McKenna's ch. f. MILL BELLE, by Tredennis—Mill Reef, Mr. Fitzgerald 1
Mrs. F. Morgan's FREE RETURN, 2, 7-4 Kelly 2
Mr. Maxill's CHERRY, 6, 7-10 ..... Jas. Doyle 3
Mr. Donoghue's Proud Fairy, 3, 8-5 ..... Dugnan 0
Mr. Kelly's Sugar Flight, 3, 8-10 ..... Dawson 0
Col. Buckley's Dreadnill (late Drolling), 3, 8-5 ..... Crotty 0

Mr. Hope's Double B., 3, 7-5 ..... D. Quirke 0
Mr. D. McKeown's Lady Isabella, 3, 7-5 ..... D. Quirke 0
Mr. Murland's Soothing Glass, 5, 10-10 P. Mullen 0
Mr. O'Driscoll's Kildarra Lass, 5, 10-5 ..... Jos. Carey 0

(Winner trained by Dawson).

Betting—6 to 4 agst. Snipe's Bridge, 4 to 1 BLAZING FURZE, 5 to 1 Tramore Boy, 8 to 1 each Charles Stuart and Soothing Glass, 100 to 8 any other.

Feudalism led from Le Blanc, Kilcorry, Madrigal, Blazing Furze, Soothing Glass, and Snipe's Bridge, with Tipp Tivoli last. So they ran for a mile and a quarter, when Kilcorry took up the running, followed by Feudalism, Blazing Furze, Snipe's Bridge, Tramore Boy, and Rathbeir, but a couple of furlongs further on Blazing Furze and Snipe's Bridge drew clear away from the remainder, and Blazing Furze, always holding the other safe, won by a length and a half; eight lengths divided second and third, Kilcorry was fourth, Kildarra Lass fifth, Soothing Glass sixth, Madrigal seventh, and Tipp Tivoli next.

An objection to the winner on the grounds of incorrect entry remains in abeyance.

1.30.—MOUNTJOY PLATE of 200 sovs. Weight for age. 2 m.

Mr. D. Wallace's b. c. SHAW'S BRIDGE, by Bridge of Earne—Chaleureuse, 3, 7-11 ..... J. Dines 1
Mr. P. W. Shaw's MARIE JEANNE, 3, 7-12 ..... Beary 2
Mr. Kenyon's LOUVOIS LASS, 3, 9-3 ..... T. Oates 3
Mr. R. H. Edwards's The Widow Malone, 3, 9-8 ..... Bennett 0
Mr. J. T. Rogers's Bagally, 3, 9-8 ..... W. Bagley 0
Mrs. Kirk's Royal Oak, 3, 8-7 ..... M. Wing 0
Mr. J. M'Kenna's Grecian Girl, 3, 7-12 ..... Hanshaw 0

(Winner trained by Rankin.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. The Widow Malone, 3 to 1 Marie Jeanne, 7 to 2 SHAW'S BRIDGE, 8 to 1 Louvois Lass, 10 to 1 Bagally, 100 to 8 Royal Oak, 50 to 1 Grecian Girl.

The Widow Malone swerved at the start, and Marie Jeanne led from Shaw's Bridge, Grecian Girl, Louvois Lass, and Royal Oak, for three furlongs, when Shaw's Bridge drew to the front, followed by Marie Jeanne, The Widow Malone, and Louvois Lass, and, making the remainder of the running, Shaw's Bridge won in a canter by eight lengths; six lengths divided second and third, Royal Oak was fourth, Bagally fifth, and The Widow Malone next.

2.10.—THE SHORT GRASS PLATE of 200 sovs. A handicap. 5 f.

Mr. T. McCarthy's br. c. GALTEE BOY, by St. Amant—Mermaid, 3, 7-11 ..... Cullen 1
Mr. Bryan's MERMAID, 3, 8-0 ..... Oates 2
Mr. F. W. Shaw's TINODE, 6, 8-11 ..... M. Beary 3
Major Gerard's Glandurra, 5, 7-13 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. F. B. O'Toole's The Tailor, 3, 7-11 Timmins 0
Mr. McNamara's Dazzle, 5, 7-3 ..... Jos. Doyle 0
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Mrs. F. Morgan's FREE RETURN, 2, 7-4 Kelly 2
Mr. Maxill's CHERRY, 6, 7-10 ..... Jas. Doyle 3
Mr. Donoghue's Proud Fairy, 3, 8-5 ..... Dugnan 0
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Mr. Hope's Double B., 3, 7-5 ..... D. Quirke 0
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Mr. de Stasi, in her matter-of-fact criticism of the difference between the German and Italian love of music, instances the German as introducing and building up, step by step, one thought of that last night, and thought, too, of the value of this kind of educational work in the life of the city. Mr. Weaving is a sound musical scholar, almost exceptionally faithful in detail, with a capacity for work, and has—what is more to the purpose here—the power of imbuing his choir with that capacity. Last night the choir went through the programme very creditably. It was not as plastic as it will become, but in "Phaudrig Crohoore" (Stanford) it developed a most promising quality in fitness and feeling, increasing in confidence to an artistic finish. The ballad was given in entirety, and was a wise choice, as its simple, straightforward writing easily lent itself with the venue, made it altogether appropriate. Stanford's "It is not the tear" was also the finest of the Irish melodies given by the ladies' choir, though "The Irish Rose" (Lee) and "Kitty of Coleraine" were of less effort to the choir. The male choir sang Elgar's "After many a dusty mile" and "Simple Simon," and in "Phaudrig Crohoore" easily bore off the honours.

Miss Nancie Lord, in several violin soli, showed taste and a good idea of style. Wieniawski's Scherzo Fantasie (Dvorak-Kreisler) was very well given, indeed. Mr. T. W. Hall sang "Brittany" (Parrar) and Kenschel's "Drink me only" with his usual fine, good tone and manner, but it was in "To-morrow" (Keel) that he scored, owing, no doubt, to its concentration and its score. Mr. Joseph O'Neill was heard in "In Summer" (Stanford) and "The Vain Suit" with refinement and a good tone. Both singers were encored.

The next concert will be devoted to Coleridge-Taylor in his beautiful "Hiawatha's Wedding Feast" and "The Death of Minnehaha."

COURSING.

CLONLEIGH (STRABANE) MEETING—YESTERDAY AND TO-DAY.

Judge—Mr. Galligan. Slipper—Mr. J. Gallagher.

BRACELET STAKES—For 14 puppies. Winner £1; second, £7; third and fourth, £2 10s each.

Allies Victorious beat Belfast Waste; Six of Clubs beat Kyora; Glad Neck IV. beat Mourne Prince; The Boss beat Not Out; Mourne Princess beat Monalee Argent; Miss Johnston beat Fear Nothing; Woodend Pride beat Campsie Lass.

FREEMAN CUP.—For 16 dogs. Winner, £20; second, £8; third, £3.

Glenfield beat Full Power II.; Banner County beat Free Trade; Hillside beat Bally Lamon; Liberal Boy beat Game Chick; beat Hidden Lass.

THE DUFFER STAKE.—Winner £12; second, £8. Mr. McDermott's Mum's the Word agst. Mr. O'Donnell's North Tyrone; Mr. Duffy's Cracker Jack agst. Mr. Hamilton's Reid Donovan. Messrs. McNulty's Mullindoit Magnet agst. Mr. Stoddart's Windmill; Dr. Stevenson's Small Trumpet agst. Mr. Hunt's Hare Bell III.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY

Old Wesley 3rd A v. Lansdowne 3rd A.—Played at Lansdowne road, resulting in a win for Old Wesley 3rd A by 11 points to nil.

Football Boots, 19/6 to 35/- per pair. Footballs, Association or Rugby, from 15/6 each. Football Jerseys, Cash Sweaters, Cricket's, Ltd., 62 Grafton street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

CHESS.

DUBLIN CLUB.

A special general meeting of the Dublin Chess Club, presided over by Sir Horace Plunkett, P.C., was held on Wednesday, at 20 Lincoln place. It was decided to admit ladies as associates, and that the club premises be open to them on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

BILLIARDS.

SMITH v. FALKINER.

A splendid attendance witnessed quite the slowest scoring session of this game of 16,000, at Orme's Saloon, Manchester, yesterday. Resuming to most stylish play, the champion eventually recorded 132, stylish play, the champion eventually recorded 132, following later with 108, 99, 103. Falkiner had breaks of 536 (full), 104, 76, 130. Interval :—Falkiner, 12,625; Smith, 11,775.

Closing scores :—Falkiner, 14,985; Smith, 13,620.

INMAN v. REECE.

As the result of yesterday afternoon's play in this match at Leicester Square, London, Inman made runs of 250, 107, and 72. Reece made leading breaks of 128, 75, 106, and 67. Interval scores :—Inman (rec. 1,000), 12,579; Inman, 11,329.

STEVENSON v. AIKEN.

Play in the fourth heat of the London Tournament was resumed at Burroughes Hall, London, yesterday afternoon, when Stevenson increased his lead to 3,818, scoring 943 (c 94) to Aiken's 415. The leading breaks were 262, 66, and 99 by Stevenson, and 56 and 273 by Aiken. Interval scores :—Stevenson (rec. 800), 12,770; Aiken (rec. 1,600), 8,952.

GOLF.

MALAHIDE.—Men's Monthly Medal—Won by Mr. Thomas Bailey (74—4=70).

HERMIONE LECTURES.

MONTICELLI TO CHAVANNES.

The development of modern French art, said Dr. Tancred Borenius in the third of his Hermione lectures at Alexandra College, Dublin, yesterday, followed broadly two lines: the one, pictures-queness of form and richness of colour and atmosphere; the other, noble simplicity of form, purity and precision of line, and austerity of colour.

One of the most singular and picturesque figures in the history of modern art was Adolphi Monticelli (1824-76), a continuer of the tradition of Watteau, and whose distinction rested on his treatment of colour. He was as fanciful in his art as he was Bohemian in his life. Henri Fantin-Latour (1836-1904) studied under Lecocq, who also trained many notable artists, including Augusta Bodin, in the principles of observation, development, and portrayal, without tending towards soulless production. Latour's comparatively early work embodied the principles of his artistic faith. In his "Homage to Delacour" (1864) were included the chief representatives of his school. In another picture there was the group gathered about Manet, including Renoir, who had recently died, and the still living Monet. (Maurice Denis had carried on the "homage" tradition in his picture of Cezanne.) In Latour's portraits there was a Velasquez-like simplicity and dignity of effect. A self-portrait existed in the Municipal Gallery, Harcourt street. Fantastic subjects from legend were another phase of his work. He was essentially eclectic, deriving inspiration from many sources, but gifted with a genuine artistic feeling. His line was extraordinarily rich, eloquence which, however, produced no very powerful hold on the emotions.

Much more one-sided than Latour was Eugene Carriere (1849-80). His delicate handling was best shown in "Maternity," where the fine modelling seemed enveloped in a hazy effect. He had, however, none of Rembrandt's golden tone, and his phantom-like effects recalled Velasquez's later works. In the art of Gustave Moreau (1856-78) there was a tendency to produce rather melodramatic effects, but at times he achieved an impression of exceeding mysteriousness and splendour. Cazin (1826-1901) was a landscape painter of much power, resembling Corot in softness of tone and delicacy of atmosphere, but with a touch of lassitude and disillusionment which contrasted with Corot's feeling of romantic rapture.

Chavannes' was the embodiment of noble style in decoration principle. At a time when the general trend of the French school was in the direction of picturesque effect or photographic accuracy of accidentals, Chavannes went in for calm, monumental dignity, for selection, simplification, and generalisation. There was little doubt, however, that in his rendering of atmosphere he profited by the example of the impressionists, and if there was a golden aloofness in his art there was nothing

ÆOLIAN MUSICAL SOCIETY'S CONCERT.

"PHAUDRIG CROHOORE."

At the Aberdeen Hall, Gresham Hotel, Dublin, last night, the Æolian Musical Society began a series of choral and vocal concerts. Through all the vicissitudes of this society, the indomitable spirit of Mr. T. H. Weaving (its musical director) has kept it going in many ways, and now, though minus some well-known voices, it has entered upon a new season with some important works in its repertoire. Monna Vanna, de Stasi, in her matter-of-fact criticism of the difference between the German and Italian love of music, instances the German as introducing and building up, step by step, one thought of that last night, and thought, too, of the value of this kind of educational work in the life of the city. Mr. Weaving is a sound musical scholar, almost exceptionally faithful in detail, with a capacity for work, and has—what is more to the purpose here—the power of imbuing his choir with that capacity. Last night the choir went through the programme very creditably. It was not as plastic as it will become, but in "Phaudrig Crohoore" (Stanford) it developed a most promising quality in fitness and feeling, increasing in confidence to an artistic finish. The ballad was given in entirety, and was a wise choice, as its simple, straightforward writing easily lent itself with the venue, made it altogether appropriate. Stanford's "It is not the tear" was also the finest of the Irish melodies given by the ladies' choir, though "The Irish Rose" (Lee) and "Kitty of Coleraine" were of less effort to the choir. The male choir sang Elgar's "After many a dusty mile" and "Simple Simon," and in "Phaudrig Crohoore" easily bore off the honours.

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The next concert will be devoted to Coleridge-Taylor in his beautiful "Hiawatha's Wedding Feast" and "The Death of Minnehaha."

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

J. Dines rode three winners at the Curragh yesterday.

In the Winter Plate at the Curragh on Wednesday Forty-three was placed second, not Claret Hall.

Clonree, who is for the present stabled at Aintree racecourse, is intended to join Coulthwaite's string at Hednesford, when there is room for him there.

During an interval of racing at the Curragh yesterday Eager Flight, ch. f. (3 yrs.) by Jaeger—Miss Flighty, was sold to Mr. T. J. Fleming for 155 sovs.

Subsequently to winning the Harristown Hurdle Plate at the Curragh yesterday, Blazing Furze was objected to on the grounds of incorrect entry, and the matter remains in abeyance. As the objection was not lodged until nearly two hours after the horses had passed the post, ready money bets were not affected.

Mr. Mellor, who has so ably filled the position of Postmaster at the Curragh Camp for several years, has been appointed to a similar post in Malton, Yorkshire. The racing correspondents whose business takes them to the Curragh Meetings are indebted to him for the manner in which he facilitated them, especially during the period when the usual telegraphic arrangements were not available at the Grand Stand.

HUNTERS.

HUNTERS INSURED AGAINST RISKS OF DEATH FROM ACCIDENT OR DISEASE AT
60/- % 3 Months,
90/- % 6 Months.

HUNTERS (including Chargers) Insured against DEATH FROM ACCIDENTS IN HUNTING.
75/- % 3 Months.
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Apply to
COYLE AND CO. (BROKERS), LTD.,
7 Anglesea Street, Dublin.
'Phone 3750 (three lines). —(Advt.)

HOCKEY.

MOATE v. TULLAMORE.

On Wednesday, at the Moate Horse Show Grounds, a match was played between Moate and Tullamore (mixed). Early in the first half Tullamore scored a lead, which they maintained until within a few minutes of the finish, when Moate came with a rush and registered two goals, thus winning by one goal. For Moate, Griffith and Galvin were always conspicuous; whilst for Tullamore Egan and Moorhead maintained a fine defence throughout.

DERBY MEETING—YESTERDAY.

PHARPAR'S VICTORY.

1.0.—ELVASTON CASTLE (5.) PLATE, £200. T.Y.O. 5 f.

Mr. N. Marshall's b. f. HOMILY, by St. Martin—Rhetoric, 8-11 ..... Donoghue 1
Mr. V. Thompson's VELVET GLOVE, 8-9 ..... Leach 2
Mr. E. Dickson's AMPHISTETA C., 8-11 ..... Piper 3

Also ran—Clarissa colt (Prescott), Nevertheless (Collins), Half-a-Crown (W. Balding), Sea Witch filly (Bullock), Cilly (A. Balding), Henri Martin (Clark). (Winner trained by G. Bell.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. HOMILY, 7 to 2 Velvet Glove, 9 to 2 Amphistela colt, 5 to 1 Cilly, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by three-parts of a length; a short head. The winner was bought in for 1,375 gns.

1.50.—FOSTON AUCTION PLATE, £300. 1 m.

Mr. D. Gavin's b. c. AURAMINE, by Jasper—Candy Lass, 4, 9-0 ..... J. Evans 1
Mr. F. Ingram's KAMBULA, 4, 8-5 ..... W. Speck 2
Mr. F. Cridge's HURRY ALONG, 6, 8-5 J. Leach 3

Also ran—Toiseoc (Piper), Bridge of Marne (Tywaiter), Winner trained by Talor.)

Betting—Evens Rambeda, 9 to 4 agst. AURAMINE, 5 to 1 Bridge of Marne, 10 to 1 Harry Along, 20 to 1 Toiseoc.

Won by a length; three lengths.

2.0.—CHATSWORTH 3-Y.O. PLATE (hdcp.). £250. 6 f.

Mr. D. Goodman's br. c. VALENTINE VOX, by Valens—Buckhaisley, 7-9 ..... Garrett 1
Lord Derby's PRINCESS MARGARET, 8-9 ..... Colling 2
Mr. W. Salvin's MARCIA, 8-7 ..... V. Smyth 3

Also ran—Suitcoat (Childs), Tetricus (Bullock), Germinate (B. Jones), Orange Water (C. Andrews), Cully Sark (A. Smyth), Chinalo (Donoghue), Blarney Stone (Topping), Heracles (Robbins), Sky Star (Piper), Red Wings (Fox), Black Domino (Lane), Arlington (H. Jones), Pollimore (Spear), Javadore (Plant), Winter Queen (Wragg), Sunbank (Morgan). (Winner trained by W. Waugh.)

Betting—5 to 1 each agst. VALENTINE VOX and Heracles, 6 to 1 Marcia, 10 to 1 each Red Wings, Cully Sark, and Suitcoat, 100 to 8 each Tetricus and Black Domino, 100 to 6 Princess Margaret, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a head; a length and a half.

2.30.—OSMASTON NURSERY PLATE (hdcp.). £500. 7 f.

Lord D'Abernon's ch. c. PHARPAR, by Llangibby—Donnetta, 8-1 ..... Donoghue 2
Mr. T. Walsh's IRISH EAGLE, 7-11 ..... Speck 2
Mr. W. Dixon's WILD HONEY, 8-6 W. Balding 3

Also ran—Young Visitor (Lane), Staywood (Griggs), Venlecloe (Fox), French Mint (Piper), Little Dorrit (Weston), Holy (Creckmore), Belleguarde (Wragg). (Winner trained by Lambton.)

Betting—11 to 10 on PHARPAR, 6 to 1 agst. Wild Honey, 8 to 1 each Irish Eagle, Venizelos, and Hafa, 100 to 6 any other.

Won by a head; three lengths.

3.0.—ALLESTREE WELTER HDCP. A sweepstakes of £3 each and £3 extra for starters. £250 added. 1 m. 1 f.

Mr. A. Alexander's b. c. FIREWORK, by Prince Palatine—Failing Star, 3, 8-10 ....Strydom 1
Mr. G. Renwick's DAYLIGHT SAVING, 4 7-0 ..... Robertson 2
Mr. P. Nelke's POLICHINELLE, 4 8-2 ..... Donoghue 3

Also ran—Prince Umbria (V. Smyth), Bright News (Bullock), Mountaineer (Childs), Ardavon (Hulme), Mannoun (T. Jones), Sweet Seraphim (Lane), Double Note (Speck), Reyroh (Fox), Ricky (Crickmore), Golden Slate (Wragg). (Winner trained by Sullivan.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Polichinelle, 7 to 2 Mountaineer, 5 to 1 Ardavon, 7 to 1 Prince Umbria, 10 to 1 each FIREWORK, Bright News and Reyroh, 100 to 8 Double Note, 100 to 6 any other.

Won by half a length; three-parts of a length.

3.30—HARDWICKE MAIDEN 3-Y.O. PLATE, £200. 14 m.

Mr. J. Bogue's ch. c. GOLDEN VICTORY, by Corcyra—War Mint, 9-0 ..... Stubbs 1
Lord Furness's SERMENT D'AMOUR, 9-0 ..... Donoghue 2
Mr. S. Dennis's POLYCIRRUS, 9-7 ..... V. Smyth 3

(Winner trained by Drury.)

Betting—18 to 8 on Polycirrus, 7 to 2 agst. Serment D'Amour, 5 to 1 GOLDEN VICTORY.

Won by three-parts of a length; three lengths.

PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY.

12.50—STAINBY (S.) PLATE, £200. 5 f. Age. st. lb.

Montrouil	4	9	0	Light Blue	3	8
C.P.	9	9	0	Fontaine	4	8
Polygram	a	9	0	L'Etalon	4	8
Amasonia	3	8	12	Miss Curious	3	8
Holystone	4	8	10	Caro Mia	3	8
Shepherdess	3	8	9	Helo	3	8
Gamble	3	8	9	Homily	3	7
Husky	3	8	9	Valson	3	7

(The above have arrived.)

Special	5	9	0	War Claim	5	8
Bay	5	9	0	Damaged Goods	4	8
Nachdederne	a	9	0	Marie Rose	4	8
Armageddon	5	8	9	Britomart	5	8
Aldershot	4	8	9	Princess Hunn	6	8
Jameson	3	8	9	Onslow Jarvis	2	7

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
AT 7.45, THE MOST SUCCESSFUL
MUSICAL PLAY OF THE DAY.
THE LILAC DOMINO,
FROM THE EMPIRE THEATRE, LONDON.
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA
USUAL MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.

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THE ROYALTY THEATRE, LONDON,
IN THE EVER-POPULAR PLAY.
CHARLEY'S AUNT.
"ENOUGH TO MAKE A CAT LAUGH."
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

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6.45.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....8.45.
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DUBLIN'S FAVOURITE TENOR.
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YOU WANT A GOOD LAUGH?
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ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHT, AT 7.30,
"THE ISLAND OF SAINTS AND HOW TO GET
OUT OF IT," By St. John Ervine.
"SOVEREIGN LOVE,"
By T. C. Murray.
"A NIGHT AT AN INN,"
By Lord Dunsany.
Booking at Theatre, 10.30 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2.30 to
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ABBEY THEATRE.
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Presents "THE CHANGELING,"
By Kenneth Sarr,
and "A NIGHT JUBILEE,"
By Anton Tchekoff,
On SUNDAY and MONDAY,
NOV. 21st and 22nd, 1920, at 8 p.m., in aid of
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37 CHARLEMONT STREET.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.30.....TWICE NIGHTLY..... 8.30.
The Thrilling Drama,
"THE GUILTY MAN."
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Tel. 3016.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"THE PAGAN GOD"
(Famous Players' Super Production),
Starring H. B. WARNER.
1st Episode, "THE BLACK SECRET,"
Featuring PEARL WHITE.
Complete Change of Programme on Sunday,
From 3.0 to 5.0 and 8.30 to 10.30.
Prof. Kennard's Famous Orchestra.

ORCHESTRAL CONCERT,
ENGINEERS' HALL,
35 DAWSON STREET,
TO-DAY AT 4.30.
Dr. LARCHET'S ORCHESTRA (30 Performers).
Songs by Miss JEAN NOLAN.
Entire Proceeds for the
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ADMISSION (no tax) ..... THREE SHILLINGS.

KILROCK CAMPERS' DANCE,
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TO-NIGHT at 10.30.
Mr. MANAHAN'S BAND (personally conducted).
TICKETS—12/6 each. Can be had at Café Cairo.

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HERMIONE LECTURES
Manet and the Impressionists.
TO-DAY, 4 p.m.
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Music under the Personal Direction of
Mr. CLARKE-BARRY.

ROYAL MARINE HOTEL, KINGSTOWN.
CINDERELLA
EACH SATURDAY NIGHT,
From 9.30 p.m. to 2.30 a.m.
(Under Hotel Management).
DANCE TICKETS—5/- each, at Hotel Office.
GASPARRO'S ORCHESTRA.

SERMONS.

ROOMKEEPERS' SUNDAY.
21st NOVEMBER, 1920.
By Permission of
HIS GRACE MOST REV. DR. WALSH,
Archbishop of Dublin, the
ANNUAL CHARITY SERMON
In Aid of
THE SICK AND INDIGENT ROOMKEEPERS'
SOCIETY
(Incorporated)
Will be Preached in the
PRO-CATHEDRAL,
MARLBOROUGH STREET,
On SUNDAY, 21st NOVEMBER, 1920.
After the First Gospel of the High Mass,
which will commence at 12 o'clock noon, by
REV. JOS. DWYER, B.A., C.C.
(Catholic University Church, Stephen's Green).
Collections will be made that day in all the
Catholic Churches of the City in aid of this great
non-sectarian charity.

REMEMBER OUR SICK POOR
and Support
DUBLIN'S OLDEST CHARITY
On
ROOMKEEPERS' SUNDAY,
21st NOVEMBER, 1920.

EDUCATION.

QUEEN'S SCHOOL, KINGSWAY,
HOVE, SUSSEX
(situated on sea front)—Girls' Boarding School on modern lines; preparation for examinations, sports, gymnastics; references, England, Ireland, and abroad.

CONTRACTS.

THE MANAGER of the DUBLIN AND BLESSINGTON STEAM TRAMWAY COMPANY is prepared to receive Tenders for the Supply of Lubricating Oils, Waste, Rags, Bolts and Nuts, Brasses, Iron, Steel, Spring Brass, Rubber, Gunmetal, Valves, Springs, Creosote Oil, Paints and Varnishes, Sleepers, Wheels, Timber, Coal, Coke, Patent Fuels, Copper, etc., from 1st JANUARY to the 31st DECEMBER, 1921.
Samples may be seen at the Company's Offices, Templeogue.
Contractors cannot be allowed to tender to supply goods to their own samples, but the Articles tendered for must be in every way up to the standard of the samples shown by the Company. All Tenders must be sent in on the Company's Forms which can be obtained from the Secretary, on payment of 6d. each, marked "Tenders for Stores," and addressed to the Secretary, so as to be with him on or before the 15th DECEMBER, 1920.
The Manager does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
H. O. TISDALL,
Secretary.
Terenure, County Dublin.
18th November, 1920.

FIREWOOD LOGS.
OF HIGH CALORIFIC VALUE.
2½ TON TO 10 TON LOTS,
35/- PER TON, in 2ft. Lengths.
50/- PER TON, in Blocks.
FREE DELIVERY
DUBLIN CITY AND SUBURBS,
ALSO 20 MILES SOUTH OF DUBLIN.
CASH WITH ORDER.
KINDLING STICKS, 3/9 per Sack, at Works.
J. PULLAR PHIBBS, LTD.,
NORTH STRAND, DUBLIN.
Telephone—Dublin, 1442.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME 6.45 TWICE NIGHTLY 8.30.
THE FAMOUS PIANIST,
MARIE NOVELLO AND CO.
THE BOGANNYS.
Supported by a First-Class Variety Company.
WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist This Week—MISS G. KENNEDY.
TIVOLI 6.45, 8.45. TIVOLI
TRevor 4120.
TREVOR, WEST, and HINSBY.
FRED COOPER and CO. G. B. CARLISLE,
AND ALL STAR COMPANY.
LA SCALA THEATRE.
CONTINUOUS 2.0 TO 10.30. FULL ORCHESTRA.
FIRST TIME IN DUBLIN.
"A SOCIETY EXILE,"
Adapted from the Play, "We Can't Be as Bad as
All That," by Henry Arthur Jones, Featuring
ELSIE FERGUSON.
COMEDY, DRAMA, TRAVEL.
CALLAND & HOOPER, Entertainers 4.30, 7, 9.

SALTHILL HOTEL
DANCE,
SATURDAY, 20th, 7.30-11 o'clock.
DINNER & DANCE TICKETS, 10/6
DANCE TICKETS, 5/-,
At the Hotel Office, Salthill.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TWO LECTURES
ON
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE,
Under the Auspices of
SECOND CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST,
DUBLIN,
Will be Delivered by
JOHN C. LATHROP, C.S.B.
(of Brookline, Mass.),
Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother
Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist,
in Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.,
IN
THE RATHMINES TOWN HALL,
MONDAY, 22nd of NOVEMBER, at 8 p.m.,
AND IN
THE ABBEY THEATRE,
TUESDAY, 23rd of NOVEMBER, at 3.30 p.m.
THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED.
Admission Free. Doors Open
No Tickets required. 7.30 and 3 p.m.

ZENANA BIBLE AND MEDICAL MISSION.
THE ANNUAL SALE
Will (D.V.) be Held in
THE GREGG HALL, DAWSON STREET,
TO-DAY (FRIDAY), NOVEMBER 19th,
From 12.30 to 6 p.m.
COSTUME LECTURES.
By Miss Ethel Townsend (Landour, India),
Luncheon—2.30 p.m. Admission—2/-

STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IMBECILE CHILDREN.
AN ELECTION will be held on MONDAY, 13th DECEMBER, 1920, for the Admission of Twelve Pupils, viz., Seven Girls and Five Boys, between the ages of 7 and 16 years of age.
Forms of Application, to be had at the Office, must be filled and lodged with the Secretary on or before 20th November. Voting papers will be issued about 26th November.
In the case of candidates a portion of whose expenses is contributed, credit will be given for additional votes in proportion to the contributed annual payments.
Each 10/6 paid annually entitles the subscriber to one vote. A donation of £5 5s. confers a life vote.
All further information can be had from the Secretary, at the Office, 40 Molesworth-street, Dublin.

MENDELSSOHN SCHOLARSHIP.
A Scholarship of £100 per annum, subject to yearly renewal, is now vacant.
Candidates of either sex, between the ages of 16 and 20, being single and natives of, or domiciled in, Great Britain or Ireland, are eligible for election.
The qualification is "a decided talent for music, exhibited by musical attainments."
Candidates should apply in writing, enclosing certificates of birth and testimonials, to Sir Hubert H. Parry, C.B., F.R.S., The Old Rectory, Knebworth, Herts.
The list of entries will be closed on February 1st, 1921.

IRISH RAILWAY CLEARING HOUSE.
EXAMINATION FOR MALE CLERKSHIPS, 18th OCTOBER, 1920.
The undermentioned Candidates were successful at the Examination for Male Clerkships in the Civil Service held in the City of Dublin Technical Schools on the 18th October, 1920, and will be appointed on probation as vacancies arise, subject to their passing the medical examination, and being accepted as eligible by the Railway Clearing System Superannuation Fund Corporation for admission to membership of the Fund:—

Francis J. Darling.	Cyril Alex. Foster.
James J. Flynn.	John J. Quinn.
Allen D. Keane.	Richard Rourke.
Fergus O'Neill.	Andrew J. Riddell.
Harold Victor Scott.	Eugene P. Carroll.
Patrick A. Moran.	Henry C. McGowan.
John Corcoran.	Patrick G. Sheerin.
Charles H. Hannan.	James O'Toole.
John McAteer.	Thomas Mullen.
Antony Cunningham.	John F. Fallon.
Albert Grace.	William T. Walsh.
Laurence Furlong.	

P. J. BRENNAN,
Secretary.
5 Kildare-street, Dublin,
18th November, 1920.

CLUBS REGISTRATION ACT, IRELAND, 1904.
Take Notice that I intend to apply for a Renewal of the Certificate of the Limerick Junior Club.
CECIL A. SLADE, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
THOMAS WAKEFIELD RICHARDSON, late of Moreton House, in the County of Down, Esq., Deceased.
All persons having claims against the estate of above Deceased are requested to furnish particulars of such claims to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors on or before the 30th inst.
Dated the 18th day of November, 1920.
CARLETON, ATKINSON and SLOAN, Solicitors, Portadown.

MISS HELENA GEORGINA MARGARET JANE NEVILLE, Deceased.
Pursuant to the 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35.
Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Helena Georgina Margaret Jane Neville, late of No. 7, Leeson, in the County of Waterford, Spinster, deceased, who died on the 19th day of March, 1920, and probate of whose Will was granted forth of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the Irish Court of Justice in Ireland, on the 9th day of June, 1920, to Sir Robert Arthur Hudson, of Ballycross, Bray, in the County of Wicklow, Bart., the sole Executor in said Will named, are hereby required to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said Executor, on or before the 1st day of December, 1920, after which date the said Executor will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall have then had notice, and he will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 28th day of October, 1920.
MOORE, BERKELEY and LLOYD, 31 Molesworth street, Dublin, Solicitors for the Executor.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
MARGARET HOPE, late of 37 Grove Park, Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, Married Woman, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors of the above named are required to send particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executor of Deceased, to whom Probate of the Will of said Deceased was granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, King's Inns, Henrietta Street, on the 26th day of October, 1920.
And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 15th day of December, 1920, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 11th day of November, 1920.
EDMUND A. KILLINGLEY, Solicitor for the said Executor, 22 St. Andrew street, Dublin.

IN THE GOODS OF
SARAH ANNE DOWELL CUMMINS, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of eight days application will be made in the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Ireland for the grant of Letters of Administration to the Estate of the above Deceased, late of Barbados. Widow, granted by the Court of Ordinary of the Island of Barbados, on the 16th day of April, 1920.
Dated this 16th day of November, 1920.
WM. GUEST LANE and CO., 32 Nassau street, Dublin, Solicitors for Executor and his Attorney.

FINAL NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND INCUMBRANCERS.
COURT OF THE IRISH LAND COMMISSION.
LAND PURCHASE ACTS.
Record No. E.C. 6494.
Estate of
EMILY MOORE (Widow), continued in the name of STEPHEN GEORGE MOORE, as successor to title of the said EMILY MOORE, Deceased.
County of Wexford.
Take Notice that the Final Schedule of Incumbrances affecting the proceeds of the Sale of Part of the Lands of Clonevin, containing 198a. 0r. 7p., Statute Measure, situate in the Barony of Bantry, North, and County of Wexford, which has been sold under the above Acts, in Ejectment, has been lodged in the Registrar's Office of this Court, at 24 Upper Merrion street, Dublin; and that any claims not therein inserted, or objecting thereto, either on account of the amount or the priority of any charge therein reported as due to him or any of them, must be made in writing, and required, to lodge an objection thereto, stating the particulars of his demand and duly verified, with the Registrar of this Court, on or before the 15th day of December, 1920, and to appear on the following Thursday, the 16th day of December, 1920, at 11 o'clock, before the Judicial Commissioner, at his Court, at the Four Courts, Dublin, when he be adjudicate upon the several claims appearing on the schedule, and upon any objections lodged thereto. And Take Notice that any demand reported by such Schedule to be due to be objected to within the time aforesaid, and further take Notice that I have fixed Wednesday, the 15th day of December, 1920, at my Chamber (No. 54), at 35 Nassau street, Dublin, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the vouching of the several claims appearing on the said Schedule, and all parties interested should attend before me on that day with the necessary proofs to vouch their respective claims, with a view to the funds being distributed on the said 16th day of December, 1920.
Dated the 18th day of November, 1920.
HENRY O'LYNCH, Chief Examiner.
STEPHEN GORDON and SON, Solicitors for Vendor, 15 Molesworth street, Dublin.

RAILWAYS.

GREAT SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY.
DISCONTINUANCE OF TRAINS.
On and from FRIDAY, 19th NOVEMBER, the following additional Passenger Trains will be Discontinued owing to existing conditions:—
10.50 a.m. Kildare to Kilkenny, connection off 8.50 a.m. from Kingsbridge.
3.50 p.m. Kilkenny to Kildare and Kingsbridge.
E. A. NEALE, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station, Dublin, 18th Nov., 1920.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day	Morning 5.20	Evening 5.55
To-morrow	6.26	6.58

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day	Rises 7.57	Sets 4.24
To-morrow	7.58	4.22

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.24 P.M.

FINE
INDIAN & CEYLON TEA,
2/4, 2/8, 3/-, 3/6, 4/-.
PURE
CHINA TEA,
3/2, 3/6, 4/-, 4/6.
10lbs. and Over Carriage Paid.
ROBT. ROBERTS & CO.
(IRELAND), LTD.,
19 SUFFOLK STREET,
DUBLIN.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
CART AND RICK COVERS
in
GREEN, DRAB, BLACK and WHITE;
HORSE LOIN COVERS.
DRILL COATS FOR CATTLE
SALESMEN.
OIL COATS, CAPES, HATS.
RUBBER MATS, ALL SIZES.
AGENTS FOR
DICK'S BALATA BELTING.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST.,
76 MID. ABBEY STREET,
34 NASSAU STREET, } DUBLIN.
65 DAWSON STREET,
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

BY APPOINTMENT BY APPOINTMENT
WEST & SON
JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, AND WATCHMAKERS,
ARE PREPARED TO UNDERTAKE
VALUATIONS FOR INSURANCE OR PROBATE
Of all Descriptions of VALUABLE PROPERTY in any part of the Country.
For Terms, apply to
GRAFTON HOUSE,
102 & 103 GRAFTON STREET,
DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1920.

Armed men attacked the aerodrome at Bawnmore, County Limerick, early yesterday morning, and shot one soldier dead and wounded another. The attack was beaten off.—(P. 5.)

Masked men called at the house of James Coleman, a publican in Cork, early yesterday morning, and shot him dead.—(P. 5.)

Patrick Hanley and Eugene O'Connell, labourers, were shot dead in Cork on Wednesday night. Two other men were dangerously wounded.—(P. 5.)

Three arrests have been made in connection with the murder of District Inspector Kelleher at Granard last month.—(P. 5.)

No news has yet been received of Father Griffin, the Galway priest, who has been missing from his house for the past four days. Police patrols are searching in all directions.—(P. 5.)

The police official survey issued by Dublin Castle last night says that the latest reports testify to the improved *moral* of the police and to the breakdown in many districts of the police boycott.—(P. 5.)

The military carried out further searches of houses in Dublin yesterday. Two banic officials are reported to have been arrested.—(P. 5.)

Three District Courts-martial were held yesterday at Marlborough Barracks, Dublin, when persons were charged with being in possession of arms and ammunition.—(P. 6.)

The Irish Council of the National Union of Railwaymen met in Dublin again yesterday, but they had nothing to report last night as to the railway crisis.—(P. 5.)

The annual sale of work done by the patients of the Royal Hospital for Incurables, Donnybrook, was opened yesterday by the Hon. Mrs. F. A. Farrell.—(P. 6.)

Dr. Tancred Borenius delivered the third of his Hermione lectures in the Alexandra College, Dublin, yesterday.—(P. 6.)

M. Venizelos has fled from Greece, where he believed his life was in danger. Ex-King Constantine stated to a correspondent that, if recalled, he would remain loyal to the Allies.—(P. 5.)

Mr. Lloyd George yesterday announced that a draft agreement for the resumption of trade with Russia was in preparation, but would not be put into operation until the Soviet Government had carried out their undertaking in regard to British prisoners.—(P. 5.)

In London yesterday the Stock Markets closed with an uneasy feeling, after heavy selling pressure and rumours of trouble at home and abroad. Loan and discount rates were firm. The price of gold fell to 117s. 2d. per fine ounce. Dublin Market was generally weak, and business small.—(P. 7.)

Butter—and Bread.

Yesterday the National Executive of the Irish Farmers' Union discussed the abnormal position of the export butter trade. The exporters' case is set forth fully in a semi-official statement which we print to-day. They declare that their business has been brought to a stand-still by a combination of bureaucratic and political interference, and they are severely critical of the action of the Department of Agriculture. The Department is bound to take early notice of these serious charges, and until its defence, or explanation, is before the public we shall not attempt to pass judgment on the merits of the dispute. One general observation, however, may be permitted—namely, that the present position of the export butter trade illustrates the risks of even the best-intentioned efforts to upset the normal working of the laws of demand and supply. In this case the Irish Labour Party insisted that the home demand for butter should be satisfied at a reasonable price before the larger needs of the export trade were fulfilled. The Department of Agriculture fell in with the party's views, and decreed that the manufacturers must build up a large reserve for the benefit of Irish retailers before they could obtain licences for export. The manufacturers declare that their part of the bargain has been observed strictly, but that the home consumer has not got the full advantage of the arrangement, since some creameries have refused to sell at, or under, the *maximum* price. They declare also that the licensing system has broken down, with the result that some hundreds of tons of exported butter have been "held up" by the Department and are now rotting in English docks. Factories are closed; farmers are selling their milch cows; stores are congested with butter which cannot be turned into money. According to a speaker at the meeting of the Farmers' Union, the whole industry is paralysed.

As we have said, we await the Department's reply. If the butter trade's case is sound, it confirms two familiar facts. One is the fact that attempts to control the freedom of the open market, while they may be justifiable, usually generate a new hardship for every hardship that they remove. The other is the fact that every attack on any single element in a country's economic structure injures all. The Irish working classes are getting cheaper butter to-day, but they are getting it at the cost of unemployment. Man cannot live by butter alone; moreover, they will find presently that they are getting cheaper butter at the cost of dearer milk. The same moral applies, of course, to the present attack on law and administration in Ireland. It has developed largely into an economic conflict, and the Irish people are discovering more clearly with every new day that victory in this conflict—even if it were possible—would be a Pyrrhic victory. In order to establish an economic heresy they have declared war upon themselves. The munitions strike has wrought enormous harm already, and, if the railwaymen decide to close the railways altogether, their action, as Irish Labour's brain department admits, will set the whole country's social life back by a hundred years. In the first place, the railwaymen will depreciate permanently their own means of livelihood. Our Special Commissioner has told us that Southern trade, deprived of the railways, has found a satisfactory substitute in motor transport, and that, if the railways are closed, some of them will have heard an engine's whistle for the last time. In the next place, the strike has wounded, and a complete stoppage will kill for the time being, national commerce and industry. If the railways are closed for even three months, the disastrous results will not have ceased to operate at the end of three years. The effects on production, food prices, and employment will linger, as they are lingering now in the case of the recent war. It is a dismal fallacy to suppose that you can stop the working of a nation's arteries for a day or a month without permanent injury to its health.

In his speech yesterday at the farmers' meeting Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp seemed to blame the Government for the hardships and losses of the railway crisis. He charged it "with the insidious practice" of putting soldiers on trains, with full knowledge that drivers and guards would refuse to carry them. This is a curiously perverted view of the situation. The Government did not start this unhappy business; it has no desire to starve or injure any section of the Irish people. It is upholding—and the fight has been forced upon it—a principle which is vital to the interests not only of public administration, but of national commerce and industry. The motive of the munitions strike may be political; but its methods constitute, as we have said, an economic heresy. The railwaymen have chosen to dictate to the companies the character of the freight which they may and may not carry. Their campaign is directed specially against the Government, from which, at this moment, they are drawing their wages. Confronted with this claim, the Government's alternatives were resistance or abdication: no other course was possible. It has adopted the policy of which Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp complains because, as we suppose, it is anxious to bring matters to a head. It believes that a short and sharp struggle will inflict less loss than a prolonged and daily-increasing exhaustion of the country's means of life. Of course the farmers are among the chief sufferers, but Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp ought to put the blame in the right quarter. In resisting the railwaymen's demand the Government is defending the economic interests of the farmers and of all other producers; for, if it is conceded now, it may be renewed afterwards in forms which would be fatal to industry and trade. The railwaymen's best friends are the country's best friends are those who urge the abandonment of this claim before the toilfully built structure of Ireland's material welfare collapses in widespread ruin.

Britain and America.

Those whose aim in life seems to be the fomenting of discord between the British Empire and the United States of America should read with care the speech of the American Ambassador in Birmingham yesterday. Mr. Davis, delivering the Presidential address at the Midland Institution, took Anglo-American relations as his theme. "Those who lead the thought and guide the destinies of our two nations," he said, "have no more solemn and sacred duty to the people and to mankind than to labour for the multiplying and strengthening of the ties between us in every passing year." It is good to hear such words from the lips of the great Republic's envoy to our shores. The friendship between the two main branches of the Anglo-Saxon race is essential to the very life of each of them. The British Empire and the United States are the two most mighty Powers on earth. Their ideals are identical, and the attempts that are being made by malevolent persons on both sides of the Atlantic to separate them are as futile as they are mischievous. Along a great, unguarded frontier of 5,400 miles—a distance as wide as that between London and Bombay—America looks Britain in the face. As Mr. Davis said, the far-flung boundary between Canada and the United States provides the best token of our mutual trust. During the past month President Wilson's Administration has been defeated at the polls. The Republican Party has triumphed over its rival, and a totally new foreign policy is being evolved. This is not the first time, however, that America has had a Republican Government. President Roosevelt was a Republican, as was President Taft; and during their administration the friendship between America and Britain grew steadily stronger. The assumption, therefore, that, because Senator Harding has defeated Governor Cox, the relations between the two countries are likely to suffer, is merely absurd. On the contrary, the enemies of Britain in America—the Germans and the denizens of Tammany Hall—are nearly all supporters of the Democrats. "Trust is wiser than distrust," said Mr. Davis, "and confidence is nobler than jealousy." If these worthy precepts be applied by both nations, Anglo-American friendship will survive all the onslaughts of its enemies. Britain must trust America. She has rejected the League of Nations, it is true, but there is no reason to believe that she has rejected it for ever. Sooner or later she will shoulder her share of the world's burden, and, the more cordial her relations with the British people become, the more quickly she is likely to rejoin them in the rebuilding of our shattered civilisation. The earnest endeavour of the statesmen of both countries, therefore, should be to eliminate all the differences that may exist between them, and to concentrate their efforts in finding common ground on which they may meet and work together for the welfare of the race.

The Cost of Clothes.

According to the *Yorkshire Post*, the slump in the prices of woollen goods is bound to reduce the cost of clothing during the next few months. There seems to be a very serious crisis in the woollen trade. Merchants who hold large stocks are being pressed for money, and, consequently, must get rid of them at a heavy loss. There is no open market for abroad; therefore, those who are forced to cut their losses are unloading their stocks on the home markets. Many grades of clothing will be affected, and, in spite of the very heavy cost of production, a certain fall in price is bound to follow. At what date, however, the hapless citizen who wants a new suit may hope to profit by the slump is quite another matter. First-class tailors in Leeds declare that their present prices will not be lowered before the end of next summer; and, if Leeds takes that attitude, Dublin is not likely to relent. During the present week blue serge was sold in Yorkshire at £2 3s. 6d. *per* yard—a price which makes the bare cost of a suit of this material something like eleven guineas, exclusive of trader's profit. In Leeds to-day, it seems, suits of Cheviots cost from twelve to thirteen guineas, while Cashmeres are from four to five guineas dearer. These suits, *bien entendu*, are of the best material; but the ordinary man will not derive much joy at the news of a slump in woollens so long as such fantastic prices are likely to be maintained.

German Fashions.

In the palmy days of German *Kultur* the "upper ten" of Berlin used to take their male and female fashions from London and Paris respectively. Now all that is changed, for the "upper ten" are no more. They have given place to the *Kriegsgewinsler*—peculiarly noxious types of "profiteer"—and the Jewish millionaires from the *Kurfürstendamm*. These people demand fashions all their own, and certainly they seem to be getting them. Last week, in the Zoological Gardens—a fitting venue—a gorgeous parade of fashions attracted thousands of visitors. Most of them were members of the German and Scandinavian fashion trades, but the newly-rich were represented in force. Excellent music was provided for the visitors what time mannequins of both sexes strutted about in gaudy garments of the most remarkable hues. To the joyful rhythm of the *Fledermaus* overture young men paraded, attired in silk pyjamas—hortensia pink, chrysanthemum lilac, and buttercup yellow. Female hockey-players appeared in magenta and sulphur-coloured skirts, and skaters took the floor in white and violet velvet. The performance was a triumph for the makers of aniline dyes. Colours were both fast and furious, and even the voluptuous harmonies of a Strauss waltz could not quell the riot of their startling shades. If last week's parade be any criterion, the *Friedrichstrasse* nowadays must be a sight for the gods.

THE UNGUARDED FRONTIER LINE.

MR. J. W. DAVIS AND ANGLO-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP.

Delivering the presidential address in connection with the Midland Institute at the Town Hall, Birmingham, last night, the American Ambassador, Mr. J. W. Davis, took as the type of Anglo-American amity the unguarded frontier line between Canada and the United States. His address was illustrated with lantern slides. Those who lead the thought and guide the destinies of our two nations, said His Excellency, have no more solemn and sacred duty to their people, and to mankind, than to labour for the multiplying and strengthening of the ties between us with every passing year. As two adjacent generations, asking for an era of Anglo-American friendship, I offer the peaceful token of the unguarded boundary. On a front of 5,400 miles—roughly, as far as from London to Cape Town or Bombay, by land and water, over mountain and plain, through lake and river and prairie and forest—the British Empire and the United States meet and mingle their waters without thought of defence or fear of aggression. (Cheers.) In all that distance, the only sentinels who guard the line are silent monuments, erected by the action of the two nations. The only vessels are the unarmed ships which carry the commerce of their common waterways, the only weapons are the woodsman's axe, the fisherman's rifle, and the tools of peaceful trade and agriculture. Peace reigns from end to end, as profound and undisturbed as the quiet of the primeval forest that still clothes many reaches of the boundary line. It is a peace, moreover, not of monotony or solitude, for a journey along the windings of this farflung frontier is an epitome of the industrial and commercial life of the two countries.

HISTORY OF THE BOUNDARY.

After this eloquent preamble, the Ambassador went on to sketch the history of the boundary, which he said should, at least, warn people to be frightfully suspicious of pages; boundaries based on insufficient survey. Having recalled the long and drawn-out controversy in regard to the line which the frontier should follow from the Arctic to Cape Muton, from the Pacific to the Atlantic, His Excellency said that we had now settled all the controversies and had fixed the definite location of the boundary line. A result attained at the cost of so much effort, which seemed so much to the people now living along the border, and to the many millions more who would grow it in the future must not be exposed to the hazard of mistake or forgetfulness. Under a series of treaties between Great Britain and the United States, dated 1903, 1906, 1908, and 1910 respectively, the marking of the boundary from end to end had been assigned to two Commissions. The work had demanded infinite care, "but it is worth its cost," exclaimed the Ambassador, "for however we may disagree in the years that are to come, quarrels over our common boundary are at an end for ever. Any member of the Canadian Parliament or the American Congress who offered now a bill appropriating money to fortify the border would be regarded as mildly insane. In 1817, by a simple exchange of diplomatic notes, war vessels were banished from Lake Champlain and the Great Lakes, and the agreement adjusted to meet the changing conditions of ship construction, and Revenue patrol enacters to this day.

THE MORAL.

So it has been, so will it continue. Need I point the obvious moral. Is it not the old truth, that trust is wiser than distrust, that confidence is nobler than jealousy, and that there is a better way than war for nations to settle their disputes. (Cheers.) Long may your country and mine endure to teach the lesson to the world, and if ever in the future passions should agitate or angry words divide us, may we turn for admonition and for warning to the unguarded boundary. (Loud cheers.)

THE LIMERICK BACON CURING TRADE.

The threatened strike of the Limerick and South of Ireland bacon-curing workers has been averted as the result of a conference held on Wednesday between representatives of the employers and the men. The men's demand was for a weekly increase in their wages of £1, but they decided to accept the employers' offer of 10s. The wages of women workers and youths is to be increased by 5s. There were several hundred men concerned in the dispute.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—The Continental anticyclone will cause continued fair weather over Eastern England, with moderate to fresh S.E. winds. Over the rest of the British Isles stronger and more southerly winds are probable, with unsettled weather.

Ireland, N.W. and N.E.—Fresh to strong southerly wind, fair to dull, some showers, hazy, moderate temperature.

Ireland, S.E. and S.W.—Fresh to strong S. to S.E. wind, fair to dull, some showers, hazy, moderate temperature.

The King has conferred a Baronetcy upon Mr. J. W. Stewart, who has just vacated the Provostship of Glasgow.

News has reached London of the death, from diphtheria, whilst travelling on the North-East Frontier, of Reginald Farrer, one of the ablest of modern novelists.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

The Prime Minister announced in the House of Commons to-day that a draft agreement for the resumption of trade with Russia was being prepared, and would shortly be sent to the Soviet Government. He resisted attempts to get him to reveal the nature of the agreement, but said that it must not be put into operation until the Soviet Government had carried out their undertaking with regard to British prisoners in Russia.

Mr. Lloyd George declined to answer a number of questions relating to the policy of the Allies towards Greece, on the ground that it was desirable to defer reply until the situation had further developed. He caused much amusement in reply to a question relating to disclosures of official secrets in recent autobiographies by admitting that he had not read the works in question.

It is now uncertain when the Prime Minister will go to Geneva for the League of Nations Conference, and it is quite possible that he may alter his mind, and not go at all. He is determined, however, to be present if anything of an unforeseen nature should make his appearance really necessary. Mr. Balfour may leave on Saturday. The Prime Minister, should he attend, will not have any special place at the Conference, and another delegate will have to give place to him, since he will be present only as a delegate for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

The scheme embodied in the Irish Land Bill which is presented by the Government for the completion of land purchase in Ireland as a necessary supplement to the passing of the Home Rule Bill will present some very important features. Payment to the vendors is to be made in Five *per cent.* Bonds (as compared with Three *per cent.* Stock for past transactions). The rate of interest will correspond with the payment annuities of the tenant purchasers, subject to a county average, so that no man pays more than the average of his neighbours—the new purchasers paying this at the same rate as the old ones. A sinking fund of 5s. is arranged for in addition to the five *per cent.* There is a compulsory feature in the Bill, inasmuch as it provides that after a certain date all occupied holdings in the country come under the State through either the Congested Districts Board or the Land Commission. Untenanted land above a certain valuation will pass under the Congested Districts Board, and all the big ranches will in time be divided up.

The amount involved in the scheme is estimated at about seventy millions. The scheme, except as regards the financial particulars, is substantially the same as that unanimously agreed to by the Irish Convention, and that was about the only matter on which the Convention did show unanimity. It should be understood that the Land Bill and the Home Rule Bill hang together. If the latter does not become law, the former drops. Probably the Land Bill will not be passed this session, but the intention is to pass it next session, in ample time to become operative with the Home Rule Bill, should that have been placed on the Statute Book in the meantime.

December is to see the opening of the great political campaign on behalf of the Coalition throughout the country, and there will be a great number of speeches delivered by prominent men in the Government ranks. The Prime Minister is to address meetings at Glasgow and Liverpool, and, seeing that the former is the hotbed of English Bolshevism and the latter of Irish Nationalism, it is probable that Mr. Lloyd George will meet with considerable opposition. Mr. Bonar Law is to speak at Edinburgh and Leeds, Sir R. Horne at Newcastle, while Sir I. Worthington Evans and Dr. Macnamara are to speak in Scotland.

Some rather good news comes from the minefields, where it is reported that the miners are really working well, harder than they did before the strike. A mine-owner states that nearly every pit under his control reports an output far higher than anything recorded for years. If the same conditions obtain in other mines, the result is likely to give considerable surprise to those who have been maintaining that the men were not responsible for the low output before the strike. This mine-owner also says he has not been able to make any improvements yet to bring about an increased output, and is rather at a loss to understand how such satisfactory results are being reached under the old conditions.

The daily press is devoting very little attention to the National Assembly now meeting at Westminster, but it, is understood, considerable activity is taking place. The members are already lining up into parties, and it seems likely that before long there will be High Church, Low Church, and Broad Church parties. A meeting of the advanced High Churchmen who belong to the English Church Union has been held, when some 120 members were present. Lord Phillimore was elected chairman of the group, with Mr. H. W. Hill as secretary. This group is strongly bound together, and will be well organised. It will be interesting to see what steps the other Church parties will take.

Mr. A. Henderson has given the Press an outline of the proposed procedure of the Labour Commission in Ireland. They will visit places where reprisals have taken place, inspect the damage, and have photographs taken. I hear that they will hold an inquiry at their local headquarters and invite witnesses to appear before them. This evidence will be heard *in camera*.

Mr

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SIR EDWARD CARSON AND A TRUCE.

The London *Evening Standard* yesterday published an interview with Sir Edward Carson, in the course of which he said that he had seen the suggestions made that there should be what is called "A Truce of God" in Ireland. There was no part of the community which more earnestly desired peace than Ulster. They were willing in 1914 to accept as a settlement the exclusion of six counties from the Home Rule Act. In 1916 they were willing for the sake of peace to be brought into force provided they were excluded. They accepted the present bill. The Council representing the Northern and Southern Parliaments, empowered to bring about unity by agreement at any time.

That was the only method of bringing about a real unity, which could never be forced. A continuance of assassination was alienating the North from the South, and making more difficult a settlement in the immediate future. Those who raised the cry of "withdraw the dogs of civil war," suggested that the Government were the aggressors, whereas the latter were compelled to protect innocent people. If all parties made it clear that the Government must resist Sinn Fein methods, it would show the futility of the latter.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 8.30 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"The Lilac Domino," 7.45 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"The Guilty Man," 6.30 and 8.3
Empire Theatre—6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Island of Saints and How to Get Out of It," "Sovereign Love," and "A Night at an Inn." 7.30 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, etc., 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—Continuous.
Chrysanthemum Show—The Moorings, Merrion Road, 10 to 4.30 p.m.
Mothers' Union—Service in St. Patrick's Cathedral, 11 a.m.
Women's Meeting, Glenageary Parochial Hall, 4.
Temperance Union—Lincoln Place, 3 p.m.
Rathfarnham Church—Memorial Service and Unveiling War Memorial, 3 p.m.
Alexandra College—Hermione Lecture, 4 p.m.

IN DARKEST BERLIN

THE LIGHT THAT FAILED.

FOOD AND MONEY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BERLIN, NOVEMBER 12.

Exactly two years ago the German Republic had its beginning. To one used to German life, particularly under war conditions, it was a mystery that such a drastic change could come into the constitutional life of the people. The sincerity of the whole event was strongly doubted in other countries, and even was regarded as nothing more than a clumsy piece of stage acting. This time last year there was an air of expectant dread in the country. It was believed that the Spartacists were ready to provoke another revolution on the anniversary of the first. But Berlin was buried deep in snow on the memorable "march," and any spirit of revolt must have been cooled by the bitterness of the cutting, ice-cold wind. To-day we are in a turbulence of another kind. Not the slightest hint of revolution is heard, however dissatisfied people are with life in general; but there is a strike of the electric power-workers, and, in some suburbs, of the gas-workers and allied forces of labour.

It is really interesting to see the slow unfolding of the effects of the strike. First of all, many of the electric lights, especially the lights in the main streets, went out. That was remedied, apparently, by getting current from another source. A good number of these lamps are still gas lamps. Then the telephone ceased to function—we discovered that it also depends upon electric current. That, too, was remedied. Then all the trams were laid idle. That was not cured, but in the course of the last few days, from the long-concealed oblivion of the scrap heap, a variety of horse vehicles have been resuscitated and put into service, making Berlin look again, with its dismal illumination and its ram-shackle passenger conveyances, like a city of a century ago—let us say, the city of Berlin Charles Dickens would have described had he paid it a visit in his day.

Among the ludicrous effects of the disorder was that at the theatre this evening. During the performance of "*Hollandweibchen*" at the Metropole Theatre—a house famous throughout Europe for its introduction of new pieces of operetta—the daring hero was in the act of knocking at the window of the lady of his infatuation in the dead of night when the lights in the theatre went out. A piece of stage realism with a vengeance! With instant promptitude the manager appeared before the realised what had happened, and said that there was an emergency generating plant which would be put into use. The public waited with remarkable patience. No light. The public volunteered pocket torch-lights. The leading lady—the famous Clara Dux, from the Opera House—suggested that we sing. Still no light. The famous comedian Telscher (a king of George Robey in his way) related funny stories about Americans in their struggles with the English language. Finally, some lights. The actors went back a bit to pick up the thread. After a bit the light failed again, but the public was not having any more of that. It ordered the cast to get on with the business of the evening, under the assistance of such illumination as the audience, with the aid of pocket lamps, was able to provide. Anything more absurdly funny than this struggle on the part of the caste in the dimly-lighted stage could not be imagined. But they persevered, and at last the stage electricians came to their senses.

The latest aspect of the strike is the dying out of the light in the big hotels, owing to the running down of the accumulators. The underground trains are also no longer running. But, in spite of this return to mediæval simplicity, there is hardly a word of complaint heard. Germans are not pretty well used to being battered about in the last two years. An extra blow or two is nothing to wonder at.

Another sensation of the week has been the raid on the bank clerks. This is a typical piece of German officialism. The compulsory control on the consumption of foodstuffs is being demobilised." It has been found that it is impossible to continue the control in view of the opposition of public opinion and the decline, since the revolution, of subservience to officialism. In view of this fact, it might reasonably be supposed that at least the same measure of evasion of the control as has been openly indulged might now continue, since very shortly control will, in any case, be removed. The German mind does not work in that way—at least not the official mind. If greater liberty is granted in one direction, it must be counterbalanced by increased severity in applying the regulations in another direction. So the hotels were all raided, and the managers looked up in the strictest custody, as though they were all pirates on the Spanish Main. The cellars were ransacked for hidden treasures of sugar, flour, butter, and the like. As if by the stroke of a magician's wand, the whole of these articles disappeared into thin air. The only "finds" were certain bags of sugar here and there, on the strength of which the police issued summonses against the hotel-keepers, to be heard at some later date. These bags of sugar were of a special sort, sold legally to the hotels by the municipality, since it had over-bought. The police have thus rendered themselves ridiculous, and the spell of the "authorities" over the subservient German mind has been still further weakened.

Another shiver has gone through Germany this week as to heavy that firm have to borrow money from the banks in order to pay the taxes demanded of them. This is sufficient to show that there is no more urgent need in the present situation of things than the Government should reduce its expenditure. The taxable capacity of the nation has been overstepped, and some taxes, like the Excess Profits Duty, have become a menace both to producers and to the Exchequer. The Excess Profits Duty must be abolished. It is a milestone on the road to the ruin of industry. It deprives business of its life-blood, which is capital.

EMPIRE PEACE CABINET.

It is understood, states *The Times*, that India will be represented at the meeting of Dominion Prime Ministers next June. How the representation of India will be constituted for the meeting in June is a matter which is receiving the attention of the India Office, in consultation, doubtless, with the Government of India. In the Imperial War Cabinet of 1918 India was represented by Lord Sinha, then Sir S. P. Sinha. On the British Empire delegation at the Peace Conference the representatives of India were Mr. Montagu, Secretary of State for India; the Maharaja of Bikanir, and Lord Sinha. The Peace Treaty was signed on behalf of India by Mr. Montagu and the Maharaja of Bikaner. There is still a certain amount of uncertainty about the constitutional position of the Empire Peace Cabinet, which will be constituted by the meeting of the Dominion Prime Ministers in June, and Major O'Neill has given notice of a question to be put to the Prime Minister next Monday. He will ask whether it is now proposed to abandon the special Imperial Conference to consider the readjustment of the constitutional relationship of the component parts of the Empire, which was recommended, by the Imperial Conference of 1917, to be held as soon as possible after the war. There is the best authority for saying that the Dominion Prime Ministers, at the meeting in June, will not wish to see the arrangement to be made for the holding of this special constitutional conference.

IRISH REPRISALS.

Bishop Gore contributes the following letter to *The Times* to-day:—Your columns contain two influentially-signed protests against reprisals in Ireland. But I cannot help thinking that they both partly fail of their purpose, through not minding their own proper business. For instance, it may be right at another time to exhort Sinn Fein or Ulster to abandon "separate ambitions," and England "selfish domination"—which is the natural application of the words of General Smuts quoted in one of these protests, or to call for a "truce" in Ireland, like the other protest. But a truce involves two warring parties, and is not easy to secure. With regard to these reprisals, however—though I am not one who goes all the way with Mr. Asquith in Irish policy—what I want to see is men of all views on Ireland united in a declaration that a policy or practice of "reprisals" by the Forces of the Crown is destructive of the root principle of justice in civilised Governments. We have condemned it in Amritsar. We must condemn it in Ireland. And our chance of getting it effectively condemned is not to mix it up with other questions on which men's minds are much divided.

WASTE AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

The Times, in a leading article to-day, states:—Mr. Kellaway, of the Department of Overseas Trade, was undoubtedly right in saying, at Harrold yesterday, that the public conscience is much more sensitive in regard to the evil of unemployment than it has ever been before. The spectacle of large bodies of men and women, many of whom have deserved well of their country, being willing, but unable, to find work is a blot upon our economic and social system, and anyone who could secure the general acceptance of any plan to eliminate it would be entitled to a prominent niche in the temple of fame. One of the causes of the increase in unemployment is, as Mr. Kellaway pointed out, the unsatisfactory position as between Labour and Capital, adds *The Times*. He gave several instances of orders being lost to British trade in consequence of the presence in British contracts of the variation clause, which gives the contractor the right to vary the price and the time of delivery in case the cost of production should be higher than he had estimated. The instances which Mr. Kellaway gave are not isolated. They are many manifestations of this difficult Labour position. They are to be found in the importation from abroad of goods which could, and ought to, be manufactured here. A banker recently suggested that the Government should appoint a Royal Commission to investigate the whole Labour and Capital position, with a view to the discovery of means, if any, by which the distribution of wealth produced by the aid of both may be more satisfactorily settled than by the present method of strike and lock-out. The growth of unemployment is due in a measure to trade activity, and its proper cure lies not in Government measures of relief, though these are necessary to alleviate distress, but in a revival of the demand for British goods. Mr. Kellaway was right in his analysis of the general causes of the lessened activity. One of the most important is the collapse of the Continental and other exchanges, which has put a stop to the purchasing power of those countries which were formerly our best customers. In some Continental countries two or three millions of local currency has to be paid for £1 of goods purchased here as was the case a year ago, and the reason for this is that the Continent is not producing a sufficient supply of goods. As soon as the world began to manufacture goods instead of paper money, and to pay its way instead of piling up debts for posterity, the exchanges will right themselves. This latter aspect of the cause of high prices and low exchanges was ignored by Mr. Kellaway, though it is of the highest importance. Mr. McKenna in his address at Manchester on Wednesday showed that the burden of taxation, owing to continued Government extravagance, is so heavy that firms have to borrow money from the banks in order to pay the taxes demanded of them. This is sufficient to show that there is no more urgent need in the present situation of things than the Government should reduce its expenditure. The taxable capacity of the nation has been overstepped, and some taxes, like the Excess Profits Duty, have become a menace both to producers and to the Exchequer. The Excess Profits Duty must be abolished. It is a milestone on the road to the ruin of industry. It deprives business of its life-blood, which is capital.

IRISH BUTTER EXPORTS.

THE DEPARTMENT CRITICISED.

DAIRY INDUSTRY THREATENED.

(BY A SOUTHERN EXPORTER.)

During the latter portion of July in this year the Department of Agriculture and the representatives of the producers of butter in Ireland entered into a so-called voluntary arrangement (made necessary by the threatened action of Labour to refuse to handle butter for export in the same way as last April) whereby it was agreed that the producers should provide at their own risk a reserve of 4,000 tons of butter for distribution in Ireland during the months of December, January, February, and March following. This butter was to be sold by the producers to the wholesalers and retailers, enabling it to be retailed up to the end of March at a price not exceeding 3s. 4d. per lb. It was also agreed by the producers' representatives that they would supply the current requirements in Ireland of the wholesalers and retailers at a price which would enable the butter to be retailed at not over 3s. 4d. per lb.

The Department of Agriculture then fixed the quota of each producer's towards the carrying out of this scheme. They instructed each producer to cold-store 40 *per cent.* of his production at his own expense. They permitted him to export to Great Britain 30 *per cent.* of his production, leave to get the best price he could for it in Great Britain, and they instructed him to reserve for Irish requirements the remaining 30 per cent. of his output, to be, as before stated, supplied to the wholesalers and retailers, enabling it to be retailed at a price not exceeding 3s. 4d. *per* lb.

The 4,000 tons necessary for the winter requirements of the consumers in Ireland have been cold-stored. The representatives of the producers, of course, could not guarantee that every producer in the country would adhere to this voluntary arrangement, but it was fairly well adhered to by a great number of the producers, among whom were the largest exporters in the country, whose contributions as to cold storage entailed financial obligations running into hundreds of thousands of pounds sterling. At the end of September the producers were informed that they need cold-store no more, as the required 4,000 tons had been secured. They were subsequently told that the Department had made a mistake, and that there were still 500 tons short of the quantity required, which the producers were instructed to make up in quantities specified by the Department.

These instructions left a very short quantity required for cold storage have, so far as the members of the Irish Butter Trade Association go, been carried out. The members of the Association have also fulfilled every demand made on them for supplies in Ireland at the prices agreed on, but found themselves at the end of September with considerable quantities of stock which was not of the description suitable for the trade in this country and which they were unable to dispose of in Ireland. They naturally looked to the Department of Agriculture, in virtue of the agreement entered into with the Department of Agriculture, that, when the winter requirements had been secured, licences for increased quantities for export would be granted who had, as far as in them lay, adhered to the terms of the arrangement. The contrary, however, is the case at the present time, as the principal exporters have been granted licences which are being freely granted to people who are practically not in the trade at all, and to many who are no more than hucksters at the business, which those who undertook enormous financial responsibilities are denied the means of disposing of stocks for which there is no outlet in this country. This condition is due to those who have taken this enormous financial risk on their shoulders is responsible for the stoppage of buying of fresh butter in most of the markets in Munster. They purchase only to be disposed of in this country. Consequently most of the factories have had to discharge the greater number of their hands, with the result in many cases that other labour has to be called out and business has been entirely suspended.

Thus those who have endeavoured most carefully to conform to the Department's wishes and have taken this enormous financial responsibility have been turned down by the Department and licences refused them, while others without any claim to such licences have obtained them freely. Also the farmers in Munster have been deprived of a market for their home-made butter, which in many cases, and when they were enabled to sell at any price, it has been at a figure of about half, or less, that obtainable by the English farmer in Great Britain for the competing product.

It may be true that some of the exporters, when they were assured that the winter requirements of the country were safely cold-stored, had, while still supplying all the demands made on them in Ireland as the prices agreed on, exported some of their surplus, considering that they had fulfilled their obligations and carried out the agreement made with the Department. There was no other course open to them. They had either to keep the butter in ordinary storage and let it become unfit for sale, or to export it. While other course could any reasonable person say was open to them, but to act as they did? Yet for so doing consignments of butter have been held up on the quays in Great Britain for the past month by the Customs authorities on the instruction of the Department of Agriculture in Ireland, at a considerable loss to them on the quality of the food so seized. Concerning the object of this seizure, the shippers have received no information whatsoever from those upon whose instructions the goods were held up.

How long is this condition of the trade do continue? It is to be hoped that the statement that the Department of Agriculture, which is presumably in existence for the benefit and encouragement of the dairying industry in Ireland, has, out of any fault on the part of the exporters who may unwittingly have exceeded the exact letter of the Department's Butter Order, committed themselves to the policy of putting out of trade the largest dealers in butter in the country. The word "unwittingly" is used advisedly, as it has only just been discovered by these exporters that the Department had used the Defence of the Realm Act behind their Order, and that offences against the Order were offences against D.O.R.A. Had they been informed that this arrangement entered into with the Department as a voluntary one was, as a matter of fact, a compulsory arrangement, they would have acted accordingly. They consider that as they were lured into the arrangement under false pretences, or at least under a false impression, the Department should take over immediately all their responsibilities in connection with regard to butter held by these exporters, whether in or out of cold store.

It is stated that the export of milch cows from Ireland to Great Britain during the past six months has been 14,000 more than in the corresponding period last year. Can this be confirmed as shown that the Irish English farmer can obtain in Great Britain about 100 *per cent.* more for the butter made from the milk of these cows than the Irish farmer can get for a similar article in Ireland? At the same rate of depletion how long will it be before the dairying industry is a thing of the past in Ireland? Who would be held responsible for this but the Department of Agriculture, who have permitted and encouraged the condition of affairs by their unfair and arbitrary treatment of the trade, and by the restrictions which they placed on prices in Ireland?

AMBASSADORS' COUNCIL.

FRENCH AND BRITISH TROOPS IN DANZIG.

A Reuter's Paris telegram of Thursday says:—The Council of Ambassadors met here this morning and heard the report of the Inter-Allied Commission regarding the organisation of the plebiscite in Upper Silesia. The Council decided that the French and British troops at present in Danzig should shortly evacuate the city, and a Franco-British Commission should be appointed for the purpose of carrying out the partition of goods belonging to the German Empire and the German States between Poland and the free City of Danzig, in conformity with Article 107 of the Peace Treaty.

The President of the Council of Ambassadors, speaking on behalf of himself and his colleagues, expressed to Lord Derby, retiring British Ambassador, the sincere regrets felt by the Council at his departure. Lord Derby made a short speech in reply.

REUNION OF CHURCHES.

The question of Reunion was discussed at a meeting in London yesterday of the Assembly of the Church of England.

The Archbishop of York moved that the Assembly welcome his "Appeal to all Christian People," issued by the Lambeth Conference, and expressed the hope that the preliminary step would be taken as soon as possible to initiate conferences on the proposals set out in the appeal. It was believed, said His Grace, that the ideal was that of organic union, in which the different creeds would retain all that had been characteristic of their development. The time was long past when any group of Christians could bandy epithets of schism one with another. They would get no further along the road if a spirit of self-satisfaction was retained. The Lambeth Conference asked for no repudiation of ministries which men had already enjoyed and fulfilled.

Lord Selborne seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously after a discussion, in which the Bishop of Durham, Archbishop of Canterbury, and others participated.

A FRIEND OF POOR CHILDREN.

Mr. William Baker, Hon. Director and Chairman of the Council of Dr. Barnardo's Homes National Incorporated Association, died on Wednesday, in his 72nd year, says *The Times*. The third son of the late Hugh Baker, of Lismacue, Bansha, Co. Tipperary, he was born in 1849, and was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, where he left a brilliant record. He was called to the Bar in 1875, and obtained a good practice in the Chancery side. It was in 1880 that he first made his acquaintance of Dr. Barnardo. Though he was from the first deeply interested in the work of rescuing destitute childhood, it was not until seven years later that he became a member of the Council of the Homes and of their Finance Committee. Mr. Baker consolidated the work which Dr. Barnardo had begun, and then set himself to extend it still further. At the time of Dr. Barnardo's death 60,000 children had been educated, maintained, and given a fair start in life. To-day the total is 90,000.

A Reuter's telegram, dated Melbourne, Thursday, says—It is now believed that the subscription to the testimonial which it is intended to present to Mr. Hughes will total £20,000.

VENIZELOS LEAVES GREECE.

STREET RIOTING IN ATHENS

EX-KING AND HIS RETURN.

An Athens telegram, dated Wednesday, states:—There was a Constantinian pandemonium here this afternoon. The number of demonstrators was not large, but they were obviously organised, with a view to creating an impression, with motor cars, carriages, large portraits, and flags, and there was firing at random. The armed police force that was on duty joined with the demonstrators and sang the Constantine anthem. M. Venizelos has left Greece for Nice by the yacht Narcissus, escorted by a British cruiser and two destroyers.

An Exchange Paris telegram says that, according to an Athens report, M. Venizelos declared before embarking that he was certain that his life and those of his friends were in danger.

An Athens telegram to Paris says:—The results so far to hand of the elections on the Asia Minor and Thracian fronts show some gains for the Venizelists, who hope to obtain 150 or 160 seats in the Chamber out of the total of 369.

M. Rhallis to-day had a long interview with the Regent, and this evening he conferred with the other leaders to decide as to whether the associates of murderers should take the oath in the presence of Queen Olga.

M. Rhallis took the oath of office as Premier before the Regent on Wednesday. It immediately called upon the latter to resign. The other Ministers will take the oath before the Queen Mother.

An Athens telegram, dated Thursday, states:—It is learned on reliable authority that the new Cabinet will include M. Rhallis as Premier and Foreign Minister, M. Gounaris War Minister, and M. John Rhallis, Marine Minister.

STATEMENT BY THE EX-KING.

The Lucerne Correspondent of the *Messagero*, says a Reuter's Rome telegram, has interviewed ex-King Constantine, who expresses great satisfaction at the results of the elections. The ex-Monarch denied that he was animated by any feelings of enmity towards the Allies, but, on the contrary, he relied upon their honesty to permit his return to the Throne, if a plebiscite showed that the Greek people desired him back.

The ex-King also declared that if he was recalled to the Throne his policy would be always loyal to the Allies, adding that the cause of M. Venizelos's downfall was the deep hatred he entertained towards him (Constantine), although on questions of internal policy the two men were in agreement with M. Venizelos.

Referring to Constantinople, the ex-King said that its possession was a vision which Greeks cherished, and would cherish, but it was nothing more than a vision.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS AND KING CONSTANTINE.

Colonel Morden, in the House of Commons yesterday, asked the Prime Minister whether Greece would be allowed to remain a member of the League of Nations if ex-King Constantine returned to the throne.

Mr. Bonar Law—Under Article 16 of the Covenant the expulsion of a member of the League is a matter for the decision of the Council.

Replying to several members in the Commons yesterday, the Prime Minister said that it was not desirable to answer questions on the effect of the Greek elections on the foreign policy of the Allies until the situation had further developed. He had no information as to whether the Greek troops were evacuating, or remaining in, their positions.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE AND THE NEGOTIATIONS.

POSITION OF BRITISH PRISONERS.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Bonar Law, in reply to Colonel Sir Frederick Hall, said that arrangements would be made to obtain evidence from the British prisoners who had been released from Baku as to their treatment at the hands of the Soviet authorities. As to postponing further friendly negotiations with the Russians until the British delegates until the publication of such evidence, he had nothing to add to a previous reply to the hon. gentleman.

Mr. Joynson-Hicks—Is it the settled policy of the Government that we are to sell British honour for stolen gold?

Mr. Bonar Law—No, sir.

Mr. Roper—Are the foul murder of Captain Crosbie and the disappearance of other prisoners at Baku to be avenged by our shaking hands with the associates of murderers?

Mr. Bonar Law—Nobody needs to shake hands with them. My hon. friend's question implied that we had to trade with Russia as long as the Soviet Government exists. That is a very serious suggestion.

Mr. Pemberton Billing—May we take it, then, that we have not abandoned the British prisoners in Russia?

Mr. Bonar Law—The House may take it for certain that we shall secure their release. (Cheers.)

Mr. Lloyd George, replying to Sir Samuel Roberts and other members, said that the Cabinet had decided to enter into an agreement to carry out the July arrangement for trading with Russia should be prepared, and he hoped it would be ready for submission to the Russian Government in a few days. The Government would not be entered into until the Cabinet was satisfied that the undertaking given by Soviet Government with regard to British prisoners was being carried out. If the Soviet desired to discuss the subject he had no doubt that this could be arranged.

Sir William Davison asked whether the terms of the agreement would include an acknowledgment by Russia of her debt of five hundred millions to this country, even though she might not be able to pay it at the moment.

The Speaker said that notice should be given of that question.

THE STATE OF TIPPERARY TOWN.

A REPLY TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Mr. P. J. Moloney, M.P., Chairman of the Tipperary Urban Council, has addressed an open letter to the Chief Secretary, in which he contradicts his statement in the House of Commons on the 17th inst., relative to the burning in Tipperary. He asserts that houses were deliberately burned, that the Urban Council employés were obstructed, that the hose was cut, and in men and women who were assisting to put out the fires assaulted and threatened. Mr. Moloney describes as absolutely untrue the Chief Secretary's statement that there were only three fires in Tipperary Town since January 1st, 1919. One man, Andrew Hayes, he says, was shot in the town last July, and died afterwards in Dublin Hospital, and no one was arrested for, or charged with, the death. No other murder was committed in the town or parish of Tipperary for the past twenty-five years.

THE NATIONAL FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to Colonel Sir Godfrey Collins in the House of Commons yesterday, said that the Government would give a day, probably in the week after next, for the discussion of the present national financial situation. He presumed that the Opposition would put down a motion on the subject.

OUR FLOATING DEBT IN AMERICA.

Mr. Chamberlain, replying to Mr. Wise in the Commons yesterday, said that the amount of the British floating debt in the United States of America on 17th November was 57,405,000 dollars. A year ago it was 150,914,000 dollars.

INCIDENTS IN THE PROVINCES.

Three motor drivers have been arrested in Enniscorthy and taken to Dublin. The charge against them is not known.

On Wednesday night a party of soldiers seized letters in Ballina Post Office, which, it is said, were addressed to well-known Sinn Feiners.

Claims amounting to nearly £800 have been lodged by traders in Enniscorthy for damage to their property during the past week. In one case a motor car was burned at night.

Judgment was reserved by a District Court-martial in Galway yesterday in a case in which Patrick J. Walsh a tailor, of Oughterard, was accused of soliciting a soldier to sell arms.

The two men who were shot at and wounded in Kilcullen some nights ago are now stated to be out of danger. The other men who were arrested at the same time are in military custody.

A District Courtmartial in Galway yesterday acquitted Michael Martyn, B.E., Tuam, who was charged with having at his house in Fortumna a quantity of ammunition not under effective military control.

The Secretary reported to the Leitrim County Council at their meeting yesterday that the rate books and other documents, which were stolen some time ago by armed and disguised men from its rate collector, had been returned.

Additional claims have been lodged for compensation for malicious injuries in Clare, bringing the total to £321,768. They include—Most Rev. Dr. Fogarty, and others, £2,500 for the burning of the Temperance Hall at Miltown Malbay.

NIGHT OF TERROR IN CORK.

THREE MEN SHOT DEAD.

TWO OTHERS BADLY WOUNDED.

SOLDIER KILLED IN COUNTY LIMERICK.

The following official reports reached Dublin from Cork yesterday:—

In the early hours of this morning four civilians, in overcoats and with their caps drawn over their faces, called at the house of James Coleman, publican, in North Mall, Cork. When he came down and opened the front door he was shot dead. Three bullets entered his breast. Coleman was friendly with the police.

Patrick Hanley, 19, single, labourer, of 2 Broad street, Cork, and Eugene Connell, labourer, married, 17 Broad lane, were shot dead in their homes by masked men at midnight last night. At the same time Stephen Coleman, 2 Broad street, soldier, married, and Charles Bryan, 17 Broad lane, Cork, were shot at and dangerously wounded by the same unknown men.

Our Cork Correspondent telegraphs that the latest information shows that three persons are dead—James Coleman, 13 North Mall; Eugene Connell, 17 Broad lane; and Patrick Hanley, 2 Broad street—and two wounded—Charles O'Brien, 17 Broad lane, and Stephen Coleman, 2 Broad street. Relatives who interviewed state that the shooting was done in every case by a man in uniform.

Mr. James Coleman was treasurer of the Cork Industrial Development Association, and carried on a mineral water factory and a wine and spirit business. At four o'clock on Thursday morning, it is stated, in answer to loud knocking at the front door, Mr. Coleman rose from bed, partly dressed, and going down stairs asked who was there. The reply was "Military." When the door was opened a tall man stepped in and asked, "Are you Coleman?" to which he got an affirmative reply. This man then fired two shots point blank, and Coleman fell on the chair beside the door. The man swung around then as if to leave, but again turned and fired two or three shots more, all of which took effect, one bullet penetrating the region of the heart. Coleman died instantly, and the man left quickly. Mrs. Coleman stated that ten minutes later a policeman, whom she knew by appearance, came to the door with revolver in hand. She said: "Why did you shoot him?" and the man replied, "We did not do it." She said that she was being done, when he replied, "Perhaps it was Sinn Feiners dressed in our uniform." When she suggested going for a priest he said, "Don't you hear the shots? You had better not go out, or you might be murdered, as one is enough for one night." He helped to place pillows under the body, and, left, remarking that a comrade was waiting for him outside. Mrs. Coleman and her two children remained beside the body until 7 o'clock in the morning, when neighbours called.

The shooting in Broad street occurred about midnight. The front door was smashed in, and, it is alleged, that a man in uniform rushed upstairs and burst in the door of the room in which Stephen Coleman and his wife and children were sleeping. Turning a flashlight on them, he raised a revolver and fired into the bed, wounding Coleman in the arm. The man then went to the room in which Patrick Hanley and John King were sleeping. They jumped out of bed. Hanley reached the bedroom door and shouted: "Don't shoot, I am an orphan and my mother's chief support." The intruder fired, but the first shot missed, and he fired again, the bullet penetrating Hanley just above the heart, killing him instantly. The intruder then examined another room, but finding that it was occupied only by a woman left.

A few minutes later the same party in Eugene Connell lane occurred. Here Eugene O'Connell was shot, and his brother-in-law, Charles O'Brien, a lad of 17 years, was seriously wounded. O'Connell, who was sleeping with his wife and child, came out to the landing, and the man fired, striking him on the wrist, and, following him into the room, fired again, the bullet entering his head, killing him instantly.

The man then rushed upstairs and shot Charles O'Brien, the bullet passing through the ear and lodging in the neck. After shooting O'Brien the assailant went to the bed in which his younger brother, aged 10, was, and raised his revolver, but the boy explained, "Don't shoot me; I am too young." The assailant loaded his revolver and hurried out of the house.

Six policemen called at 2 Broad street to-day to examine the scene of the murder and make inquiries. The same party also called at 17 Broad lane, but were refused admittance.

AERODROME ATTACKED.

ONE SOLDIER KILLED; ANOTHER WOUNDED.

Our Limerick Correspondent telegraphed last night as follows:—A party of armed men visiting the aerodrome at Bawnmore, two miles from Limerick, was attacked at half-past two o'clock this morning by a number of armed men. As a result one soldier was shot dead, and another seriously wounded in the right knee.

The soldiers, whose names could not be ascertained, belonged to the Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

The object of the attack is believed to have been to obtain equipment and arms, but nothing was got, as the dead soldier were taken to the morgue at the military barracks, and the wounded man was removed to hospital.

THE MURDER OF DISTRICT INSPECTOR KELLEHER.

An official report issued yesterday states that Bernard Macken, Lawrence Kiernan, and Kitty Kiernan have been committed for trial in connection with the murder of District Inspector Kelleher at Granard, Co. Longford, on the 31st October.

AUXILIARY POLICEMEN ATTACKED.

An official report states that on the 15th inst. two members of the Auxiliary force, stationed at Woodstock County Kilkenny, were on duty in Cork, where they were attacked by about a dozen men and one of the two, an ex-captain, was knocked down and deprived of his revolver. His comrade, an ex-major, discharged five shots with a revolver, and the attacking party suddenly disappeared. It is believed that two of their number were hit.

MILITARY SEARCHES IN DUBLIN.

A number of searches were made by military and police in Dublin in the small hours of yesterday morning. Shortly before 1 a.m. a party of about 20 soldiers, in charge of an officer, and accompanied by a D.M.P. constable, visited the City of Dublin Technical Schools, 18 Parnell Square, and made a search, which lasted until about 2 a.m. Those in charge of the building subsequently stated that they were not aware of any seizure having been made. A boarding-house at No. 2 Gardiner's place, of which Miss Mulhall is the proprietress, was visited at about 2.30 a.m., and the boarders were questioned by the military as to their identity, but no arrests or seizures were made. In the small hours of the morning two houses in Gloucester street—Nos. 52 and 53—were visited by military search parties, but no arrests were made, the soldiers acting with courtesy. An official of the Munster and Leinster Bank, Lower Sackville street, which was visited by the auxiliary police on Wednesday afternoon, was taken from his lodgings in Harcourt street on the same evening, and an official of another branch of the same bank in the city was afterwards taken away by the military. So far as is known no charge has been preferred in either case. The house of Mrs. McLoughlin, No. 29 South Cumberland street, off Great Brunswick street, was visited by a party of auxiliary Constabulary at about mid-day yesterday, and they are stated to have inquired for a man. How harbed wire entanglements have been put up by the military during the past few days on the yard walls around the Dublin Police Courts.

THREATENING A PROCESS-SERVER.

A County Cavan small farmer, who is also a process server, residing at Swanlinbar, has received, according to an official report, a threatening letter, of which the following is a copy:—

Take notice, that you must give up all connection with summons, process, and writ service from this date. Remember if you serve one tomorrow it is at the peril of your own life, and if you get others to do the work for you your home will be burned to ashes and you will have no one to blame but yourself.

Signed, by Order of Sinn Fein,
Executive of Dail Eireann.

SHOOTING ACCIDENT IN NAAS.

Two young men were stopped by a patrol of Royal Irish Constabulary men in North Main street, Naas, on Wednesday night and searched. At the close of the search the revolver of one of the policemen dropped from its holster, causing a shot to go off, and he was wounded in the knee by a bullet. The man shouted, "It is an accident," thus assuring his companions that they had not been fired at in the dark. The injured man is progressing favourably in the military hospital.

IRISH RAILWAY CRISIS.

THE COUNCIL OF THE N.U.R.

REQUEST TO MR. J. H. THOMAS, M.P.

The Irish railway crisis continues to be in an acute stage, and inquiries in Dublin yesterday did not reveal any developments likely to indicate any relief of the situation. The feeling among the commercial classes is strongly in the direction of peace, and there is a hopeful sign in the fact that several influential trade unionists and members of the Railwaymen's Union do not conceal the fact that their sympathies lie in the same direction.

The conference of the Irish Council of the National Union of Railwaymen, at the offices in Beresford place, which had occupied the entire day on Wednesday, was resumed yesterday morning, and lasted until about 1 p.m. Mr. R. Hennessey (Inchicore Branch), Chairman of the Irish Council, presided, and those present included Messrs. James Stephens, Irish Secretary; T. Ward (Belfast), J. O'Halloran (Newry), M. Dolan (Cork), P. Fahy (Sligo), M. Duffy (Athenry), M. O'Dwyer (Mullingar), and J. Gleeson, solicitor. The proceedings were conducted in private, but at the close of the meeting the following statement was officially supplied to the Press:—

"The Irish Council of the N.U.R., at their meeting held in Dublin to-day, in endorsing the English Labour Party resolution on the Irish question, on the motion of Messrs. Dwyer and Hennessey, requested Mr. J. H. Thomas, Parliamentary General Secretary of the Union, to support the policy of the English Labour Party, as put forward by Mr. Adamson, and endorsed by the special Irish Trades Union Congress in Dublin on the 16th November, with a view to putting an end to the present grave crisis existing in this country."

Interviewed by Press representatives yesterday, Mr. Bermingham said that the munitions question was one now solely for the railwaymen to carry out the resolution of the special Irish Trades Union Congress, and to decide among themselves whether an Irish Railwaymen's Congress might be called or a ballot of the members taken as to whether they were willing to continue the struggle. It is understood that the branches of the N.U.R. in Ireland will be circularised as to whether or not they will have a congress or a ballot on the question at issue.

The view seems to prevail among the railwaymen that a decision can be arrived at before it becomes necessary, through the depletion of stocks, for any of the Irish railway companies to close down its system.

LABOUR PARTY'S ATTITUDE.

Mr. Thomas Johnson, Secretary of the Irish Labour Party, in a statement to the Press yesterday, said: The National Executive of the Irish Labour Party has no power to compel railwaymen, or any other body of workers, to follow a particular line of policy. Having faced all the possible consequences, they had plainly given their advice that the refusal to carry armed men and munitions should be persisted in. They believe the country will rally to the support of this policy, and that all classes will be willing to share the sacrifice that will be called for. The Congress, by an overwhelming majority, endorsed this opinion, and agreed that, as the first sufferers would undoubtedly be the railwaymen, it did not desire to impose the full burden upon the railwaymen if they wished to alter their decision. We have every reason to believe that there will be any such change."

MORE TRAINS HELD UP.

The holding up of trains on all the railway systems running to the south and west of Dublin still continued yesterday.

On the Midland Great Western Railway four trains were held up yesterday, two of these being, as usual for several weeks past, at Athlone Station. The customary course was noticed by the company in dealing with the guards of all these trains. The Broadstone terminus, it was ascertained

IRISH QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5, COLUMN 7.)

Belfast, in which there were 300 children, smashed the windows, and terrorised the children; whether they returned a few minutes later with arms fired a number of volleys into the school; in the imminent peril of the children; whether shops in the neighbourhood were wrecked; whether police and military had to beat off the assailants; and whether any arrests had been made.

Sir Hamar Greenwood—I have just received the following wire from Belfast:—"Twenty roughs who marched from Lepper street to Astrim road about noon yesterday on reaching Edlingham street threw stones at people at the corner of that street. A man fired a revolver shot, and the crowd retreated, but soon returned with reinforcements and fired shots at the opposition crowd, who are alleged to have returned the fire. No one was injured. The damage consisted of the breaking of a street lamp and a plain glass window in the houses of one Unionist and one Nationalist. No injury was done to the school. No arrests were made. Military, with an armoured car, and police hurried to the scene. No further trouble. The police did not hear anyone repeating the cry 'Remember Balbriggan.' Up, the Fenians!" Strong police patrols remained in the vicinity."

ARDFERT CREAMERY.

Sir Hamar Greenwood informed Mr. Watson that the premises of the Co-operative Creamery at Ardfert were searched for arms and ammunition and for persons evading arrest. On the 5th inst. a party of police were ambushed at Ardfert. Some of attackers were subsequently to run towards a stable, and it was thought that they had taken cover within. The police approached the stable and fired through the door, and on entering found that a horse had been shot.

THE "TRUCE OF GOD."

Lord Henry Cavendish-Bentinck asked the Prime Minister if he would take into consideration the declaration by the Catholic Archbishop of Tuam, that an immediate truce of God was possible if the first move was made by the Government, and that serious strife would cease if the Government introduced a measure of full Home Rule, including full fiscal control.

Mr. Lloyd George said that he was sure that there was a general desire for peace, both in Great Britain and Ireland, which the Government fully shared, but the first step towards peace must be the cessation of the attempts to overthrow the reign of law by the use of murder and assassination.

Mr. Devlin—Does the right hon. gentleman think that a reign of law is established by a conspiracy to destroy the property and lives of innocent civilian citizens in Ireland? Is that a reign of law or a reign of Bonar Law? (Laughter.)

Mr. Lloyd George—I am not aware of any conspiracy of that kind, except the conspiracy of those murderous people who form murderer gangs for the purpose of attacking and killing the agents of the law in Ireland. It is our business to frustrate them up.

THE IRISH PEACE CONFERENCE.

Lord Henry Cavendish Bentinck asked the Prime Minister whether he had declined to receive a deputation appointed to convey to him the resolutions passed by the Irish Peace Conference, an assembly widely representative of moderate opinion in Ireland, which met in Dublin on the 24th August, in response to his invitation.

Mr. Lloyd George said that he had not declined to receive such a deputation.

Lord Henry Cavendish Bentinck—Will the right hon. gentleman receive the deputation?

Mr. Lloyd George—I do not think it desirable that I should not agree to pin myself in regard to time. I do not think much would be gained at the present moment by receiving it.

COURT-MARTIAL FOR POLICE.

Sir Hamar Greenwood informed Mr. Kiley that the nine constables under arrest in Ireland, "charged with murder, looting, felony, and conduct prejudicial to good order," would be tried by court-martial in accordance with Section 48 of the Army Act.

ATTACKS ON CREAMERIES.

Replying to a question by Mr. Adamson, Sir Hamar Greenwood said that, according to a report he had received, the store-house of the Abbeyfeale Creamery was burned down on the night of 15th October, but no clue could be obtained as to the identity of the persons who committed this destruction. The manager of the creamery alleged that he had been assaulted, but the police had no information as to this beyond his own statement, or as to the alleged removal of quantities of butter and cheese. With reference to a Moycullen (co. Galway) incident, where, it was alleged in the question, that a mixed force, consisting of police and military, forced an assistant, the Chief Secretary said that he was informed that a mixed force of police and military visited the town on the 18th October, while searching for a schoolmaster, had to be pacified and quieted by his being friendly disposed towards the police. The kidnapping party were reported to be halted near the creamery, but they assembled at the house named, but it appeared the manager and his assistants, on being questioned, refused to give any information, and the manager ran towards the back of the premises. The suspicions of the police were excited by this movement, and, on his refusing to stop, a shot was fired from a shot gun, wounding him with pellets in the hip and neck. His assistants were not flogged. The missing schoolmaster had not yet been found, and grave fears were entertained for his safety.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, in reply to Mr. MacVeagh, said that he had nothing to add to a previous reply with reference to attacks made by uniformed men on a number of creameries in different parts of Ireland. A number of inquiries were proceeding, and he was not in a position to give a detailed account, but hoped to be able to do so in a few days.

Replying to Mr. Charles White, who asked the Chief Secretary whether he could state the result of the inquiries into the origin of the burning of the co-operative creamery at Littleton, following the capture of the Littleton Police Barrack on the 31st ult., when the police were not maltreated in any way, and what steps were being taken to bring the persons concerned in the destruction of the creamery to trial.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that he was not yet in position to give any further information regarding the matter.

THE DEATH OF MRS. QUINN.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, replying to Major McKenzie Wood, said that he had no information to the effect that "A Government Chief Constable had asked to take a statement from Mrs. Quinn, who was killed by a shot from a motor lorry. He had a report from the head constable, from which it appeared that he twice visited Mrs. Quinn's house after the injury was received. On the first occasion Mrs. Quinn was being attended by the doctor, and on the second occasion she was unconscious.

Mr. MacVeagh asked whether the right hon. gentleman had seen the published statement of the parish priest that he had twice asked the head constable to take a statement from the dying woman, and that the head constable refused.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that he had read a letter to that effect in the *Westminster Gazette*, taken from the *Irish Bulletin*. If it was so, and if the priest made this request to the head constable, all he could say was that none of the constables take their orders from priests. (Cries of "Oh.")

SHOOTING AT HEDGEROWS.

Replying to Mr. Moseley, Sir Hamar Greenwood said that the police and military in Ireland, after several bitter experiences, had at times adopted the method of firing into dense clumps of hedgerows, or trees where ambushes were likely to be placed, in the hope of either dislodging any assailants who might be lying in wait, or of causing them to disclose themselves before they came to short range. They were willingly supply the police with armoured cars if it were possible to do so, and if such cars would perform the work required of a police lorry.

THE FORCES IN IRELAND.

Mr. Churchill writes, in reply to Major Barnes, that the strength of the forces stationed in Ireland on 1/11-14 was approximately 60,000 all ranks, and the cost 2½ millions per annum, equal, at present prices, to nearly six millions. The strength in December, 1919, was 43,000, all ranks, costing 4½ millions per annum.

AUXILIARY CHARGED WITH LARCENY.

Mr. Devlin asked the Chief Secretary whether he was aware that at a Special Court in Kilkenny on Tuesday, 9th inst., before Mr. T. D. Sullivan, Resident Magistrate, Major Ewan Bruce, formerly a member of the Auxiliary Police Force, stationed in Innistioge, Co. Kilkenny, was charged in custody at the suit of District Inspector Baynham, Callan, with the larceny of £75 from Kells Creamery on the night of the 10th October; whether the case was originally before the court on Thursday, 28th October, but after evidence had been gone into that day the Intelligence Officer at the military barracks, Kilkenny, communicated with the Press, and informed them that they would not be allowed to publish the details of the evidence; whether he was aware that at the subsequent sitting of the court Mr. Sullivan, the Resident Magistrate, said that he had been handed a note from the Press, asking if the proceedings might be reported; to this he replied that it was a public court, that there was no censorship so far as he was aware; that there was nothing whatever to prevent the Press from reporting anything they might think fit, and that the proceedings of a Court of Justice were always public except in very exceptional circumstances; and whether, in view of this statement, the right hon. gentleman could state on what authority the military officer acted in forbidding the publication of this important case in the Press.

Sir Hamar Greenwood referred to a previous reply, and added that he was informed that the officer in question did not purport to prohibit the publication of the proceedings, but pointed out that as the accused was awaiting trial by courtmartial it would be indesirable to publish the proceedings before the Resident Magistrate.

MISS ANITA McMAHON.

Replying to Major Watts Morgan, Sir Hamar Greenwood stated that Miss Anita McMahon, Achill, had been sentenced by courtmartial. The documents in respect of which she was convicted definitely connected her with the organisation of the so-called Irish Republican Army. Miss M'Mahon was being treated in accordance with the ordinary rules for the treatment of persons sentenced to imprisonment without hard labour.

Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy—Is she being prosecuted for being a member of Sinn Fein, and does the right hon. gentleman still say that people are not prosecuted for their political opinions in Ireland?

Sir Hamar Greenwood—I do not say that at all.

COURTMARTIAL IN DUBLIN.

POSSESSION OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

A TEMPLEOGUE INCIDENT.

A district courtmartial assembled at Marlborough Barracks, Dublin, yesterday, when an elderly man named Mr. J. O'Beirne, National Foresters' Hall, Blackhall street, Dublin, was charged with being in possession of a revolver on the 23rd October.

Mr. James Cawley (instructed by Messrs. Gerald Byrne and Co.) appeared for the accused, who pleaded not guilty.

A lieutenant gave evidence of arrest, and, in reply to Mr. Cawley, said that accused offered no violence. Before witness spoke the accused said: "I suppose you are arresting me for having a disused revolver." The mechanism of the revolver was in working order, but he was not capable of saying whether it was serviceable or not. It certainly had a rusty appearance. He made no concealment from beginning to the end that the revolver was in his possession.

Accused's son, aged twelve years, a pupil at Glasnevin Orphanage, said that he was sowing cabbage in a field attached to the school about eight months ago, and found the revolver, which was rusty. When his father visited him a few days afterwards he gave him the revolver and asked him to take it home.

Mr. Hugh McCarthy, superintendent in the Educational Department of the Corporation, said that he knew accused for twenty-one years, and his character was exceptionally good. He never knew the accused to be associated with any political or revolutionary movement. The accused only minded his business.

The President—Don't you think it surprising that a man of his age and knowledge should keep a clamn thing like that? I am very much surprised.

The Prosecutor said that he was prepared to accept that the offence was a technical one.

The Court closed.

FATHER AND SON CHARGED.

An elderly man named Charles Vaughan and his son Charles, of Mountain View, Templeogue, were charged with having three revolvers, 79 rounds of revolver ammunition, and one sporting cartridge in their possession on 30th October.

Mr. J. C. R. Lardner (instructed by Messrs. Corrigan and Corrigan) appeared for accused, who pleaded not guilty.

A military witness stated that he raided the house of the accused on October 30th. Witness asked Mr. Vaughan, senior, to come into the back yard, and then ordered some of the men to search two piles of wood. A tin was then handed to witness which contained 80 rounds of ammunition—all revolver ammunition, except one sporting cartridge. A bundle of hay was also pulled out from under the wood. The hay contained a large tin, in which were three revolvers—one Colt and two pinfires (produced). Both accused stated to witness that they had never seen them before.

In reply to Mr. Lardner, witness said that it would be possible for anyone to conceal articles in the pile, given the time and opportunity.

Mr. Lardner, for the defence, admitted that the things were there. His clients, he said, were charged with having and keeping, but there was not sufficient material to convict.

The Court found both prisoners not guilty, and they were discharged.

CHARGE AGAINST BROTHERS.

Two brothers named Thomas O'Connor and Michael O'Connor, residing at 25 Iveagh Trust Buildings, Dublin, were tried for having in their possession on the 23rd October one revolver and ammunition.

Mr. Gerald Byrne and Co.) appeared for the accused, who pleaded not guilty.

Sergeant Lynch, who marched from Lepper street to Astrim road about noon yesterday on reaching Edlingham street threw stones at people at the corner of that street. A man fired a revolver shot, and the crowd retreated, but soon returned with reinforcements and fired shots at the opposition crowd, who are alleged to have returned the fire. No one was injured. The damage consisted of the breaking of a street lamp and a plain glass window in the houses of one Unionist and one Nationalist. No injury was done to the school. No arrests were made. Military, with an armoured car, and police hurried to the scene. No further trouble. The police did not hear anyone repeating the cry 'Remember Balbriggan.' Up, the Fenians!" Strong police patrols remained in the vicinity."

Thomas O'Connor, who marched from Lepper street to Astrim road about noon yesterday on reaching Edlingham street threw stones at people at the corner of that street. A man fired a revolver shot, and the crowd retreated, but soon returned with reinforcements and fired shots at the opposition crowd, who are alleged to have returned the fire. No one was injured. The damage consisted of the breaking of a street lamp and a plain glass window in the houses of one Unionist and one Nationalist. No injury was done to the school. No arrests were made. Military, with an armoured car, and police hurried to the scene. No further trouble. The police did not hear anyone repeating the cry 'Remember Balbriggan.' Up, the Fenians!" Strong police patrols remained in the vicinity."

Michael O'Connor, who was not professionally represented, stated that he was a soldier of the Irish Republic, and refused to recognise the Court.

A lieutenant proved to taking part in a raid at C Block, Iveagh Buildings, on the morning of the 23rd October. On searching room No. 59 he discovered a box, which was locked. Upon opening it found a service revolver (produced), eight rounds of revolver ammunition, and 53 rounds of S.A.A. in a box, also a Sinn Fein uniform equipment.

Michael O'Connor stated that he was a soldier of the Irish Republic. The box and contents were his, and his brother knew no more about them than the Court. "because it was no use," he added, "we do not tell our business to everyone. We keep things to ourselves."

The Court found Thomas O'Connor not guilty, and he was released. Sentence will be promulgated in the case of Michael O'Connor.

THE LIMERICK MURDER CHARGE

The trial by general courtmartial of James O'Neill and Patrick Blake, of Limerick, on a charge of the murder of Constable Walter Ockley, R.I.C., at Limerick on the 29th July last, was to have been resumed yesterday morning, but had to be postponed until this morning at ten o'clock. Members of the Court and the professional gentlemen engaged in the case assembled at the hour named, but it appeared that the witnesses for the defence through some misapprehension could not arrive in time. There are some eighteen witnesses to be examined on behalf of the accused. The trial will not in all likelihood conclude before Saturday evening.

THE AEROPLANE ACCIDENT AT WATERFORD.

The names of the officers injured in the aeroplane accident at Waterford on Wednesday are Lieutenants Briggs and McKichan, of the Aerodrome, Fermoy. The medics report states that Lieutenant Briggs has multiple wounds of a very severe type. They have been transferred to the Fermoy Military Hospital. The important parts of the aeroplane have been salvaged, and the examination portion of the wireless will follow. Some of the rescue party were overcome by the escaping petrol fumes. Civilians who aided in the work of rescue have been specially commended by the military authorities.

AEROPLANE FORCED TO DESCEND IN CO. LIMERICK.

An aeroplane flying from the Clare direction, presumably to Limerick, on Wednesday evening had to descend at Cratloe owing to engine trouble. The descent was successfully accomplished. The military authorities were communicated with, and a guard was placed in charge of the aeroplane.

REMARKABLE LONDON SLANDER ACTION.

LADY'S EFFORTS IN PSYCHICAL RESEARCH.

A remarkable action for slander came before the Lord Chief Justice and a special jury in the King's Bench Division, London, yesterday, the parties being prominently connected with psychical research circles. The plaintiff was Miss Marguerita Radclyffe-Hall, of Chipchase, Middlesex, and she sued Mr. St. George Lane Fox Pitt, of South Eaton place, for damages for slander.

Plaintiff's case was that she was desirous of being adopted a member of the Council of the Society of Psychical Research. It was alleged that defendant said—"Admiral Sir Ernest Troubridge has recently been home on leave, and, in my presence, made serious allegations against her. He said that she had wrecked his home." The defence was a plea that the statements made were not meant maliciously, but in the interests of everybody concerned. Sir Ellis Hume Williams, K.C., for the plaintiff, in opening the case, said that Miss Radclyffe-Hall, whose means were large, took Lady Troubridge, wife of Admiral Sir Ernest Troubridge, away for a holiday. The Admiral, approving, also took them some on terms of friendship with the plaintiff, and called her by her pet name of "John." It was suggested that Lady Troubridge should make her home with the plaintiff at Datchet. The ladies became interested in psychical research, and wrote to Sir Oliver Lodge about the question, and he suggested that they should join the Society. Joining the Society, the ladies proceeded to make investigations. They employed a medium, and endeavoured to get into communication with the spirits of the dead. They did that with open minds, and they placed the results of their investigations into a paper that they wrote jointly. In November, 1919, said counsel, there arose serious differences between the Admiral and Lady Troubridge. He went down to Datchet, and there was an unpleasant scene, which resulted in a deed of separation being executed.

Questioned by defendant, who appeared in person, on extracts from her paper, plaintiff was asked about "Feda," and explained that information was obtained through Feda, but she would be sorry to pronounce on what Feda was.

Lord Chief Justice—Then I may take it that Feda is the medium in trance.

Asked about a reference to A.V.D. having arrested a horse belonging to plaintiff, which went lame, had to be shot, and had also gone over to the spirit world, and that A.V.D. was learning to ride it, witness replied that she only put on record what the medium said. Defendant put to plaintiff other extracts referring to somebody in the spirit world who said that she was enjoying bathing, and to A.V.D. obtaining a house by vibration.

The hearing was adjourned.

PARLIAMENT.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF BILL.

SECOND READING PASSED.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Munro, Secretary for Scotland, moved the second reading of the Unemployment Relief Works Bill. There was, he said, no problem more grave, more urgent, or more menacing than that of unemployment. In spite of the efforts of the Minister of Labour, there was a very large number of ex-Service men still unemployed. The bill did not profess to solve the problem of unemployment, but it was a sincere and honest attempt to make a contribution to the solution. There were two operative provisions in the bill. The first enabled local authorities, and any appropriate Government department, to acquire and utter upon land compulsorily for the purpose of executing works of public utility, with a view to finding immediate employment for those who were unemployed. The phrase "works of public utility" would embrace the construction or improvement of roads, or means of transit; the widening or improvement of water courses, the construction of sewers or waterworks, the reclamation or drainage of land, and any work connected therewith. Powers corresponding to those enjoyed by the Ministry of Health, by which they were enabled to enter upon land which they required for housing, were conferred by the bill on the appropriate Government department, and local authorities throughout the country. He hoped that many arrangements would be made voluntarily, without the necessity to exercise compulsory powers. The Ministry of Transport had already schemes in being, and directly the bill received the Royal Assent they would be put into operation expeditiously. The bill enabled local authorities to contribute to works of public utility, even if executed outside their own area, while two local authorities might combine in the work, on terms to be agreed upon.

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Mr. Watterson and Colonel Allen supported the bill, and it was read a second time.

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SKERRY'S COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

Special Night Classes working for all Exams. under the Reconstruction Scheme, *i.e.* Female Writing Assistants, Female Typists and Supplementary Clerkships, etc. 115 Success gained by Students of the College at Reconstruction Exams. since May, 1919.—(Advt.)

THE BRITISH LABOUR PARTY AND IRELAND.

We are asked to state that there were two dissentients from the resolution passed at the Labour Congress and Irish Labour Party in Dublin on Tuesday last in reference to the English Labour Party's policy regarding an Irish settlement. Mr. P. Gaffney, of Carlow, was one of the dissentients.

TO KEEP BABY WARM.

To protect baby from the cold and damp of winter, the Baby Linen and Blouse Shop, Sandycove, shows a splendid line of Carrying Shawls, which, at the special price of 12s. 11½d. each, are a marvellous value. Mrs. Durgan has made a feature of comfortable clothing for baby.—(Advt.)

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

A meeting of the Chapter of Christ Church Cathedral was held in the Chapter House on Tuesday, the Dean in the chair. The following were present:—Rev. Precentor Hogan, D.D.; Rev. Canon Hoe Kennedy, B.D.; Rev. Treasures Stoney, D.D.; Canons F. C. Hayes, G. D. Scott, J. A. Jennings, C. P. Price, B.D.; J. Pim, B.D.; H. B. Thompson, B.D.; Rev. W. R. Browne, and Rev. W. W. Dungan, Secretary. At Evensong, the Rev. J. Pavey Phair, Incumbent of Christ Church, Leeson Park, was installed a Canon of the Cathedral.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced on Demand at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office, 48 FLEET STREET (Westmoreland street), Dublin, on Deposits of Jewels, Silver, China, Paintings, Waterford Glass, etc. Full value remitted on receipt of Property. Telephone 2497.

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PROSPECTUS.

The special permission of the Committee of the Stock Exchange to deal in the Notes will be applied for.

The LIST of APPLICATIONS for PURCHASE will CLOSE on or before the 24th day of NOVEMBER, 1920.

THE EBBW VALE STEEL, IRON AND COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1862.)

SHARE CAPITAL:	Authorised and Issued.
7 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	£1,250,000
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	7,500,000
6 per Cent. Debentures (outstanding), £1,010,000.	£3,760,000

OFFER FOR SALE OF £1,500,000 8 per cent. Seven-Year Notes at 98½ per cent. repayable at par,

Being part of a total issue of £3,000,000, whereof £1,500,000 have been applied for firm at 98½ per cent. and will be allotted and paid for part passu with the Notes of this offer. THE NOTES WILL BE REGISTERED AND TRANSFERABLE IN DENOMINATIONS OF £25, £50, £100, and £500.

The Company reserves the right at any time after the 1st January, 1924, upon three months' notice in writing to the Registered Holder, terminating on any date on which interest is payable, to pay all or any part of the said Notes at par. If only part of the Notes are to be paid, the same are to be determined by drawings. Subject thereto the Notes will be repayable at par on the 1st January, 1928, and carry interest until repayment at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

The Company has agreed that so long as any of the Notes are outstanding it will not without the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a Meeting of the Holders of the Notes for the time being outstanding create or issue any Debentures or Debenture Stock or other securities constituting a charge upon any part of its undertaking or property or create any other mortgage or charge thereon (other than to discharge or pay off all or any of the £1,010,000 Six per Cent. Debentures of the Company, or to secure Bankers' loans incurred in the ordinary course of business, or on property acquired after the date of this issue or for the purpose of discharging the Notes).

Interest on the Notes will be payable half-yearly on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July in each year, the first payment being due on the 1st July, 1921, calculated on 50 per cent. of the nominal amount of the Notes from the date of acceptance and on the full nominal amount of the Notes from the 22nd December, 1920. Interest Coupons will be attached to the Notes.

Special consideration will be given to applications from the Shareholders, Debenture-holders, employees and customers of the Ebbw Vale Steel, Iron and Coal Company, Limited, and its associated Companies.

BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED,
54 Lombard street, E.C.3, and,
THE BRITISH LINEN BANK,
38 St. Andrew square, Edinburgh,

are authorised by IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN CORPORATION LIMITED, and reduced, of 1 Broad street place, London, E.C.2, the purchasers of the £1,500,000 Notes, to receive at their Head Offices and Branches applications for purchase of the above £1,500,000 8 per Cent. Notes at 98½ per cent.

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS—

	Per £25 Note.	Per £50 Note.	Per £100 Note.	Per £500 Note.
On Application	£2 10 0	£5 0 0	£10 0 0	£50 0 0
,, Acceptance	10 0 0	20 0 0	40 0 0	200 0 0
,, the 22nd day of Dec., 1920	12 2 6	24 5 0	48 10 0	242 10 0
Total	£24 12 6	£49 5 0	£98 10 0	£492 10 0

The following is a copy of a letter addressed to Imperial and Foreign Corporation Limited (and reduced), hereinafter called the Corporation, by Mr. Frederick Mills, the Chairman of the Company:—

Ebbw Vale, Mon.,
19th November, 1920.

To the Directors of IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN CORPORATION, LIMITED,
1 Broad street place, London, E.C.2.

Gentlemen,

THE EBBW VALE STEEL, IRON AND COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

As requested, I beg to give you the following information regarding the present position of this Company:—

1. The Share and Loan Capital of the Company, including the pending Notes, is as follows:—

6 per Cent. Mortgage Debentures now outstanding	£1,010,000
8 per Cent. Seven-Year Notes (pending issue)	3,000,000
7 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares	1,250,000
Ordinary Shares	2,500,000
	£7,760,000

2. The value of the Company's Assets, as shown in the last duly audited Balance Sheet, dated 31st March, 1920, was as follows:—

Land, Buildings, Works, Plant, etc., as at 31st March, 1917, as per Valuation on a pre-war basis by Messrs. Forster, Brown and Rees, and Messrs. Wheeler, Kirk, Price and Co.		£3,368,224
Expenditure from 1st April, 1917, to 31st March, 1920, less Sales... ...		2,111,173
		£5,479,397
Stocks, Debtors, Investments, Cash in Hand, etc.		2,000,858
		£7,480,255
Deduct:— Liabilities, including Reserves for Special Purposes and Provision for Taxation		1,377,898
Surplus of Assets over Liabilities at 31st March, 1920		£6,102,357
(excluding £1,010,000 Debentures) to which there must be added the value of Works, Extensions and Increased Stocks since 31st March, 1920, and Shares of Associated Companies acquired since that date (approximately):—		£3,450,000
Deduct:— Liabilities on Capital Account to be discharged out of the pending Issue (approximately)	2,000,000	
		1,450,000
		£7,552,357
Add the estimated Net Proceeds of the pending Issue of Notes ...		2,860,000
Making a total of		£10,412,357

3. The surplus as shown above is sufficient to provide for the redemption of all outstanding Debentures and the pending Note Issue of £3,000,000 more than three times.

4. The proceeds of this Issue are required for two new Blast Furnaces (one of which is already in blast), Coke Ovens, Waterworks and other extensions, as also for the purchase of the entire capital of Lancaster's Steam Coal Collieries, Limited, and in part satisfaction of the capital of Associated Companies, or to discharge capital liabilities in connection therewith, as above stated.

5. For the last four financial years dividends at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum have been paid on the Ordinary Shares of the Company, and I have no reason to think that this rate will not be maintained in the future. Apart from the earning of this Company, the dividends which we anticipate receiving from the Shares of the Associated Companies recently acquired should be more than sufficient to provide the regular payment of interest on this Issue.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) FRED. MILLS.

APPLICATIONS.—Applications for purchase must be lodged with the Head Office or any branch of Barclays Bank Limited, or The British Linen Bank, together with the amount payable on application. If any application be not accepted in respect of the full amount of the Notes comprised in the application, the surplus amount paid on application will be appropriated towards the amount payable on acceptance, and any balance will be returned to the applicant, and where any application is not accepted the amount paid will be returned in full. Interest at 10 per cent. per annum will be charged on instalments overdue, and failure to pay any instalment of the purchase money when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and will entitle the Corporation the right to forfeit or procure the forfeiture of and to resell the Notes in respect of which the default shall have been made.

NOTES.—All Notes applied for and accepted hereunder will be procured to be issued directly by the Company to the applicants, and on payment of the amount due on acceptance the names by the Company to the applicants, and on payment of the amount due on acceptance the names of the purchasers will be entered in the Company's Register of Note Holders as the Holders of the Notes purchased.

Notes will be delivered in exchange for Letters of Acceptance duly receipted for the amount payable on acceptance and the final instalment. The Notes are transferable on the usual transfer forms on payment of a fee of 6d. per transfer, and such transfers will be duly entered by the Company in its Register of Note Holders.

INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS.—Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, the form of Notes, the original of the above letter, and the Agreement between the Company, the form of Notes, the original of the above letter, and the Agreement between the Company and Corporation, under which the Corporation agreed to purchase at 95 per cent. the pending Note Issue, can be seen at the offices of Messrs. Guedalla, Jacobson and Spyer, Winchester House, E.C., between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on any day whilst the list remains open.

BROKERAGE.—A brokerage of ½ of one per cent. will be paid in respect of accepted applications by the public bearing the stamp of a Broker or Bankers or other recognised agents approved by the Corporation.

COMMISSION.—The Corporation pays the expenses incidental to and attendant upon this offer, including brokerage and underwriting and overriding commissions of 2½ per cent. and ¼ per cent. respectively.

QUOTATION.—Applications for an official quotation for the Notes now offered for sale will be made in due course to the Committee of the London and certain Provincial Stock Exchanges.

PLACE FOR OBTAINING DOCUMENTS.—Particulars of this Offer for Sale and Application Forms may be obtained from the Corporation or from the Bankers and Brokers, or from the offices of the Company.

Dated 17th November, 1920.

THE EBBW VALE STEEL, IRON AND COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

DIRECTORS.

FREDERICK MILLS, Chairman and Managing Director, Ebbw Vale, Mon.
SIR JOHN WYNDHAM BEYNON, Bt., C.B.E., Deputy Chairman, The Coldra, near Newport, Mon.
SIR HENRY MATHER JACKSON, Bt., C.B.E., Llantilio Court, Abergavenny, Mon.
SIR PHILIP G. HENRIQUES, K.B.E., 33 Grosvenor place, S.W.1.
LIONEL FRANKLIN BEYNON, Christchurch, near Newport, Mon.

BANKERS.

BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, 54 Lombard street, London, E.C.3, and Branches.

BROKERS.

GUEDALLA, JACOBSON AND SPYER, Winchester House, Old Broad street, London, E.C.2.

AUDITORS.

W. B. PEAT AND CO., Ironmonger lane, London, E.C.2.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICE.

BERTRAM NORTHGRAVES, A.C.I.S., Ebbw Vale, Mon.

The definitive notes will be prepared, as near as possible, in the denominations specified in the Application Form and, after acceptance, cannot be sub-divided. No. 164.

OFFER FOR SALE OF £1,500,000 8 PER CENT. SEVEN-YEAR NOTES in Denominations of £25, £50, £100, and £500, at 98½ per cent., in

THE EBBW VALE STEEL, IRON AND COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1862.)

To the IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN CORPORATION, LIMITED (AND REDUCED),
1 Broad street place, London, E.C.2.

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £..... being a deposit of 10 per cent. on application for £....., Notes under the above offer for sale, I/we offer to purchase that amount of such Notes at 98½ per cent., and I/we undertake and agree to accept such Notes or any less amount of Notes in respect of which you may accept this offer upon the terms of the Notes and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and I/we agree to pay the sum of 40 per cent. on Acceptance and 48½ per cent., being the balance of the purchase money, on or before the 24th day of December, 1920.

I/We hereby declare that this application is not made by or for the benefit of an enemy subject within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916.

I/We desire that the Notes applied for by me/us or any less number which may be allotted to me/us shall be issued as nearly as possible in the following denominations:—

A	.....	Notes £500 each	= £.....
B	.....	,, £100 ,,	= £.....
C	.....	,, £50 ,,	= £.....
D	.....	,, £25 ,,	= £.....
		Total.....	£

Yours faithfully,

Usual Signature .....

Surname .....

Christian Name or Names .....

Address .....

Profession or Occupation .....

(A Lady should state whether she is a Spinster, Married Woman, or Widow.)

Date ..... 1920.

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.

(NOTE.—In the case of a private Firm, this form to be signed by a member(s) or nominee(s) of the Firm.)

Cheques should be made payable to BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, or THE BRITISH LINEN BANK, or Bearer, and crossed NOT NEGOTIABLE. If altered from "Order" to "Bearer," the alteration should be signed by the drawer.

An acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course, either by Acceptance Letter or return of the deposit.

Fashionable Intelligence

King George and Queen Mary are expected to return to London from Sandringham on November 27th, the day following the celebration of Queen Mand's birthday at Appleton House.

The Grand Duke Dmitri has left London for the Continent.

The Duchess of Somerset is suffering from an attack of influenza, and has had to cancel all her engagements for the next fortnight.

The Earl of Meath is confined to his house in London with a heavy cold.

Lord Killanin left Dublin yesterday for London.

Sir Walter and Lady Nugent have taken a house in Northbrook road, Dublin, for the winter.

Lady Tate has left Dublin for England.

Chrysanthemum Show, in aid of Meath and Dun's Hospitals, at the Moorings, Merrion road, to-day and to-morrow (Saturday), 3 to 6 p.m. Admission 2s. (including tea).

Switzers are making a special display of Topical and Novelty Calendars in their Grafton street windows this week.—Switzer and Co., Ltd., Grafton street.

Charming Afternoon Gowns, good quality French Velveteen, long sleeves, new round neck, embroidered, Black and Colours, 59s. 6d.; also lovely little Crepe-de-Chene Dance Frocks, 49s. 6d., 63s., 3½ guineas.—At Holmes's, George's street.

Salthill Hotel—Winter terms on application.

Special Sale of Fur Coats this week. We are disposing of all our stock at very little over cost.—Slyne, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

All Wool Fleece Wrap Coats for 7½ guineas at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamer—Dr. H. E. Bickell, Lieut. R.N.R., Capt. and Mrs. A. T. Cope, Dr. and Mrs. Bernard P. Healy, Major A. Tristram, Capt. H. B. Watters, Major and Mrs. Kindle, Commander Gordon, Professor and Mrs. Young, Lieut.-Col. Hawkes, Col. H. Williams, Capt. and Mrs. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Bernard, Mr. W. M. Davis, S.F., Commerford, Gerald A. M. Curtis, John L. McDonnell, Mr. and Mrs. Wheldon Riley, Mr. and Mrs. Hennessy, John Bagwell, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Ackenhead, Mrs. Ackenhead, Miss Ackenhead, Miss Kelly, Miss M. Sexton, Miss T. J. Sexton, Miss Manning, Miss M. Wheldon Riley, Miss Beatty, Miss Wright-Jones, Mrs. R. Dillon, Mrs. Dickie, Miss Dickie, Miss Ackenhead, Miss Ackenhead, Miss R. Ackenhead, Miss H. Pilkington, Mrs. Chave, Miss Croston, Miss M. Penrose, Miss Cher Thomas, Miss K. Power, Mrs. Kean.

Special Value in Furs this week at McIlerney's.

Special Sale for six days only. All this Season's Goods. Costumes from 6½ gns., Gowns from 6½ gns., Furs, Millinery, and Sports Coats clearing at tempting prices.—Davis and Co. (late Ogilvy's), 45 Grafton street.

Siberian Fur Company, 6 Grafton street, Dublin, invite inspection to Coats, Stoles, and Wraps at moderate prices. Inspection invited. Remodelling a specialty.

Mourning Orders executed on the shortest notice. Prices strictly moderate.—Davis and Co. (late Ogilvy's), 45 Grafton street.

Lafuaye, 17a Dawson street—Only a few Ladies' Coats and Costumes left to be reduced 2/- in the £. Highclass Ladies' Tailoring.

THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

CLOSING PRICES.

Eng. Equiv.	Stocks.	Wed.	Thur.	Closing Bid	Business Done
153½	U.S. New 4% Loan ...	105½	105¾	—	—
119½	Atch., Top. and Santa Fé ...	82¾	82¾	—	—
112¾	Do. Preference	77	77	—	—
84½	Do. 4% Con. Bonds. ...	84¾	84¾	—	—
26½	Baltimore & Ohio	38½	38½	—	—
72½	Canadian Pacific	120¾	120¾	—	—
61½	Chesap'ke Ohio Com. ...	60	61	—	—
35½	Chic., Mil., & St. Paul ...	35¾	35¾	—	—
77½	Chicago & N.W.	77¾	77¾	—	—
145⅞	Do. Preferred	100	100	—	—
23	Do. Inter Preferred ...	23	23	—	—
84	Do. 4% G.I. Lien Bds ...	43	44¾	—	—
113½	Gt. Northern Pref. ...	79¾	78	—	—
87½	Illinois Central	87	86¾	—	—
149½	Louisville & Nashville ...	100	100	—	—
34⅝	Miss. K. and A. Trust ...	3⅞	3⅝	—	—
37½	Do. 2nd Mt. 4% Gd B ...	38¾	37	—	—
103½	Missouri Pacific New ...	11½	11½	—	—
21½	Nat. of Mexico 1st Pf ...	8½	8	—	—
7⅝	Do. 2nd Pref.	2¾	2¾	—	—
106½	N. Y. C. & H. Hudson R. ...	75	74¾	—	—
140½	Norfolk & Weste'n Com. ...	95¾	96	—	—
85½	Northern Pacific Com. ...	83¾	83¾	—	—
18½	Ontario & Western	18½	19	—	—
58½	Pennsylvania Shares ...	40¾	40¾	—	—
87½	Reading Shares	87	86¾	—	—
125⅜	Do. 1st Preferred	54	54	—	—
125⅜	Do. 2d Pf. Bonds.	24¾	24¾	—	—
24½	Southern Railway	24¾	24¾	—	—
108½	Southern Pacific	108½	109	—	—
17½	Texas & Pacific	11½	11½	—	—
122⅞	Union Pacific	119	118¾	—	—
64	Do. Pref.	64	64	—	—
89⅞	Do. Pref.	80¾	80¾	—	—
9⅝	Wabash Com.	9	9	—	—
24⅝	Do. Preferred A.	24¾	24¾	—	—
46⅝	Amr. Smlt. Refin. Com. ...	47	47	—	—
87⅜	Anaconda Copper	60¾	60¾	—	—
11½	Cerro de Pasco Cop. Tob	11	11	—	—
51⅜	N.Y. Cons. Gas	51¾	51¾	—	—
118⅝	General Electric	118½	118¾	—	—
117⅜	Gt. Steel Common	84¾	86¾	—	—
133½	Do. 1st Preferred. ...	103¾	103½	—	—
93½	Do. 1st Pf. Bonds. ...	92	92	—	—
46⅝	Silver, Foreign Mined ...	78¾	78	—	—
99⅝	Do. (U.S. Mined) Ref ...	99¾	99¾	—	—
13⅞	Int. Harv. M.H.Com.Cts. ...	138	137	—	—
87⅜	Do. Pref'd. Certs.	31¾	86	—	—
34⅝	Inspirat'n Dutch Oil ...	4¾	4¾	—	—
67	Sheet Transport	45	46	—	—
230⅛	Mexican Petroleum	170¾	170¾	—	—
76⅛	Pan-Amer. Petroleum ...	75¾	74¾	—	—
61½	General Motors.	13⅜	13	—	—
95⅝	U.S. Rubber.	89⅞	89	—	—

* Asked. † Ex div. ‡ Bid. ‖ Ex rights.

	Wednesday.	Thursday.
Call Money, ...	6½ to 7a.	6½ to 7a.
Cable Transfers	3.47 12⅛	3.48 25
Ex. on London, Demand Bills	3.47 12⅛	3.48 25
Ex. on London, 60 days' sight	3.47 37½	3.48 50
Ex on Montreal	3.88.75	3.87.60
Cotton, Middling, Uplands ...	18.75	18.65
Do. New Orleans, Middling	17.50	17.25
Cotton Seed Oil, F. Summer, Yellow Spot, ...	10.50	Nom.
Cotton Seed Oil, Yellow, Jan.	10.10	9.05
Petroleum, Refined, in cases.	26.50	25.50
Do. Philadelph., Stan. do.	24.50	24.50
Do. Philadelphia, Crude...	6.10	6.10
Spirits of Turpentine	102	103
Do. Savannah	87	87—89
Resin, Grade K	11.00	11.00
Do. Grade E	11.00	11.00
Lard, Prime Western Steam	19.65	19.65
Do. Midland West.	19.00—50	19.50—60
Sugar, Refined, Granulated ...	8	8
Sugar, 96 Test, Centrifugal...	6.51	6.26
Corn, Western, No. 2 Mixed	96¾	96¾
Wheat, No. 2 Hard Winter ...	210	210
Do. No. 2 Red Winter	213½	210
Do. No. 2 Mixed Durum ...	213½	210
Coffee, Rio No. 7	7.5	7.5
Flour, Spring Clears... ...	8.50—8.75	8.50—8.75
Iron, No. 2 North'n. Foundry	44.00—45	44.00—45
Do. Straits	37.87½	37.62½
Zinc, East St. Louis	6.30	6.30
Electrolytic Copper, Spot ...	14¼	14¼
Do. Futures, July	14¼—15	14¼—15
Freight, Heavy Grain, to Liverpool, per steamer...	10/0	10/0
Freight, Heavy Grain, to Continent, per quarter...	35c.	35c.
Freight, Cotton, to Liverpool (high density)	115	115
Do. Standard, per 100lbs.	140	140

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Eng. Equiv.	Stocks and Shares.	Closing Prices Thur.
167½	Asbestos Corp. of Canada ...	83
42	Brazilian Traction, L. & P. Co.	35½
42	Canadian Car & Foundry Co...	33
79	Do. Preferred	78
72½	Canada Cement Co	56
61½	Canada Steamship Lines Co...	49½
71	Do. Preferred	71
46½	Dominion Steel Corp. Co. ...	47
116½	Dominion Textile Co.	113
141½	Lake of the Woods Milling Co.	139
118½	Laurentide Co.	91¾
82½	Montreal Light, Heat, & Pr'r Con.	79
237½	Ogilvie Flour Mills Co.	199
133½	Shawinigan Water & Power Co.	103
115½	Spanish River Pf'd & Pf Mills..	81½
111½	Do. Preferred	86¾
78½	Steel Company of Canada...	61

PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Thursday.

WHEAT opened easy, 1½c. to 2c. down; then rallied temporarily under small country offerings and commission house buying, but again relapsed owing to the weakness of outside markets and a disappointing export and outside demand. After some late covering the market closed barely steady at 2½c. to 3c. decline. Spot dull. No. 2 hard winter, spot, nominal. No. 3 hard winter, spot, nominal. December, 1919, 2.04¾.

CORN opened easy at ½c. to ¾c. fall, and receded further on predicted increased receipts; but partially rallied on covering by commission houses; the market closing barely steady at 2½c. to 3c. loss. No. 2 mixed, spot, 80¾; December, 1.04¼; May, 94¾. July, 79¾.

OATS easy, ½c. to ¾c. lower. December, 46¾; May, 51¾.

PROVISIONS opened easy, and declined in the early dealings on a lower hog market, and selling by grain people; then partially recovered owing to fair cash demand and covering operations. Market closed barely steady, with lard 30 to 124 down, pork 50 up, and ribs 10 points down. Lard—November, 15.35; January, 15.22½. Pork—January, 23.75. Ribs—January, 12.90.

BACON strong, 50 to 100 points up.

HOGS weak, 50 to 65 points cheaper.

	Short Rib Sides.	HOGS. Light.	Heavy.
	Dry-salted, Loose.		
Today	14.00 16.50	11.90 12.30	11.90 12.30
Previous day ...	13.50 16.50	12.35 12.85	12.50 12.90

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

A meeting of the Chapter of Christ Church Cathedral was held in the Chapter House on Tuesday, the Dean in the chair. The following were present:—Rev. Precentor Hogan, B.D.; Rev. Chancellor Kennedy, B.D.; Rev. Treasurer Stoney, D.D.; Canons F. C. Hayes, G. D. Scott, J. A. Jennings, C. F. Price, B.D.; J. Pim, B.D.; H. B. Thompson, B.D.; Rev. W. R. Browne, and Rev. W. W. Dungan, Secretary. At Evensong, the Rev. J. Percy Fhair, Incumbent of Christ Church, Leeson Park, was installed a Canon of the Cathedral.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced on Demand at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office, 48 FLEET STREET (Westmoreland street), Dublin, on Deposits of Jewels, Silver, Plate, Paintings, Waterford Glass, etc. Full value remitted on receipt of Property. Telephone 2497.

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

CITY STEAM FLUCTUATING. GUINNESS, DUNLOPS, AND TEXTILES ALL WEAKER.

The course of prices on 'Change yesterday was mainly unsatisfactory, owing to poor business and a little selling pressure in more directions than one. War Loan 5 p.c. closed over lowest, but still down on the day. Banks were quiet, with Nationals better, Guinness Ord. turned sellers, and buyers were absent, unless at a sharp fall. City of Dublin Steam Stocks fluctuated. The Ord. relapsed, but the Pref. rose strongly. Rails and Trams were idle, but occasionally better. Dunlop Rubber Ord. were still pressed for sale owing to the delay in notifying the dividend. Parent Tyres weakened in sympathy. Textiles relapsed, and offers to sell Miscellaneous shares gave an air of gloom to quotations of it, few seldom dealt in shares. Oils fell heavily, and Courtaulds were again weaker, thus eliminating the balance of the recent rise on the bonus notification.

Among the Funds, Consols and India Stocks failed to quote, but War Loan 4 p.c. rose ⅛ to 94¼, while the 5 p.c. finally closed ¼ lower at 83⅞, ¼, and to 83½ transferable by deed. Corporation and Township issues were nearly all idle.

In Banks, Nationals rose ¼ to 16¼, and Munsters fell ⅛ to 6, while Provincial Oin were less dealt in.

Dealing in Breweries was confined to Guinness Ord., which fell ¼ to 324.

City of Dublin Steam fluctuated. The Ord. fell ¼ to 13⅝, but the Pref. rose at a bound, ⅝ to 95.

Home Rails were almost neglected, but Great Northern Pref. rose ¼ to 52, and Great Southern Ord repeated 42¾.

In Trams, Dublin United Ord. rose ¼ to 6¼, thus materialising the nominal closing price of the past few days. Provincial Debs. at 6¼ were firm.

Dunlop issues were quietly offered. Dunlop Rubber opened 1s. lower at 24s. 3d., but later 3d. more was paid. Parent Tyres Def. fell 1s. 3d. to 55s., and the 8 p.c. 3d. to 20s. 9d.

Textiles remain weak and largely nominal. Cotton fell 6d. to 49s. 6d., and Spinners 2s. 9d. to 44s. 3d.

In Trading, etc., Dockrell Ord. fell 3d. to 10s. 6d. Helton Pref. were offered down 1s. further to 60s., but no support offered. *Irish Times* Pref. were firm at 58s.

Other business done included Kern River Oil New Ord., which fell 3d. to 2s. prem. Mexican Eagle Oils ¼ to 11¼, and Shells ⅛ to 6¼.

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount	7½%, April 29, 1920.
Deposit	3½%, April 29, 1920.

BUSINESS DONE.

5% War Ln.(5%)—83¾, ¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 84, ¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 84, ¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 84

AUCTION TO-DAY AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK.
COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.
A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE, PIANOS,
SHEFFIELD PLATED WARE AND NUMEROUS MISCELLANEOUS EFFECTS

Comprising:—Five Upright Iron Grand Overstrung Cottage Pianos, by eminent makers, brilliant, sweet-toned instruments; Harmonium; two 16ft. Spanish Mahogany Double Screw Dining Tables—i.e., one square and one round ended; one 10ft. and one 8ft. do.; two Dublin-made Mahogany Glass-back Sideboards, 3 Mahogany Pedestal do.; a beautiful French Buhl China Cabinet, 5ft. Solid Walnut Sideboard, 2 Octagon Centre Tables, four Dark Walnut and Gilt-framed Overmantel Glasses, two Marble-top Cheffoniers, a superior Set of 5 O/d Sheffield Dish Covers, perfect condition; Set of 3 do.; two Sets, 4 each, Old Sheffield Hot Water Dishes; Drawingroom China Cabinets, Music Cabinets and Music Stools, 5 Sets of Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, Hand-pierced Sheffield Salver, several pieces of Solid Silver Plate; 3 Sets 6 each, 1 Set 8, and 1 Set 10 Chairs; several Lounge Arm Chairs, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, Pictures and Paintings, Dinner and Tea Sets, Decorative and other China, Ebonised Drawingroom China Cabinets, 7 and 9-piece Spoon-back Diningroom Suites, in leather; Mahogany Hall Stands and Hall Chairs, Old Plate Bucket, two Drawingroom Pedestals, Set of 36 Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, one pattern; Mahogany Falling-Leaf Tables, Antique Half-round Card Table, four Eagle Convex Mirrors, Brass Rail Fenders, International Library of Famous Literature, in a Case; Diningroom and Alarm Clocks, 7 Oval and Round Mahogany and Burr Walnut Tables, on pillar and claw; 3-tier Dumb Waiter; Bedroom Furniture in variety, including two magnificent 7ft. Burr Walnut Suites, solid mahogany-lined, comprising Break-front Glass-door Wardrobes, fitted with Chests of Drawers, Cheval Duchesse Dressing Chests, and Wash Stands; 6 other Suites, in Mahogany, Dark Walnut, Satin Walnut, and Inlaid Oak; Wardrobes, Presses, Dressing Tables, Wash Stands, Toilet Glasses, Duchesse Pairs; two All-Brass Beds, with good Wires and 4-ply Curled Hair Mattresses; two 3ft. Oak Beds, complete; 4 other Single and Double Beds, several Hair and Fibre Mattresses, 3 Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows; Press Bed, Bedroom Chairs, Towel Rails; Kitchen and Deal Furniture in variety, Kitchen Dressers, 5 Kitchen Tables, good Mangle, Cooking Utensils, Copper Muller, Enamelled Bath, Stoves, Small Range, 8 Lengths of Linoleum, some Carpets, Bagatelle Board, Bicycles, Mail Cars, and numerous miscellaneous effects. Auction commences at 12.30. Pianos sold at 3 o'clock.

N.B.—This Sale is worth the inspection of intending purchasers.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 2ND DECEMBER, 1920, OF ATTRACTIVE MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AT No. 19 RATHDOWN ROAD, N.C. ROAD, DUBLIN.

HAVING SOLD THE HOUSE, we are now instructed by the Owner by A. C. FESTERRE, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, ON THURSDAY, the 2nd DECEMBER,

THE ATTRACTIVE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

which includes: Inlaid China Cabinet, Chesterfield; Oak Arm Chair, Fancy Tables and Chairs, Cake Stand, Inlaid Chest, Gilt Overmantel, Fire Screens, Divan Chairs, Carpets, Cottage Piano, two Oak Sideboards, Card Table, Oak Diningroom Suite, Dining Table; Oak Rolltop Desk, Pictures and Ornaments, Curbs and Irons, Fenders, Fire Implements, Chest of Drawers, Sheraton Bedroom Suite (five pieces), Sheraton Bed, Box and Hair Mattresses, Stretcher Beds and Bedding, Wardrobes, Antique Inlaid Wardrobe; Beds of Drawers, Hair Carpet and Rods, Tables, Dinner Service, Coffee Service, Delph, Deal Chest of Drawers, Gas Oven, Ladder, Carpet Sweeper, Garden Tools, New Lawn Mower, Contents of Greenhouse and Flower Pots, &c., &c.

ALL THE ABOVE FURNITURE IS PERFECTLY NEW AND IN EXCELLENT ORDER, SOME OF IT BEING ONLY SIX MONTHS IN USE.

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE FROM TEN O'CLOCK. SALE AT TWELVE O'CLOC SHARP.

Admission to Sale 1/- to avoid overcrowding. Purchasers to pay Five per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ALLEN & SON,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
53 AND 54 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.
PHONE—74. AUCTIONS CONDUCTED IN TOWN AND COUNTRY.

VERY FINE RESIDENTIAL FARM,
WITH GENTLEMAN'S MODERN RESIDENCE AND SPLENDID OUT-OFFICES, FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

W. SWAN & SON
ARE INSTRUCTED BY J. GRAY, ESQ., R.M., TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, KNOWN AS
ROCKFIELD HOUSE,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, 26TH NOVEMBER, AT 12 O'CLOCK
(IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF),

Part of the Lands of MOYSNAGHT, containing 61a. 2r. 30p., with the Dwellinghouse and Offices thereon, within five miles of Monaghan, six of Castleblayney, and two and a-half of Ballybay, held in Fee, subject to a half-yearly payment to Land Commission of £19 12s. 0d.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

THE LANDS FORM A VERY COMPACT FARM, on which there are nice Plantations. It is situated on the road to Ballybay and Castleblayney, with another good county road opening to Farm Yard. The Lands are well fenced and watered, and are in excellent condition. The Dwellinghouse is a fine square two-storey building, standing in a nice lawn, and contains 2 reception rooms, 4 large bedrooms, 2 servants' rooms (with use of kitchen), pantries, and dairy. The Offices are all substantial, slated buildings, comprising stabling for 6 horses (2 boxes), harness room, 2 cow-houses, 10-ton scales, large loft (44 feet), piggery, potato house, coal house, and hay shed. Terms and Conditions on application to

FARKE and M'WILLIAM, Solicitors, Monaghan.

W. SWAN & SON, AUCTIONEERS, MONAGHAN.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.
SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), AND MONDAY NEXT.
IMPORTANT COLLECTION OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE & EFFECTS.

PIANOFORTES, BY VARIOUS MAKERS; IMPORTANT OIL PAINTING, PORTRAIT OF SIR VICARY GIBBS; ANTIQUE DITTO, PORTRAIT OF A LADY; ELEGANT WHITE ENAMELLED BOW-FRONT CABINET, VERY FINE MAHOGANY INLAID CABINET, OVERMANTEL, FINE MAHOGANY BOOK-CASE, NOBLE GILT-FRAME MIRROR, &c., &c.

MESSRS. JAMES HILL and SON WILL SELL BY AUCTION, ON TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 20th inst. AND ON MONDAY, 22nd inst., AT THEIR WELL-KNOWN AUCTION ROOMS, 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK, THE ATTRACTIVE COLLECTION OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, including: several Spanish Mahogany and other Enclosed and Pedestal Sideboards, with mirrored and wood-panelled backs; Sets of Dining Tables, in extension and Circular, in Mahogany and Oak; Mahogany Chesterfield Settee, Arm and Occasional Chairs; Mahogany-framed Drawingroom Suites, in tapestry; Overmantels, Couches, Sofas, Deep-seated and other Easy Chairs; Chairs in various coverings; Card, Writing, and Occasional Tables; China, Glass, and Ornamental Items; Hall Stands and Chairs, Curtains, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums, Oak and Mahogany Wardrobes, 4ft. 6in. Mahogany Wardrobe, Mahogany Inlaid and Walnut Bedroom Suites, superior Mahogany and Walnut Dressing Tables, Mahogany and other Wash Stands, 3-Fold Screens, 4-Bedpan and Brass Bath, Mahogany Bedsteads, superior Bedding, Kitchen Furniture, &c.

SALE AT ONE O'CLOCK. PURCHASERS TO PAY FIVE PER CENT. FEES.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

"BEAUFIELD," STILLORGAN, CO. DUBLIN.
DISPERSAL SALE OF
VALUABLE STOCK, OUTDOOR EFFECTS, ETC.,
MONDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1920.

WE have been instructed by the Owner to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Lands as above, the following VALUABLE STOCK, comprising 3 Pedigree HOLLY TOWS (in calf), 1 RED COW (in calf), 9 YEARLING CALVES, 12 HEAD OF PRIZE POULTRY (R.I.R. and WYANDOTTES); Water Carts, on wheels; 2 Lawn Mowers, Grinding Stone, 2 large Iron Baths, Avery Weighing Machine, 8 DRILLS OF MANGOLDS, Flower Pots, Bench, 4ashes, Hocker Net, Double Cylinder Roller, 26"; Water Barrel, 12' Ladder, 40 Sacks, Heap of Manure, Chicken Coops, Foster Mother, Pulper, Border Tiles, Field Drain Pipes, and numerous other lots.

SALE COMMENCES 12.30 O'CLOCK. Terms—Cash, and 5 per cent. commission.

JOHN THORNTON & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS, &c.,
46 UPPER GEORGE'S STREET, KINGSTOWN. 'PHONE 79.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. TELEPHONE NO. 63.

STORE CATTLE SALES
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
EVERY THURSDAY.
GAVIN LOW, LTD.

GRAZING LANDS TO LET BY PRIVATE TREATY.

COUNTY MEATH	35½ acres
DO.	36 "
BLANCHARDSTOWN	106 "
DO.	64 "
DO.	6 "
CLONSILLA	15 "
ENFIELD	25 "
BATHFARNHAM	46 "
BLACKROCK	239 "
TALLAGHT	56 "
THE WARD	65 "
DO.	100 "
RATHCOOLE	50 "
CHAPELIZOD	20 "

Apply
GAVIN LOW, LTD.,
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES
EVERY THURSDAY.
R. & J. WILKINSON,
40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

VACANT POSSESSION.
"SOPWELL,"
37 UPPER BEECHWOOD AV., RANELAGH.

SALE BY AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 24th, 1920, at the hour of 12 Noon, at our Property Saleroom, 7 ER. PEMBROKE STREET, this extremely well-built Residence, containing 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, bath (h. and c.), 2 w.c.'s, scullery, pantries, etc.; garden front and rear, side entrance; newly done up; situated in nice residential neighbourhood, convenient to several tram lines, close to churches and shopping centre.

Lease 800 years. Head rent, £4 10s. 0d. Open daily from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., or any other time by arrangement.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

EGAN & CO.,
Auctioneers and House Agents,
7 LOWER PEMBROKE STREET, DUBLIN.

ESTATE OF
THE LATE DR. FRANCIS McKEE.
DROMORE, CO. DOWN.
RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS,
Held for Ever Free of Rent.

WE have received instructions from Mrs. at our Property Mart, Dromore, for PUBLIC AUCTION, SATURDAY, the 13th DECEMBER, 1920, at the Hour of One o'clock, above Property, in Two Lots.

LOT 1.—The Residence known as RATH HOUSE, on the Hillsborough road, Dromore, held for ever free of rent. The entire Residence is in perfect order and up to date in every respect with electric light and modern heating arrangements throughout, spacious dining and drawingrooms, excellent bed and bathroom accommodation, ample supply of good water, perfect sanitary arrangements.

The Residence is equally suitable for a professional man or private owner. Dr. McKee has for nearly 30 years one of the most extensive and valuable practices in Ulster, and the sale offers an unrecalled opportunity for a doctor commencing practice in one of the best districts in the county.

The offices comprise garage, stable, hay lofts, and stores. Adjoining are a beautifully laid-out flower garden, with tennis court; also vegetable garden and orchard. The Property has immediate access to the main road to Belfast, distant 17 miles; and combines the assembly and privacy of a country house with the advantages of a town residence. Dromore is central for West Down Hunt.

LOT 2—Two Fields adjacent to the house, containing four acres, very suitable as an additional accommodation to the house, but also a most attractive investment as a building site, for which there is an urgent and increasing demand in the town.

For Cards to View, Title, and Conditions of Sale apply to

W. J. BAXTER, Solicitor, Dromore, Co. Down.

GEORGE PRESTON & SON,
AUCTIONEERS.

FARMS FOR SALE

CO. DUBLIN, North Side—250 Statute Acres good Grazing Land, with House and Out-offices, £11,000.

KILDARE—95 Acres, with first-class House and Out-offices, convenient to Trim, £12,000.

MEATH—340 Acres, good House and Out-offices, convenient to Trim, £19,000.

WICKLOW—170 Acres good mixed Farm, with House and Out-offices, £5,000.

CO. DUBLIN—80 Acres, with House and Outoffices, within 4 miles from city, £1,400.

WICKLOW—230 Acres, with House and Out-offices, good grazing land, £6,500.

KILDARE—150 Acres, with House and Out-offices, good grazing and tillage farm, £6,000.

MEATH—100 Acres, with House and Out-offices, near Kells, good mixed farm, £4,500.

JAMES ALLEN & SON,
Auctioneers,
53, LOWER SACKVILLE STREET.

ADAM'S SALEROOMS,
15 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.
WEDNESDAY, 24th NOVEMBER, 1920.
And Following Day, at 12 o'clock,

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, PIANOS, SILVER, etc., comprising, briefly:—Collard Upright Piano, rosewood case; another by Hopking and Spangenberg; Canterbury, finely-made Inlaid Rosewood and Walnut Drawingroom Cabinets, Antique Mahog. Slope-front Bureau, Antique Secretary Bookcase; Antique Kelson Open Bookcase, Davenport, Inlaid Settees and Couches, Easy and Occasional Chairs, Antique Rolling-front and Loo Tables, Inlaid Mahog., Walnut, and Gilt Overmantels; Hall Stands, Tables and Chairs, Mahog. and Oak Sideboards, Dumb Waiter, Gatelevin Sets of Dining Chairs, Grandfather Mahog. Hall Clock, Telescope Dinner Tables, Long Dinner Table, 14 ft.; Axminster and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Brass Fenders, Coloured Mezzo and other Engravings, Table Glass and China, good Plated Ware, Mahog. and Walnut Wardrobes and Chests of Drawers, Toilet Tables and Glasses, Presses, Oak and Brass and iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Blankets, and Bedding; Curtains, Stitched Dressers, Furniture and Utensils; iron (6in.) Roller, Lawn Mowers and Tools; SILVER Includes Old English Repousse Flagon, 1758; Cups, Coffee and Tea Pots, Inkstands, Hunting flasks, Christening Mugs, Snuff Boxes, Forks and Spoons, etc.

On View Tuesday, 23rd November, 10 till 5. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers and Appraisers,
17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

MacARTHUR & CO.'S SALES.
AUCTION TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 1 o'clock.
ORDER OF SALE:
75 Prussia street (POSSESSION).
Homestead, Melrose avenue (POSSESSION).
Maisonette, Alphonsus road (POSSESSION).
42 North Summer street (PART POSSESSION).
25, 21, 23 Hardwicke street.
36, 38, 40 Seaford avenue, Sandymount.
7 Wynnefield road, Rathmines.
As Hereford Falls Advertised.

MacARTHUR & CO.,
Auctioneers,
79 TALBOT STREET.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE, 176 ACRES IN HANDS, PROFIT RENT, £12 13s. 4d.,
AT THIS OFFICE ON THURSDAY, 2nd DECEMBER, at 2 o'clock.

The House, LITTLE LISSEN HALL, is in perfect order, and with large yard, out-offices, garden, and herd's house, is prettily situated within 1 mile of Swords. The Land is good, well watered and fenced, and the present grazing rental exceeds £13,000. The P.L.V. of the House and Land in hand is £240. The estate for sale comprises 319a. 1r. 35a., now subject to adjusted feefarm rent of £12 16 8; two solvent tenants hold 143a. 3r. 8p.; their P.L.V. being £165 and their yearly rents £157 10s., leaving a profit rent of £12 13 4, and the Residence and 176 Acres Free of all Rent.

Immediate possession. Arrangements as to deferred payment can be made with owner.

Conditions of Sale from

HORAN and DEVINE, 12 Dame street, Dublin; or

LEONARD, SON & CO., LTD.,
17 LOWER DOMINICK STREET.

SPECIAL
Sale
TO-DAY
OF
New Velour Coatings, Blanketings, Friezes, Cheviots, Suitings, Irish and Scotch Tweeds, Dress Fabrics of every description; also our Stock of Silks, Satins, Ninons, Georgettes, Crepe-de-Chenes, Taffettas, Velvets, Printed Satin, &c.

10% (2/- in the £) off all
FOR
This Week Only.
W. Holmes
Dublin, Ltd.,
69, 70, 71
George's Street.

GARDEN, ETC. CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

MACKEY'S Narcissus Polyanthus, Paper White, 2/- dozen, 7/6, 100; Empress, 2/6 dozen, 17/6, 100; Golden Spur, 3/6 dozen, 25/- 100; Sir Watkin, 2/- dozen, 13/6 100; Barri Conspicuus, 1/6 dozen, 10/6 100. Trumpet Daffodils and Narcissus mixed, 1/6 dozen, 10/6 100.

MACKEY'S Hyacinths, First size Bulbs for Pots, 100 Bowls, and Glasses, 75/- Second size for Pots and Bowls, 3/6 dozen; All colours mixed, 2/6 dozen, 17/- 100; Tulips, Mackey's Darwin and Cottage, 1/6 dozen, 10/6 per 100; Darwin, Clara Butt Salmon Rose, 2/- dozen, 15/6 100; Double, Murillo Picture, 2/- dozen, 15/6 100; Crocus, striped, white and blue, 6d. dozen, 3/6 100; Lilium Candidum (Madonna Lily), 6d. each, 8/- dozen.

MACKEY, Sir James W., Ltd., The Premier Seed Establishment, 23 Upper Sackville st., Dublin. 12 16

BIRDS, POULTRY, FISH, DAIRY, &c.

ALBUMEN Meal, Dry Mash or Soft Food, 30/- cwt.; Special Grain, 27/- cwt.—Ranelagh Mills, Ranelagh. 12 8

A1 FEEDING Meal, 20/- cwt.; free sample will convince you of its merits.—Ranelagh Mills, Ranelagh. 12 8

A1 Wellington quit, Dublin. 12 12

A1 OYSTERS in Shell, R.R. and W. Wyndham Flights, most luring, 12/- to 25/- each; delivered in Dublin.—Z 714, Poultry, this office. X

ANY Quantity Fat Hens wanted; 5/- each given.—Sharkey, 2 Sussex road. X

AMERICAN Rouen Turkeys, 1920 Cockerels and Pullets; also 1919 Cock; magnificent birds.—Miss Smith, Shannonvale Park, Shankill, Co. Dublin.

BUFF Orpington Pullets March, 20/-, or would exchange for Light Sussex Pullets; cross bred Pullets May, 12/-.—Z 737, Pullets, this office.

BIRDS suitable for Show—Cockerels, Wyandotte, Mrs. Black Minorcas, Hunter's; from 15/- each.—Follis, 92 Rosemount Park.

CANARIES, Love Birds, Parrots, Birdlime, Finch Nets, Bird Cages, Seeds, Drinkers—Keegan, Upper Ormond quay.

COCKERELS—Anconas, April, 10/6; Light Sussex (Marks), 12/-.—Z 705, Cockerels, this office.

CANARIES, Yorkshires, some strain as winners, quality and song; inspection invited. Smith, Oulton, Co. Dublin, Barrien avenue, North Strand, Dublin.

CAGE Birds—Prime bird Yorkshire, 25/- and 30/- each.—Turner, Innisfail, Rostrevor.

DUCKS, Runner by Aylesbury, 7/6; Runner Drakes, Taylor's, highest pedigree, 20/.—Fairyhill, Blackrock.

FOR Sale, 50 large Geese and 30 large Turkeys. Apply Greenmount House, Sandyford, Co. Dublin. 12 12

FOR Sale, young Hens, pure bred, near laying.—4 Argyle road, Donnybrook.

FOR Sale, few W. Orpingtons, R.I.R. Pullets, pure bred, March hatched, 10/- each.—E. O 3442, Irish Times office, Rathmines.

INDIAN Runner Ducks, two White, and varnished White Drake Taylor's direct, all 1920. Apply Winfield, Sandymount avenue, Ballsbridge.

LIGHT Sussex Cockerels and Pullets, prize winners, last entered abandoned Dublin show, Hedges Crawley strain; also Dorkings and Ducks.—Franks, Drumahoe, Malone.

MY Hens laid double the eggs while getting Ovelle Spice," writes Miss Sullivan, Rathmore, Kerry. Send 4d. for 3 1/2 lbs. 1/6, 7 lbs. 2/6; best egg producer known.—M. O'Connor, Lower Dorset st., Dublin.

POULTRY Food Biscuit Waste, 20/- per cwt. bag.—Dublin Co., Ltd., Bishop st., Dublin.

TWO March, 1920, Pullets, 5 1919 Hens, laying, 4/- each; free; removing.—Z 773, Poultry, this office.

WANTED to Rear 10 dozen Aylesbury or Buff Duckling; must be good strain and from pure bred specified Sussex or R.I.R. Eggs; For Sale Rabbits, Flemish, nothing extra.—Z 776, Rabbits, this office.

WANTED, 3 or 4 Pullets, hatched March, 1920; good laying strain.—Mrs. Crowe, "Wrenn," Terenure road, Rathmines. 12 16

WANTED, young Indian Runner Ducks.—4 St. James' terrace, Clonskeagh.

2 PEACH, Males for Sale.—7 Emmet st., Glenageary, Dunleary, Co. Dublin.

51 direct, two Cockerels; all pure bred; cheap

FURNITURE, MUSIC, PIANOS, &C.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

ANY Furniture, Contents of Houses Bought.—Wren, 2 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

A1 Furniture, Beds, and Carpets. 12 8

A BEAUTIFUL 7-Foot Inlaid Mahogany Drawingroom Suite, also Sideboard (Mahogany) and Overmantel, first reasonable offer accepted.—Lee, 15 Charlemont st. X

A Upright Piano Wanted immediately; state price and make.—E. 6, Morgan's Arcade, Dame st. 26 17

BEARS and Copper Curbs, Screens, Oval Rugs, absolute bargains.—Carroll's, Bachelor's Walk. 12 8

BARGAINS—Bedroom Suites, 16 Gns., £25, £30 10/-.—Carroll's, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 12 8

BEDROOM Suites, Wooden Bed and Oak Hallstand, cheap.—Bennett, 3 Charlemont st. X

BEAUTIFUL Upright Iron Frame Piano for Sale, £45.—Shanard, 17 Clanbrassil st. T

CHESTERFIELD Settee, £10 17/6, £13 15/-, and £16 £43 10/-; Overstuffed Couches and Settees, Bargains Walk. 12 8

CARPET Bargains—Axminster, Tapestry, and Square in variety.—Carroll's, Bachelor's Walk. 12 8

COAL Cabinets, on 6 rubber wheels, capacity about 1/2 ton, strong.—Christie's, 150-151 Capel st., Dublin. Phone 4085. X

CHESTERFIELD, £12; White Bedroom Suite, £14; 4 Dining Chairs, £3 10/-; Study Chair, £3, etc.—Percy, 3 Donnybrook. 12 16

DRESSER, Overmantel, Fair Grandclock, Sideboard, Top Desk, Bookcase for Disposal.—Q 1696, this office. X

EXCHANGE Modern Mirror Back Sideboard for Antique; or other pieces.—Q 1862, this office. X

FOR Sale, Square Piano, Broadwood.—Q 1614, this office. X

FEW Pieces good Antique Furniture, Roll Top Desk for Disposal.—Q 1858, this office. X

GRAMOPHONE Records Exchanged, 4d. each.—Gramophone Stores, Johnston's Court, Grafton st., Dublin.

GRAMOPHONE, Cabinets, and Records, £18; Opal, for Sale, £12.—Q 1753, this office. X

WANTED, Piano by good maker; state price, full particulars.—Q 1854, this office. X

DRESS, BOOTS, ETC.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, Aston's quay; highest prices Ladies' Gents', Children's Left Off Clothes, Jewellery, Antiques, Furniture, Carpets, Bric-a-brac.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 55 Aungier st., gives highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection.

A Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 15 Aungier st. T

BOOTS for Sale, Clothes—Highest Prices for Ladies' Gents', Children's Clothes, Bedding, etc.; distance no objection.—Mrs. Carey, 5 Charlemont st., and 42 Aungier st.

A DVERTISER, having large connection, would undertake Sale of Ladies' and Gents' Left Off Clothing; small commission; highest references.—Q 1899, this office. X

BLACK Velour Hat for Sale, finest quality, as new; £2 or nearest offer.—Z 711, this office. X

BEST Brick Velour Coat, made for collar; cost 22 guineas; nearly new; a bargain.—Q 1945, this office. X

CHILDREN'S Jumpers, Hand Knitted 2 to 10 years; terms moderate.—Z 755, Jumpers, this office. X

DON'T hesitate, and have your Old Suits and Overcoats Turned and Renovated, and make them equal to New; Suits, £2 2/6, Overcoats, £2 10.—S. Brown, 43 South William street. Phone 4084.

DARK Grey Frieze Overcoat, lined, cost £14 10/-; worn few times; £10, or nearest; suit tall gentleman.—Z 11, this office.

DRESS, Gold Lace Jumper for Sale; small figure; bargain.—Q 1904, this office. X

FRENCH Dressmaking, Tailoring, Designing—Madame Kelly, 16 Nassau st., Dressmakers' Materials Made Up, Gowns Remodelled, also Turk. T

FUR Coat, 50 inch Length, 1/2 yard; 1/2 yard Fur Necklet, 10/6; also Ladies' Fur Coats, at great reductions in price.—Railway Fur Property, 55 Lower Sackville st., Dublin.

FOR Sale, Black Japanese Fur Fox, cut lined and in good condition; Yellow Tweed Costume, Black Cloth (lubadrine Coat and Skirt; no dealers.—Q 1939, this office. X

FOR Sale, Furs, large Sable Stole, £25; smaller ditto, £15; also very fine Sable Muff, £15; Grey Stole Wolverine, splendid condition, £20.—Furs, Walton's, 3 Parliament st.

FOR Sale, Gent's Brown Tweed Overcoat, small size, lined throughout; £3 10s. no dealers.—E. O 541, Irish Times office, Rathmines.

FOR Sale, Rose Pointer Shawl, £3, bargain.—Q 1989, this office.

GENT'S Silk Hat in Case for Sale, size 6½; what offers?—Z 812, Hat, this office.

GENT'S Suit, Black Japanese Fur, fur lined and in good condition; Yellow Tweed Costume, Black Cloth (lubadrine Coat and Skirt; no dealers.—Q 1939, this office. X

FOR Sale, Furs, large Sable Stole, £25; smaller ditto, £15; also very fine Sable Muff, £15; Grey Stole Wolverine, splendid condition, £20.—Furs, Walton's, 3 Parliament st.

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GENT'S Suit, Black Japanese Fur, fur lined and in good condition; Yellow Tweed Costume, Black Cloth (lubadrine Coat and Skirt; no dealers.—Q 1939, this office. X

GOWNS.—An elegant selection of latest young Lady Costumes, Coats, Skirts, Blouses, Furs, Millinery, Boots, Shoes, Underclothing, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Umbrellas, Handbags, Jewellery, Trimmings, Laces, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Fancy Goods, Toilet Requisites, Perfumes, Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Cutlery, Leather Goods, Purses, Pocket Books, Cases, Travelling Requisites, Trunks, Bags, Rugs, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, Towels, Linens, Cottons, Flannels, Dress Materials, Tweeds, Serges, Velvets, Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Laces, Trimmings